



Advanced Master's Degree Senior Management in the Insurance Industry

» Modality: online

» Duration: 2 years

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Accreditation: 120 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/us/school-of-business/advanced-master-degree/advanced-master-degree-senior-management-insurance-industry

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01 **Welcome**

Senior Management in the Insurance Industry is a fundamental pillar in organizations, since it allows them to solve their problems in an optimal way and to achieve their strategic objectives effectively. For this reason, more and more organizations are looking to incorporate experts in this field into their organization charts. The goal is for them to provide innovative solutions to address the regulatory and business challenges that constantly arise in this rapidly expanding field. For this reason, TECH implements a pioneering university program that will allow professionals to adapt to market trends and use emerging technologies to their advantage. All in a convenient 100% online format, which fits the agenda of busy professionals.









tech 08 | Why Study at TECH?

At TECH Global University



Innovation

The university offers an online learning model that balances the latest educational technology with the most rigorous teaching methods. A unique method with the highest international recognition that will provide students with the keys to develop in a rapidly-evolving world, where innovation must be every entrepreneur's focus.

"Microsoft Europe Success Story", for integrating the innovative, interactive multi-video system.



The Highest Standards

Admissions criteria at TECH are not economic. Students don't need to make a large investment to study at this university. However, in order to obtain a qualification from TECH, the student's intelligence and ability will be tested to their limits. The institution's academic standards are exceptionally high...

95%

of TECH students successfully complete their studies



Networking

Professionals from countries all over the world attend TECH, allowing students to establish a large network of contacts that may prove useful to them in the future.

+100000

+200

executives prepared each year

different nationalities



Empowerment

Students will grow hand in hand with the best companies and highly regarded and influential professionals. TECH has developed strategic partnerships and a valuable network of contacts with major economic players in 7 continents.

+500

collaborative agreements with leading companies



Talent

This program is a unique initiative to allow students to showcase their talent in the business world. An opportunity that will allow them to voice their concerns and share their business vision.

After completing this program, TECH helps students show the world their talent.



Multicultural Context

While studying at TECH, students will enjoy a unique experience. Study in a multicultural context. In a program with a global vision, through which students can learn about the operating methods in different parts of the world, and gather the latest information that best adapts to their business idea.

TECH students represent more than 200 different nationalities.





Learn with the best

In the classroom, TECH's teaching staff discuss how they have achieved success in their companies, working in a real, lively, and dynamic context. Teachers who are fully committed to offering a quality specialization that will allow students to advance in their career and stand out in the business world.

Teachers representing 20 different nationalities.



At TECH, you will have access to the most rigorous and up-to-date case analyses in academia"

Why Study at TECH? | 09 tech

TECH strives for excellence and, to this end, boasts a series of characteristics that make this university unique:



Analysis

TECH explores the student's critical side, their ability to question things, their problem-solving skills, as well as their interpersonal skills.



Academic Excellence

TECH offers students the best online learning methodology. The university combines the Relearning method (postgraduate learning methodology with the best international valuation) with the Case Study. Tradition and vanguard in a difficult balance, and in the context of the most demanding educational itinerary.



Economy of Scale

TECH is the world's largest online university. It currently boasts a portfolio of more than 10,000 university postgraduate programs. And in today's new economy, **volume + technology = a ground-breaking price**. This way, TECH ensures that studying is not as expensive for students as it would be at another university.





tech 12 | Why Our Program?

This program will provide you with a multitude of professional and personal advantages, among which we highlight the following:



A Strong Boost to Your Career

By studying at TECH, students will be able to take control of their future and develop their full potential. By completing this program, students will acquire the skills required to make a positive change in their career in a short period of time.

70% of students achieve positive career development in less than 2 years.



Develop a strategic and global vision of the company

TECH offers an in-depth overview of general management to understand how each decision affects each of the company's different functional fields.

Our global vision of companies will improve your strategic vision.



Consolidate the student's senior management skills

Studying at TECH means opening the doors to a wide range of professional opportunities for students to position themselves as senior executives, with a broad vision of the international environment.

You will work on more than 100 real senior management cases.



You will take on new responsibilities

The program will cover the latest trends, advances and strategies, so that students can carry out their professional work in a changing environment.

45% of graduates are promoted internally.



Access to a powerful network of contacts

TECH connects its students to maximize opportunities. Students with the same concerns and desire to grow. Therefore, partnerships, customers or suppliers can be shared.

You will find a network of contacts that will be instrumental for professional development.



Thoroughly develop business projects.

Students will acquire a deep strategic vision that will help them develop their own project, taking into account the different fields in companies.

20% of our students develop their own business idea.



Improve soft skills and management skills

TECH helps students apply and develop the knowledge they have acquired, while improving their interpersonal skills in order to become leaders who make a difference.

Improve your communication and leadership skills and enhance your career.



You will be part of an exclusive community

Students will be part of a community of elite executives, large companies, renowned institutions, and qualified teachers from the most prestigious universities in the world: the TECH Global University community.

We give you the opportunity to study with a team of world-renowned teachers.





tech 16 | Objectives

TECH makes the goals of their students their own goals too. Working together to achieve them

The Advanced Master's Degree in Senior Management in the Insurance Industry enables students to:



Define the latest trends in business management, taking into account the globalized environment that governs senior management criteria



Develop strategies to carry out decision-making in a complex and unstable environment



Develop the key leadership skills that should define working professionals





Delve into the sustainability criteria set by international standards when developing a business plan



Encourage the creation of corporate strategies that set the script for the company to follow in order to be more competitive and achieve its own objectives



Differentiate the skills required to manage business activities strategically



Design innovative strategies and policies to improve management and business efficiency



09

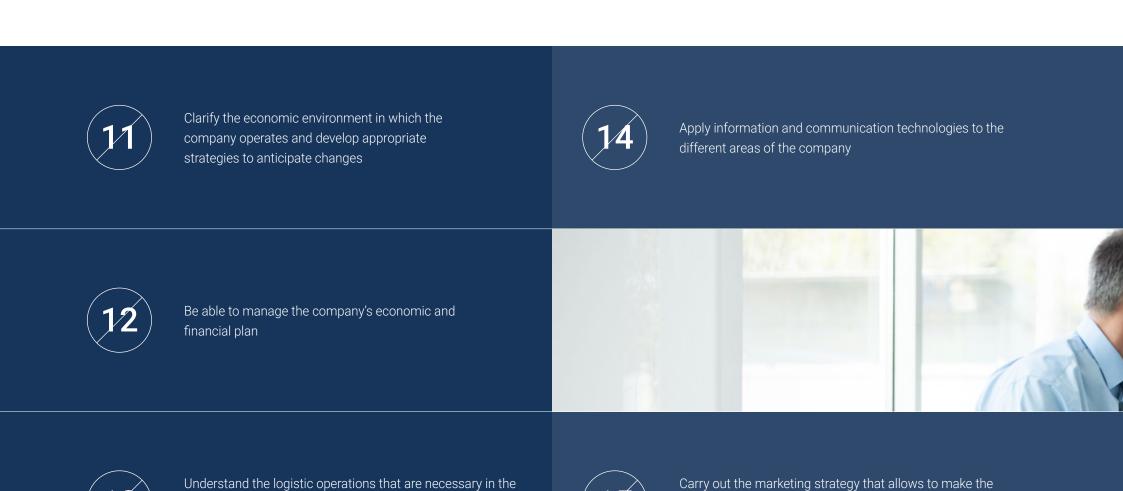
Understand the best way to manage the company's human resources, getting greater performance from employees that, in turn, increases the company's profits-



Work more effectively, more agile and more aligned with today's new technologies and tools



Acquire the communication skills that a business leader needs in order to ensure that their message is heard and understood by the members of their community



product known to potential clients and to generate an

adequate image of the company

business environment, so as to manage them appropriately



Be able to develop all the phases of a business idea: design, feasibility plan, execution, monitoring



Create innovative strategies in line with different projects



19

Establish the appropriate guidelines for the company's adaptation to the changing society



Address workload distribution mechanisms of shared resources among several projects



Propose a dynamic business model that supports its growth in intangible resources



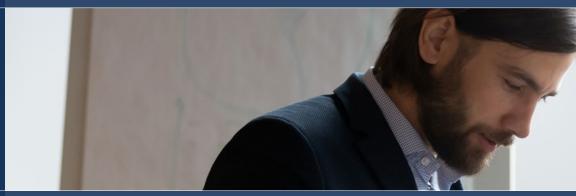
Develop specialized knowledge on the implementation and operation of foreign countries' insurers in other countries: (i) within the European Union as well as (ii) from countries outside the European Union



Delimit the framework for compliance with the insurance activity



Develop the peculiarities of the insurance contract



23

Examine the international regulatory framework of the insurance market and its recent evolutiont



Analyze the evolution of insurance



Reflecting on the insurance implications of non-sectoral regulations



Determine the interplay between consumer and insurance regulations and its consequences



29

Develop specialized knowledge of insurance and the key concepts defining the insurance activity



Assess the impact of information security on the insurance legislative framework



Determine the importance of risk as an essential element for the insurance activity



Examine the general functioning of the insurance activity and the regulations governing its activity



Analyze the global insurance market with a focus on the distribution business



Establish the relevance of risk management faced by insurance companies as a key element in the management of insurance companies



33

Identify the most immediate challenges facing risk management.



Determine what is considered insurance distribution at both the European and international level



Identify the main players involved in the distribution business



Develop the key aspects of the regulatory compliance function



39

Identify international compliance standards



Examining the importance of consumer protection measures



Specify the interrelationships between the compliance function and the rest of the organization



Skills This university program will provide experts with a wide range of competencies that will enable them to successfully address any challenge that may arise during the development of their professional activities in the insurance industry. In line with this, graduates will acquire the skills to effectively manage the financial resources of organizations (including reporting, budget planning and capital management). In addition, they will be characterized by having a strategic vision for companies, being able to lead teams and make decisions aimed at achieving business objectives.





Resolve business conflicts and problems between workers



Exercise economic and financial control of a company



Apply Lean management methodologies

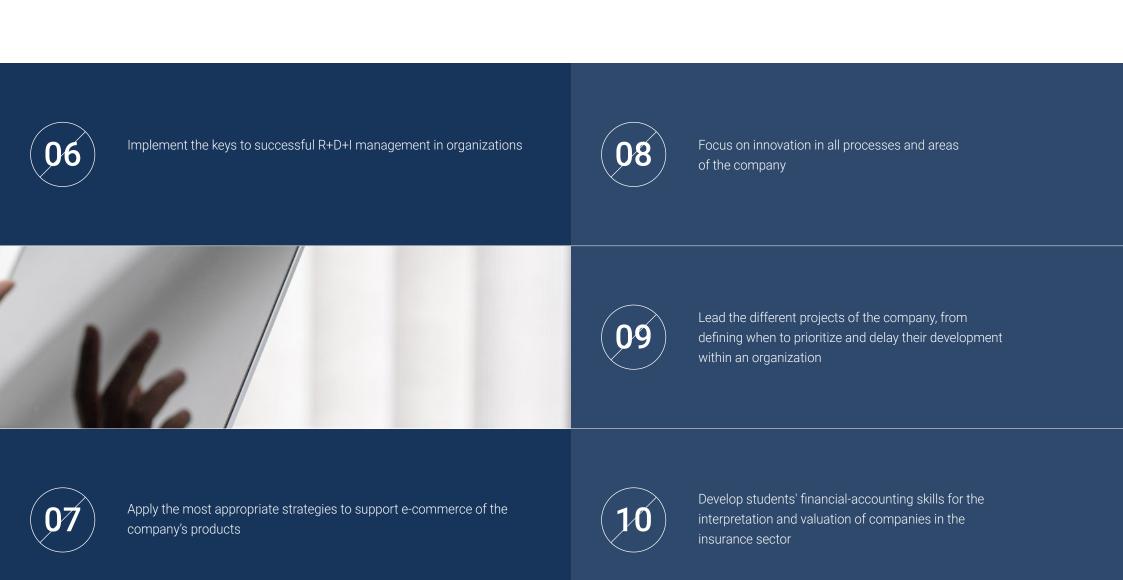


03

Correctly manage teams to improve productivity and, therefore, the company's profits



Manage tools and methods for the manipulation and better utilization of data, for the delivery of understandable results to the final recipient





Identify different methodologies for risk measurement and management



Provide a rationale for monitoring the process and interaction with data, the availability and sufficiency of data and control processes, based on current regulations and the opinion and standards of international institutions



Measure and manage the risks faced by an insurance company on a day-to-day basis



13

Examine the importance of understanding the governance system to ensure prudent management of the insurance business



Develop specialized knowledge about the areas concerned such as Accounting, Financial, Technical-Actuarial, IT, obtaining a multidisciplinary and global character, which includes the tasks, limits and basic responsibilities related to these areas



Examine the general information obligations in the marketing of insurance products



Identify potential risks that may arise during the commercialization process



19

Understand the product life cycle and its governance



Provide knowledge in the transmission of information, as well as in the development of appropriate and truthful advertising



Develop specialized knowledge on Corporate Income Tax (IT) for the insurance sector derived from a sectorial adaptation of the PGC and analyze the fundamental items to optimize and monetize the taxation of an insurance company



Determine the hot topics to review and plan the direct taxation of profits generated by insurance companies, both with national and international presence



Determine the peculiarities of the compliance function in the regulated sectors



Review the role of the compliance officer



23

Assess current trends in compliance

25

Compile the main subjects that should not be missing in a compliance program



Develop students' financial-accounting skills for the interpretation and valuation of companies in the insurance sector



Develop specialized knowledge about the areas concerned such as Accounting, Financial, Technical-Actuarial, IT, obtaining a multidisciplinary and global character, which includes the tasks, limits and basic responsibilities related to these areas



29

Provide knowledge in the transmission of information, as well as in the development of appropriate and truthful advertising

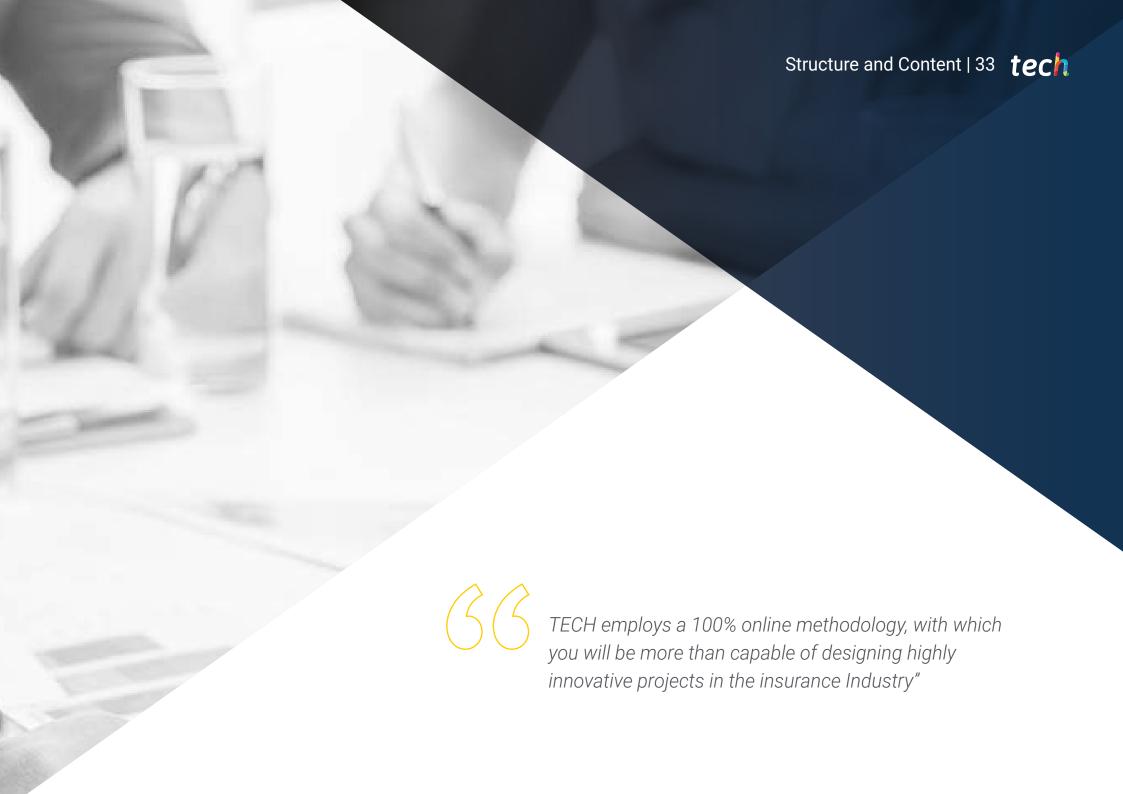


Measure and manage the risks faced by an insurance company on a day-to-day basis



Identify potential risks that may arise during the commercialization process





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Syllabus

The Advanced Master's Degree in Senior Management in the Insurance Industry TECH Global University is an intensive program that prepares students to face challenges and business decisions internationally. Its content is designed to promote the development of managerial skills that enable more rigorous decisionmaking in uncertain environments.

Throughout 3,600 hours of study, students will analyze a multitude of practical cases through individual work, achieving high quality learning that can be applied to their daily practice. It is, therefore, an authentic immersion in real business situations.

This program deals in depth with the main areas of the the insurance industry and is designed for managers to understand business management from a strategic, international and innovative perspective.

A plan designed for students, focused on their professional improvement and preparing them to achieve excellence in the field of insurance company management. A program that understands your needs and those of your company through innovative content based on the latest trends, and supported by the best educational methodology and an exceptional faculty, which will provide you with the competencies to solve critical situations in a creative and efficient way.

This program is developed over 2 years and is divided into 20 modules:

Module 1	Leadership, Ethics and Social Responsibility in Companies				
Module 2	Strategic Managementand Executive Management				
Module 3	People and Talent Management				
Module 4	Economic and Financial Management				
Module 5	Operations and Logistics Management				
Module 6	Information Systems Management				
Module 7	Commercial Management, Strategic Marketing and Corporate Communications				
Module 8	Market Research, Advertising and Commercial Management				
Module 9	Innovation and Project Management				
Module 10	Executive Management				

Module 11	Insurance as a Regulated Activity at the International Level
Module 12	Legal Aspects of Insurance. International Context
Module 13	Insurance and Risk
Module 14	Insurance Distribution
Module 15	Regulatory Compliance and International Corporate Governance
Module 16	Composition of the Economic Balance Sheet under Solvency II Regulations
Module 17	Solvency II: the Prudent Management of the Insurance Activity
Module 18	Conduct Risk and Supervision in the Insurance Industry
Module 19	Taxation in the Insurance Industry. Direct Taxes
Module 20	Taxation in the Insurance Industry. Indirect Taxes

Where, When and How is it Taught?

TECH offers the possibility of developing this Advanced Master's Degree in Senior Management in the Insurance Industry completely online. During the 2 years of the program, students will be able to access all the contents in this program at any time, which will allow them to manage their own study time.

A unique, key, and decisive educational experience to boost your professional development and make the definitive leap.

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Mod	Module 1. Leadership, Ethics and Social Responsibility in Companies									
1.1. 1.1.1. 1.1.2. 1.1.3.	Globalization and Governance Governance and Corporate Governance The Fundamentals of Corporate Governance in Companies The Role of the Board of Directors in the Corporate Governance Framework	1.2. 1.2.1. 1.2.2. 1.2.3.	Leadership Leadership A Conceptual Approach Leadership in Companies The Importance of Leaders in Business Management	1.3. 1.3.1. 1.3.2. 1.3.3.	of National Cultures	1.4.1. 1.4.2. 1.4.3. 1.4.4. 1.4.5. 1.4.6.	Management and Leadership Development Concept of Management Development Concept of Leadership Leadership Theories Leadership Styles Intelligence in Leadership The Challenges of Today's Leader			
1.5. 1.5.1. 1.5.2. 1.5.3.	Business Ethics Ethics and Morality Business Ethics Leadership and Ethics in Companies	1.6. 1.6.1. 1.6.2. 1.6.3.	Sustainability Sustainability and Sustainable Development The 2030 Agenda Sustainable Companies	1.7. 1.7.1. 1.7.2. 1.7.3.	Corporate Social Responsibility International Dimensions of Corporate Social Responsibility Implementing Corporate Social Responsibility The Impact and Measurement of Corporate Social Responsibility	1.8.3.	Responsible Management Systems and Tools CSR: Corporate Social Responsibility Essential Aspects for Implementing a Responsible Management Strategy Steps for the Implementation of a Corporate Social Responsibility Management System CSR Tools and Standards			
1.9.	Multinationals and Human Rights	1.10.	Legal Environment and Corporate Governance							
1.9.1. 1.9.2. 1.9.3.	Globalization, Multinational Companies and Human Rights Multinational Companies vs. International Law Legal Instruments for Multinationals in the Area of Human Rights	1.10.2	. International Rules on Importation and Exportation . Intellectual and Industrial Property . International Labor Law							

 2.1. Organizational Analysis and Design 2.1.1. Conceptual Framework 2.1.2. Key Elements in Organizational Design 2.1.3. Basic Organizational Models 2.1.4. Organizational Design: Typologies 	2.2. Corporate Strategy2.2.1. Competitive Corporate Strategy2.2.2. Types of Growth Strategies2.2.3. Conceptual Framework	 2.3. Strategic Planning and Strategy Formulation 2.3.1. Conceptual Framework 2.3.2. Elements of Strategic Planning 2.3.3. Strategy Formulation: Strategic Planning Process 	2.4. Strategic Thinking2.4.1. The Company as a System2.4.2. Organization Concept
 2.5. Financial Diagnosis 2.5.1. Concept of Financial Diagnosis 2.5.2. Stages of Financial Diagnosis 2.5.3. Assessment Methods for Financial Diagnosis 	2.6. Planning and Strategy2.6.1. The Plan from a Strategy2.6.2. Strategic Positioning2.6.3. Strategy in Companies	 2.7. Strategy Models and Patterns 2.7.1. Conceptual Framework 2.7.2. Strategic Models 2.7.3. Strategic Patterns: The Five P's of Strategy 	 2.8. Competitive Strategy 2.8.1. The Competitive Advantage 2.8.2. Choosing a Competitive Strategy 2.8.3. Strategies Based on the Strategic Clock Model 2.8.4. Types of Strategies According to the Industrial Sector Life Cycle
2.9. Strategic Management 2.9.1. The Concept of Strategy 2.9.2. The Process of Strategic Management 2.9.3. Approaches in Strategic Management	2.10. Strategy Implementation 2.10.1. Indicator Systems and Process Approach 2.10.2. Strategic Map 2.10.3. Strategic Alignment	2.11. Executive Management 2.11.1. Conceptual Framework of Executive Management 2.11.2. Executive Management The Role of the Board of Directors and Corporate Management Tools	2.12. Strategic Communication 2.12.1. Interpersonal Communication 2.12.2. Communication Skills and Influence 2.12.3. Internal Communication 2.12.4. Barriers to Business Communication

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Module 3. People and Talent Management			
 3.1. Organizational Behavior 3.1.1. Organizational Behavior	 3.2. People in Organizations 3.2.1. Quality of Work Life and Psychological Well-Being 3.2.2. Work Teams and Meeting Management 3.2.3. Coaching and Team Management 3.2.4. Managing Equality and Diversity 	3.3. Strategic People Management3.3.1. Strategic Human Resources Management3.3.2. Strategic People Management	 3.4. Evolution of Resources
 3.5. Selection, Group Dynamics and HR Recruitment 3.5.1. Approach to Recruitment and Selection 3.5.2. Recruitment. 3.5.3. The Selection Process 	 3.6. Human Resources Management by Competencies 3.6.1. Analysis of the Potential 3.6.2. Remuneration Policy 3.6.3. Career/Succession Planning 	 3.7. Performance Evaluation and Compliance Management 3.7.1. Performance Management 3.7.2. Performance Management: Objectives and Process 	3.8. Training Management3.8.1. Learning Theories3.8.2. Talent Detection and Retention3.8.3. Gamification and Talent Management3.8.4. Training and Professional Obsolescence
 3.9. Talent Management 3.9.1. Keys for Positive Management 3.9.2. Conceptual Origin of Talent and its Implication in the Company 3.9.3. Map of Talent in the Organization 3.9.4. Cost and Added Value 	 3.10. Innovation in Talent and People Management 3.10.1. Strategic Talent Management Models 3.10.2. Identification, Training and Development of Talent 3.10.3. Loyalty and Retention 3.10.4. Proactivity and Innovation 	3.11. Motivation 3.11.1. The Nature of Motivation 3.11.2. Expectations Theory 3.11.3. Needs Theory 3.11.4. Motivation and Financial Compensation	3.12. Employer Branding 3.12.1. Employer Branding in HR 3.12.2. Personal Branding for HR Professionals
 3.13. Developing High Performance Teams 3.13.1. High Performance Teams: Self-Managed Teams 3.13.2. Methodologies for the Management of High Performance Self-Managed Teams 	3.14.1 What are Manager Competencies? 3.14.2 Elements of Competencies 3.14.3 Knowledge 3.14.4 Management Skills 3.14.5 Attitudes and Values in Managers 3.14.6 Managerial Skills	3.15. Time Management 3.15.1. Benefits 3.15.2. What Can be the Causes of Poor Time Management? 3.15.3. Time 3.15.4. Time Illusions 3.15.5. Attention and Memory 3.15.6. State of Mind 3.15.7. Time Management 3.15.8. Being Proactive 3.15.9. Be Clear About the Objective 3.15.10. Order 3.15.11. Planning	3.16. Change Management 3.16.1. Change Management 3.16.2. Type of Change Management Processes 3.16.3. Stages or Phases in the Change Management Process

3.20. Productivity, Attraction, Retention and Activation of Talent

3.20.2. Talent Attraction and Retention Levers

3.20.1. Productivity

the of the State

3.21. Monetary Compensation Vs. Non-Cash 3.21.1. Monetary Compensation Vs. Non-Cash 3.21.2. Wage Band Models 3.21.3. Non-cash Compensation Models 3.21.4. Working Model 3.21.5. Corporate Community 3.21.6. Company Image 3.21.7. Emotional Salary	 3.22. Innovation in Talent and People Management II 3.22.1. Innovation in Organizations 3.22.2. New Challenges in the Human Resources Department 3.22.3. Innovation Management 3.22.4. Tools for Innovation 	3.23. Knowledge and Talent Management 3.23.1. Knowledge and Talent Management 3.23.2. Knowledge Management Implementation	 3.24. Transforming Human Resources in the Digital Era 3.24.1. The Socioeconomic Context 3.24.2. New Forms of Corporate Organization 3.24.3. New Methodologies
Module 4. Economic and Financial Mana 4.1. Economic Environment 4.1.1. Macroeconomic Environment and the National Financial System 4.1.2. Financial Institutions 4.1.3. Financial Markets 4.1.4. Financial Assets	4.2. Company Financing 4.2.1. Sources of Financing 4.2.2. Types of Financing Costs	4.3. Executive Accounting 4.3.1. Basic Concepts 4.3.2. The Company's Assets 4.3.3. The Company's Liabilities 4.3.4. The Company's Net Worth 4.3.5. The Income Statement	 4.4. From General Accounting to Cost Accounting 4.4.1. Elements of Cost Calculation 4.4.2. Expenses in General Accounting and Cost Accounting 4.4.3. Costs Classification
 4.1.5. Other Financial Sector Entities 4.5. Information Systems and Business Intelligence 4.5.1. Fundamentals and Classification 4.5.2. Cost Allocation Phases and Methods 4.5.3. Choice of Cost Center and Impact 	4.6. Budget and Management Control 4.6.1. The Budget Model 4.6.2. The Capital Budget 4.6.3. The Operating Budget 4.6.5. Treasury Budget	 4.7. Treasury Management 4.7.1. Accounting Working Capital and Necessary Working Capital 4.7.2. Calculation of Operating Requirements of Funds 	4.8. Corporate Tax Responsibility 4.8.1. Basic Tax Concepts 4.8.2. Corporate Income Tax 4.8.3. Value Added Tax 4.8.4. Other Taxes Related to Commercial

3.19. Human Resources Management

3.19.1. Management of Human Resources and

3.19.2. Prevention of Occupational Hazards

and PRL Teams

3.18. Executive Communication

Corporate Environment

3.18.1. Internal and External Communication in the

3.18.2. Communication Departments
3.18.3. The Person in Charge of Communication
of the Company The Profile of the Dircom

3.17. Negotiation and Conflict

Management

3.17.1 Negotiation 3.17.2 Conflicts Management

3.17.3 Crisis Management

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4.9. Systems of Control 4.10. Financial Management 4.11. Financial Planning 4.12. Corporate Financial Strategy of Enterprises 4.10.1. The Company's Financial Decisions 4.11.1. Definition of Financial Planning 4.12.1. Corporate Strategy and Sources of Financing 4.10.2. Financial Department 4.11.2. Actions to be Taken 4.9.1. Analysis of Financial Statements 4.12.2. Financial Products for Corporate Financing 4.10.3. Cash Surpluses in Financial Planning 4.9.2. The Company's Balance Sheet 4.10.4. Risks Associated with Financial 4.11.3. Creation and Establishment 4.9.3. The Profit and Loss Statement Management of the Business Strategy 4.9.4. The Statement of Cash Flows 4.10.5. Financial Administration Risk Management 4.11.4. The Cash Flow Table 4.9.5. Ratio Analysis 4.11.5. The Working Capital Table 4.13. Macroeconomic Context 4.14. Strategic Financing 4.15. Money and Capital Markets 4.16. Financial Analysis and Planning 4.13.1. Macroeconomic Context 4.14.1. Self-Financing 4.15.1. The Money Market 4.16.1. Analysis of the Balance Sheet 4.13.2. Relevant Economic Indicators 4.14.2. Increase in Equity 4.15.2. The Fixed Income Market 4.16.2. Analysis of the Income Statement 4.16.3. Profitability Analysis 4.13.3. Mechanisms for Monitoring 4.14.3. Hybrid Resources 4.15.3. The Equity Market 4.15.4. The Foreign Exchange Market of Macroeconomic Magnitudes 4.14.4. Financing Through Intermediaries 4.13.4. Economic Cycles 4.15.5. The Derivatives Market 4.17. Analysis and Resolution of Cases/Problems 4.17.1. Financial Information on Industria de Diseño v Textil, S.A. (INDITEX)

Module 5. Operations and Logistics Management 5.1. Operations Direction and 5.2. Industrial Organization and 5.3. Structure and Types of Production 5.4. Structure and Types of Management Logistics (MTS, MTO, ATO, ETO, etc) Procurement 5.1.1. The Role of Operations 5.2.1. Industrial Organization Department 5.3.1. Production System 5.4.1. Function of Procurement 5.1.2. The Impact of Operations on the 5.2.2. Logistics Department 5.3.2. Production Strategy 5.4.2. Procurement Management Management of Companies. 5.3.3. Inventory Management System 5.4.3. Types of Purchases 5.1.3. Introduction to Operations Strategy 5.3.4. Production Indicators 5.4.4. Efficient Purchasing Management of a 5.1.4. Operations Management Company 5.4.5. Stages of the Purchase Decision Process 5.6. Warehouse Operations Control 5.7. Strategic Purchasing Management 5.5. Economic Control of Purchasing 5.8. Typologies of the Supply Chain (SCM) 5.5.1. Economic Influence of Purchases 5.6.1. Inventory Control 5.7.1. Business Strategy 5.5.2. Cost Centers 5.6.2. Location Systems Strategic Planning 5.8.1. Supply Chain 5.5.3. Budget 5.6.3. Stock Management Techniques 5.7.3. Purchasing Strategies 5.8.2. Benefits of Supply Chain Management 5.5.4. Budgeting vs. Actual Expenditure 5.6.4. Storage Systems 5.8.3. Logistical Management in the Supply Chain 5.5.5. Budgetary Control Tools

 5.9. Supply Chain Management 5.9.1. The Concept of Management of the Supply Chain (SCM) 5.9.2. Supply Chain Costs and Efficiency 5.9.3. Demand Patterns 5.9.4. Operations Strategy and Change 	 5.10. Interactions Between the SCM and All Other Departments 5.10.1. Interaction of the Supply Chain 5.10.2. Interaction of the Supply Chain. Integration by Parts 5.10.3. Supply Chain Integration Problems 5.10.4. Supply Chain 	5.11. Logistics Costs 5.11.1. Logistics Costs 5.11.2. Problems with Logistics Costs 5.11.3. Optimizing Logistic Costs	 5.12. Profitability and Efficiency of Logistics Chains: KPIS 5.12.1. Logistics Chain 5.12.2. Profitability and Efficiency of the Logistics Chain 5.12.3. Indicators of Profitability and Efficiency of the Supply Chain
5.13. Process Management 5.13.1. Process Management 5.13.2. Process-Based Approach: Process Mapping 5.13.3. Improvements in Process Management	 5.14. Distribution and Transportation and Logistics 5.14.1. Distribution in the Supply Chain 5.14.2. Transportation Logistics 5.14.3. Geographic Information Systems as a Support to Logistics 	 5.15. Logistics and Customers 5.15.1. Demand Analysis 5.15.2. Demand and Sales Forecast 5.15.3. Sales and Operations Planning 5.15.4. Participatory Planning, Forecasting and and Replenishment Planning (CPFR) 	5.16. International Logistics5.16.1. Export and Import Processes5.16.2. Customs5.16.3. Methods and Means of International Payment5.16.4. International Logistics Platforms
5.17. Outsourcing of Operations 5.17.1. Operations Management and Outsourcing	5.18. Competitiveness in Operations 5.18.1. Operations Management	5.19. Quality Management 5.19.1. Internal and External Customers	
5.17.2. Outsourcing Implementation in Logistics Environments	5.18.2. Operational Competitiveness 5.18.3. Operations Strategy and Competitive Advantages	5.19.2. Quality Costs 5.19.3. Ongoing Improvement and the Deming Philosophy	

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Mod	dule 6. Information Systems Manageme	nt					
6.1. 6.1.1. 6.1.2. 6.1.3.		6.2.1. 6.2.2. 6.2.3.	Technologies in the Enterprise The Evolution of the IT Model Organization and IT Departments	6.3.1.	Corporate Strategy and Technology Strategy Creating Value for Customers and Shareholders Strategic IS/IT Decisions Corporate Strategy Vs. Technology and Digital Strategy	6.4.1. 6.4.2.	Information Systems Management Corporate Governance of Technology and Information Systems Management of Information Systems in Companies Expert Managers in Information Systems: Roles and Functions
6.5.1. 6.5.2.	Information Technology Strategic Planning Information Systems and Corporate Strategy Strategic Planning of Information Systems Phases of Information Systems Strategic Planning	6.6. 6.6.1. 6.6.2. 6.6.3.	Information Systems for Decision-Making Business Intelligence Data Warehouse BSC or Balanced Scorecard	6.7.2. 6.7.3. 6.7.4.	Exploring the Information SQL: Relational Databases. Basic Concepts Networks and Communications Operational System: Standardized Data Models Strategic System: OLAP, Multidimensional Model and Graphical Dashboards Strategic DB Analysis and Report Composition	6.8.2. 6.8.3. 6.8.4. 6.8.5.	Enterprise Business Intelligence The World of Data Relevant Concepts Main Characteristics Solutions in Today's Market Overall Architecture of a BI Solution Cybersecurity in BI and Data Science
6.9.2. 6.9.3.	New Business Concept Why BI Obtaining Information BI in the Different Departments of the Company Reasons to Invest in BI	6.10.1 6.10.2 6.10.3	BI Tools and Solutions . How to Choose the Best Tool? . Microsoft Power BI, MicroStrategy and Tableau . SAP BI, SAS BI and Qlikview . Prometheus	6.11.1. 6.11.2.	BI Project Planning and Management First Steps to Define a BI Project BI Solution for the Company Requirements and Objectives	6.12.1. 6.12.2.	Corporate Management Applications Information Systems and Corporate Management Applications for Corporate Management Enterprise Resource Planning or ERP Systems
6.13. ²	Digital Transformation Conceptual Framework of Digital Transformation Digital Transformation; Key Elements, Benefits and Drawbacks Digital Transformation in Companies	6.14.1	Technology and Trends Main Trends in the Field of Technology that are Changing Business Models Analysis of the Main Emerging Technologies	6.15.1. 6.15.2.	IT Outsourcing Conceptual Framework of Outsourcing IT Outsourcing and its Impact on the Business Keys to Implement Corporate IT Outsourcing Projects		

1 Commercial Management	7.0 Marketing	7.2 Ctratagia Markating Managara	7.4 Digital Marketing and Commercia
 1.1. Commercial Management 1.1. Conceptual Framework of Commercial Management 1.2. Business Strategy and Planning 1.3. The Role of Sales Managers 	7.2. Marketing7.2.1. The Concept of Marketing7.2.2. Basic Elements of Marketing7.2.3. Marketing Activities of the Company	 7.3.1. The Concept of Strategic Marketing 7.3.2. Concept of Strategic Marketing Planning 7.3.3. Stages in the Process of Strategic Marketing Planning 	 7.4. Digital Marketing and E-Commerce 7.4.1. Digital Marketing and E-Commerce Objectives 7.4.2. Digital Marketing and Media Used 7.4.3. E-Commerce General Context 7.4.4. Categories of E-Commerce 7.4.5. Advantages and Disadvantages of E-Commerce Versus Traditional Commerce.
 .5. Managing Digital Business .5.1. Competitive Strategy in the Face of the Growing Digitalization of the Media .5.2. Design and Creation of a Digital Marketing Plan .5.3. ROI Analysis in a Digital Marketing Plan 	 7.6. Digital Marketing to Reinforce the Brand 7.6.1. Online Strategies to Improve Your Brand's Reputation 7.6.2. Branded Content and Storytelling 	7.7. Digital Marketing Strategy7.7.1. Defining the Digital Marketing Strategy7.7.2. Digital Marketing Strategy Tools	 7.8. Digital Marketing to Attract and Retain Customers 7.8.1. Loyalty and Engagement Strategies Through the Internet 7.8.2. Visitor Relationship Management 7.8.3. Hypersegmentation
7.9. Managing Digital Campaigns 9.1. What is a Digital Advertising Campaign? 9.2. Steps to Launch an Online Marketing Campaign 9.3. Mistakes in Digital Advertising Campaigns	7.10. Online Marketing Plan 7.10.1. What is an Online Marketing Plan? 7.10.2. Steps to Create an Online Marketing Plan 7.10.3. Advantages of Having an Online Marketing Plan	 7.11. Blended Marketing 7.11.1. What is Blended Marketing? 7.11.2. Differences Between Online and Offline Marketing 7.11.3. Aspects to be Taken into Account in the Blended Marketing Strategy 7.11.4. Characteristics of a Blended Marketing Strategy 7.11.5. Recommendations in Blended Marketing 7.11.6. Benefits of Blended Marketing 	7.12. Sales Strategy 7.12.1. Sales Strategy 7.12.2. Sales Methods
7.13. Corporate Communication 1.13.1. Concept 1.13.2. The Importance of Communication in the Organization 1.13.3. Type of Communication in the Organization 1.13.4. Functions of Communication in the Organization 1.13.5. Elements of Communication 1.13.6. Communication Problems 1.13.7. Communication Scenarios	7.14. Corporate Communication Strategy 7.14.1. Motivational Programs, Social Action, Participation and Training with HR 7.14.2. Internal Communication Tools and Supports 7.14.3. Internal Communication Plan	 7.15. Digital Communication and Reputation 7.15.1. Online Reputation 7.15.2. How to Measure Digital Reputation? 7.15.3. Online Reputation Tools 7.15.4. Online Reputation Report 7.15.5. Online Branding 	

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Module 8. Market Research, Advertising an	d Commercial Management		
 8.1. Market Research 8.1.1. Marketing Research: Historical Origin 8.1.2. Analysis and Evolution of the Conceptual Framework of Marketing Research 8.1.3. Key Elements and Value Contribution of Market Research 	 8.2. Quantitative Research Methods and Techniques 8.2.1. Sample Size 8.2.2. Sampling 8.2.3. Types of Quantitative Techniques 	 8.3. Qualitative Research Methods and Techniques 8.3.1. Types of Qualitative Research 8.3.2. Qualitative Research Techniques 	 8.4.1 Market Segmentation 8.4.2 Utility and Segmentation Requirements 8.4.3 Consumer Market Segmentation 8.4.4 Industrial Market Segmentation 8.4.5 Segmentation Strategies 8.4.6 Segmentation Based on Marketing - Mix Criteria 8.4.7 Market Segmentation Methodology
 8.5. Research Project Management 8.5.1. Market Research as a Process 8.5.2. Planning Stages in Market Research 8.5.3. Stages of Market Research Implementation 8.5.4. Managing a Research Project 	 8.6. International Market Research 8.6.1. International Market Research 8.6.2. International Market Research Process 8.6.3. The Importance of Secondary Sources in International Market Research 	8.7. Feasibility Studies8.7.1. Concept and Usefulness8.7.2. Outline of a Feasibility Study8.7.3. Development of a Feasibility Study	 8.8. Publicity 8.8.1. Historical Background of Advertising 8.8.2. Conceptual Framework of Advertising; Principles, Concept of Briefing and Positioning 8.8.3. Advertising Agencies, Media Agencies and Advertising Professionals 8.8.4. Importance of Advertising in Business 8.8.5. Advertising Trends and Challenges
 8.9.1 Developing the Marketing Plan 8.9.1. Marketing Plan Concept 8.9.2. Situation Analysis and Diagnosis 8.9.3. Strategic Marketing Decisions 8.9.4. Operational Marketing Decisions 	 8.10. Promotion and Merchandising Strategies 8.10.1. Integrated Marketing Communication 8.10.2. Advertising Communication Plan 8.10.3. Merchandising as a Communication Technique 	8.11. Media Planning 8.11.1. Origin and Evolution of Media Planning 8.11.2. Media 8.11.3. Media Plan	 8.12. Fundamentals of Commercial Management 8.12.1. The Role of Commercial Management 8.12.2. Systems of Analysis of the Company/Market Commercial Competitive Situation 8.12.3. Commercial Planning Systems of the Company 8.12.4. Main Competitive Strategies
8.13. Commercial Negotiation 8.13.1. Commercial Negotiation 8.13.2. Psychological Issues in Negotiation 8.13.3. Main Negotiation Methods 8.13.4. The Negotiation Process	8.14. Decision-Making in Commercial Management 8.14.1. Commercial Strategy and Competitive Strategy 8.14.2. Decision Making Models 8.14.3. Decision-Making Analytics and Tools 8.14.4. Human Behavior in Decision Making	 8.15. Leadership and Management of the Sales Network 8.15.1. Sales Management Sales Management 8.15.2. Networks Serving Commercial Activity 8.15.3. Salesperson Recruitment and Training Policies 8.15.4. Remuneration Systems for Own and External Commercial Networks 8.15.5. Management of the Commercial Process Control and Assistance to the Work of the Sales Representatives Based on the Information. 	 8.16. Implementing the Commercial Function 8.16.1. Recruitment of Own Sales Representatives and Sales Agents 8.16.2. Controlling Commercial Activity 8.16.3. The Code of Ethics of Sales Personnel 8.16.4. Compliance with Legislation 8.16.5. Generally Accepted Standards of Business Conduct

8.18.3. Financial Impact of Strategic Sales Decisions 8.18.4. Cycle Management, Turnover, Profitability and Liquidity 8.18.5. Income Statement Module 9. Innovation and Project Management 9.3. Project Management for Startups 9.2. Innovation Strategy 9.4. Business Model Design and 9.1. Innovation Validation Strategic Intelligence and Innovation Startup Concept 9.1.1. Introduction to Innovation 9.1.2. Innovation in the Entrepreneurial Ecosystem 9.2.2. Innovation from Strategy 9.3.2. Lean Startup Philosophy 9.4.1. Conceptual Framework of a Business Model 9.1.3. Instruments and Tools for the Business 9.3.3. Stages of Startup Development 9.4.2. Business Model Design and Validation 9.3.4. The Role of a Project Manager in a Startup Innovation Process 9.6. Project Change Management: 9.7. Project Communication 9.8. Traditional and Innovative 9.5. Project Management **Training Management** Management Methodologies 9.5.1. Project Management: Identification of Opportunities to Develop Corporate 9.6.1. Concept of Change Management 9.7.1. Project Communications Management 9.8.1. Innovative Methodologies Innovation Projects 9.6.2. The Change Management Process 9.8.2. Basic Principles of Scrum 9.7.2. Key Concepts for Project Communications 9.5.2. Main stages or Phases in the Direction and 9.6.3. Change Implementation Management 9.8.3. Differences between the Main Aspects of Management of Innovation Projects 9.7.3. Emerging Trends Scrum and Traditional Methodologies 9.7.4. Adaptations to Equipment 9.7.5. Planning Communications Management 9.7.6. Manage Communications 9.7.7. Monitoring Communications 9.10. Project Risk Management Planning 9.9. Creation of a Startup Creation of a Startup 9.10.1. Risk Planning 9.9.2. Organization and Culture 9.10.2. Elements for Creating a Risk Management 9.9.3. Top Ten Reasons Why Startups Fail 9.9.4. Legal Aspects 9.10.3. Tools for Creating a Risk Management Plan 9.10.4. Content of the Risk Management Plan

8.18. Financial and Budgetary

8.18.2. The Sales Budget Control of Management and of the Annual Sales Plan

Management

8.18.1. The Break-Even Point

8.17. Key Account Management

8.17.2. The Key Account Manager

8.17.1. Concept of Key Account Management

8.17.3. Key Account Management Strategy

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Module 10. Executive Management			
10.1. General Management 10.1.1. The Concept of General Management 10.1.2. The General Manager's Action 10.1.3. The CEO and their Responsibilities 10.1.4. Transforming the Work of Management	 10.2. Manager Functions: Organizational Culture and Approaches 10.2.1. Manager Functions: Organizational Culture and Approaches 	10.3. Operations Management 10.3.1. The Importance of Management 10.3.2. Value Chain 10.3.3. Quality Management	 10.4. Public Speaking and Spokesperson Education 10.4.1. Interpersonal Communication 10.4.2. Communication Skills and Influence 10.4.3. Communication Barriers
 10.5. Personal and Organizational Communications Tools 10.5.1. Interpersonal Communication 10.5.2. Interpersonal Communication Tools 10.5.3. Communication in the Organization 10.5.4. Tools in the Organization 	10.6. Communication in Crisis Situations 10.6.1. Crisis 10.6.2. Phases of the Crisis 10.6.3. Messages: Contents and Moments	10.7. Preparation of a Crisis Plan 10.7.1. Analysis of Possible Problems 10.7.2. Planning 10.7.3. Adequacy of Personnel	10.8. Emotional Intelligence 10.8.1. Emotional Intelligence and Communication 10.8.2. Assertiveness, Empathy, and Active Listening 10.8.3. Self-Esteem and Emotional Communication
10.9. Personal Branding 10.9.1. Strategies to Develop Personal Branding 10.9.2. Personal Branding Laws 10.9.3. Tools for Creating Personal Brands	10.10. Leadership and Team Management 10.10.1. Leadership and Leadership Styles 10.10.2. Leader Capabilities and Challenges 10.10.3. Managing Change Processes 10.10.4. Managing Multicultural Teams		

Module 11. Insurance as a Regulated Activity at the International Level					
 11.1. Implementation Regime of Community Insurers in Other Countries within the European Union: Home Member State, Host Member State 11.1.1. Freedom to Provide Services 11.1.2. Right of Establishment 11.1.3. Subscription Agency 	11.2. Obligations of Insurance Entities 11.2.1. Permanent Representation in the Host State 11.2.2. Customer Service 11.2.3. Customer Advocacy Service	11.3. Role of the Supervisory Body of the Home State11.3.1. Supervisory Function11.3.2. Sanctioning Function11.3.3. Control Function	11.4. Role of the Supervisory Body of the Host State11.4.1. Supervisory Function11.4.2. Sanctioning Function11.4.3. Control Function		
 11.5. Regime of Third Country Insurance Entities in the European Union 11.5.1. Permanent Establishment 11.5.2. Freedom to Provide Services 11.5.3. Subscription Agency 	 11.6. Regime for the Operation of Community Insurers in Third Countries 11.6.1. Permanent Establishment 11.6.2. Freedom to Provide Services 11.6.3. Subscription Agency 	11.7. Special Auto Insurance Regime 11.7.1. Obligations of the Host State 11.7.2. Representation 11.7.3. Claims Management	11.8. Ofesauto and Equivalent Bodies in Third Countries 11.8.1. Organization 11.8.2. Skills 11.8.3. Operation		
11.9. Insurance Contracts and Jurisdiction Clauses11.9.1. Jurisdiction11.9.2. Competition11.9.3. Conflict Standards	11.10. Conflict Resolution Systems 11.10.1. Mediation 11.10.2. Arbitration 11.10.3. Collaboration Agreements				

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Module 12. Legal Aspects of Insurance Int	ternational Context		
 12.1. The Insurance Contract. Particularities 12.1.1. Object of the Contract, Onerousness and Randomness 12.1.2. Parties to the Contract and Other Intervening Parties 12.1.3. Onerousness, Consensuality and Successive Tract 	12.2. The Branches of Insurance 12.2.2. International Definition Criteria 12.2.3. Life Insurance Branches 12.2.4. Non-Life Insurance Branches	 12.3. The Insurance Regulatory Framework: Europe, America and Asia-Pacific 12.3.1. IAIS Principles and Standards 12.3.2. Overview of Regulatory Developments: Quantitative and Qualitative Requirements 12.3.2. Changes in Governance Requirements 	 12.4. International Legislation on the Control of Insurance Activity 12.4.1. International Supervisory and Control Bodies 12.4.2. Supervisory Authorities: Competencies and Coordination in a Global Environment 12.4.3. Key Regulatory Aspects in the Field of Supervision and Oversight
 12.5. Protection of Personal Data 12.5.1. Models of Privacy Regulation: Europe, America and Asia-Pacific 12.5.2. Global Impact of the European Data Protection Regulation 12.5.3. Physical Environment and Digital Environment 	 12.6. Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing 12.6.1. Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing Legislation 12.6.2. Recommendations of the Financial Action Task Force (FATF/FATF) 12.6.3. High Risk Countries 	12.7. Fraud Prevention 12.7.1. Fraud Typology Concept 12.7.2. Elements of Fraud Management Systems 12.7.3. Sectorial Regulation regarding to Fraud	 12.8. Developments and Perspectives on New Risks and Sustainability: Ethics and Responsibility in the Insurance Business 12.8.1. From CSR to ESG 12.8.2. New Paradigms in Sustainability and Risk 12.8.3. Evolution of Regulatory Requirements at the International Level
 12.9. Cyber-Resilience, Governance and Security of ICTs 12.9.1. Security of Networks and Information Systems: Regulatory Developments 12.9.2. The Impact of Insurers on Cyber Resilience Levels 12.9.3. Cybersecurity Governance Framework 	12.10. Consumer Protection. Transparency and Disclosure Obligations 12.10.1. United Nations Guidelines for Consumer Protection 12.10.2. Transparency and Disclosure Obligations: Regulatory Developments 12.10.3. E-commerce and Distance Selling		

Module 13. Insurance and Risk			
13.1. Risk and Its Role in the Insurance Business 13.1.1. Risk Contextualization 13.1.2. Risk in the Insurance Business 13.1.3. Conduct in the Event of Risk	13.2. The Insurable Risk 13.2.1. Conditions for a Risk to Be Insurable 13.2.2. Risk Classification 13.2.3. Selection and Surveillance of Risks	13.3. Risk Distribution between Insurers 13.3.1. Risk Sharing 13.3.2. Reinsurance 13.3.3. Co-Insurance	13.4. The Insurance Business 13.4.1. Insurance Business Cycle 13.4.2. Elements of the Insurance Business 13.4.3. Profit or Profit Margin in the Insurance Business
13.5. The Insurance Industry and the Control of Its Business 13.5.1. Economic and Social Function of Insurance 13.5.2. Control of the Insurance Business 13.5.3. Objectives of Control	 13.6. Evolution of Solvency Regulations 13.6.1. Concept of Solvency Importance in the Insurance Sector 13.6.2. Evolution of Community Regulations 13.6.3. Solvency Regulations in Third Countries 	13.7. Solvency II and Risk 13.7.1. Quantitative Risk Assessment 13.7.2. Qualitative Risk Assessment 13.7.3. Information and Transparency to the Market	 13.8. Risk Management as a Key Element in Insurance Entities 13.8.1. Risk Management Systems 13.8.2. Risk Management Process 13.8.3. Risk Management in the Insurance Business. Relevance
13.9. Risk Management and Its Role in Digital Transformation 13.9.1. Digital Transformation. Contextualization 13.9.2. Digital Transformation in the Insurance Business 13.9.3. Digital Transformation and Risk Management	13.10. Emerging Risks in the Insurance Business 13.10.1. Cyber Risks 13.10.2. ESG Risks 13.10.3. Other Emerging Risks		

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Module 14. Insurance Distribution			
14.1. Insurance Sector Analysis: Figures 14.1.1. The Global Insurance Market 14.1.2. The Insurance Business 14.1.3. Insurance Supervision	 14.2. Regulation of the Distribution Activity 14.2.1. Regulation at the Global Level 14.2.2. Regulation in Different International Jurisdictions 14.2.3. Supervisory Institutions 	14.3. Distribution Activity14.3.1. What Is Distribution?14.3.2. What Is Not Distribution?14.3.3. Distribution at the International Level	 14.4. Types of Distributors 14.4.1. Distributors in the EU 14.4.2. Distributors outside the EU 14.4.3. Special Mention of OBS (Insurance Banking Operators)
 14.5. Requirements for Access to the Distribution Activity, Obligations and Administrative Record 14.5.1. Requirements for Access to the Distribution Activity 14.5.2. Applicable Obligations 14.5.3. Administrative Registration 	 14.6. Information to Be Provided to the Customer and Product Governance 14.6.1. General Customer Information Duties 14.6.2. Specific Information Duties: Sustainability Criteria and Greenwashing 14.6.3. Duty to Prevent Conflicts of Interest 	 14.7. Consumer Protection 14.7.1. Legal Framework for the Defense of Financial Consumers 14.7.2. Global Action Plans 14.7.3. Action Plans in Different International Jurisdictions 	 14.8. Cross-Border Activity 14.8.1. Activity within the EU in the Right of Establishment 14.8.2. Activity within the EU in Freedom to Provide Services 14.8.3. Activity outside the EU
14.9. Distributor Training 14.9.1. Requirements 14.9.2. Training Objectives 14.9.3. Training at the International Level	14.10. Supervision of Distributors 14.10.1. Supervisory Authorities 14.10.2. Types of Supervision 14.10.3. Administrative Control		

 15.1. Regulatory Compliance 15.1.1. Compliance with Legislation 15.1.2. Origins and Evolution of Regulatory Compliance 15.1.3. The Future of Regulatory Compliance 	15.2. Compliance and Corporate Governance	15.3. International Compliance Standards	15.4. The Function of Compliance in Organizations
	 15.2.1. Corporate Governance 15.2.2. OECD and G20 Corporate Governance Principles 15.2.3. The Responsibility of Boards of Directors 	15.3.1. International Standardization Activity15.3.2. ISO 19600 and ISO 3700115.3.3. The High Level Structure of Management Systems	15.4.1. The Function, Its Necessity and the Relationship with Other Areas 15.4.2. Benefits and Problems 15.4.3. Outsourcing of the Function
15.5. The Figure of the Compliance Officer	15.6. Compliance Matters (I) Prevention of Money Laundering	15.7. Compliance Matters (II) Information Security	15.8. Compliance Matters (III) Intellectual Property
 15.5.1. The Compliance Officer in the Company's Organizational Structure 15.5.2. Independence, Impartiality and Determination of Functions 15.5.3. The responsibility of the compliance officer 	 15.6.1. Criminal Liability of Legal Persons. International Perspective 15.6.2. Anti-Corruption Policies OCDE Best Practice Guidelines 15.6.3. Prevention of Money Laundering 	15.7.1. Information Security 15.7.2. BYOD Model vs. Enterprise Control of the Use of Technology Resources 15.7.3. Information Society	15.8.1. Privacy and Data Protection 15.8.2. Protection of Trade Secrets
15.9. Standards and Service Level Agreements	15.10. Regulatory Compliance in Regulated Sectors		
15.9.1. Standards and Standardization Organizations 15.9.2. Implementation and Benefits of Standards 15.9.3. Service Level Agreements (SLAs)	15.10.1. Regulated Sector and International Approach 15.10.2. Financial Sector 15.10.3. Insurance Sector		

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Module 16. Composition of the Economic	Balance Sheet under the Solvency Rules II		
16.1. Solvency II 16.1.1. Solvency II Definition Process 16.1.2. Comparison of Solvency I vs Solvency II 16.1.3. Scope of Application 16.1.4. Solvency II Structuring 16.1.5. Solvency II Transition Measures 16.1.6. Solvency II Regulatory Review	 16.2. Economic Balance Sheet: Assets 16.2.1. Valuation of Assets (NIIF13) 16.2.2. Intangible Assets 16.2.3. Finance and Operating Leases 16.2.4. Material Assets 16.2.5. Inversions 16.2.6. Matching Adjustment and Replicating Portfolio 	 16.3. Economic Balance Sheet: Liabilities 16.3.1. Technical Provisions Separation by LOB 16.3.2. Calculation of Liabilities: as a Whole vs. Best Estimate 16.3.3. Calculation of the Present Value of Provisions 	 16.4. Economic Balance Sheet: Net Assets 16.4.1. Valuation of Net Worth: Basic Shareholders' Equity 16.4.2. Valuation of Net Worth: Supplementary Shareholders' Equity 16.4.3. Quality of Shareholders' Equity Tier Worth 16.4.4. Solvency II Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) 16.4.5. Risk Map. Standard Formula vs. Internal/Partial Model
 16.5. Life Underwriting Risk 16.5.1. Underwriting Risk in Life Insurance 16.5.2. Underwriting Risk in Death Insurance 16.5.3. Underwriting Risk in Health Insurance (Life Techniques) 	16.6. Market Risk 16.6.1. Market Risk 16.6.2. Interest Rate Risk 16.6.3. Equity Risk 16.6.4. Real Estate Risk 16.6.5. Spread Risk 16.6. Concentration Risk 16.6.7. Currency Risk	 16.7. Non-Life Underwriting Risk 16.7.1. Non-Life Underwriting Risk: Premium and Reserve; Casualty and Catastrophe 16.7.2. Underwriting Risk in Health Insurance (Non-Life Techniques) 16.7.3. USP: Own Parameters 	 16.8. Operational Risk, Credit Risk and BSCR Calculation 16.8.1. Operational Risk 16.8.2. Methods for Calculating Operational Risk 16.8.3. Introduction to Credit Risk 16.8.4. Methods for Calculating Operational Risk 16.8.5. Global Risk Aggregation Matrix BSCR
 16.9. Intergroup SCR: Financial Situation 16.9.1. Participating Entity 16.9.2. Related Entity 16.9.3. Groups Subject to Supervision 16.9.4. Consolidation Methods and Calculation of Group Solvency 	16.10. New Standards: IFRS 17 16.10.1. Niif 17 16.10.2. BBA Method 16.10.3. VFA Method 16.10.4. PAA Method 16.10.5. Transition		

17.1. Governance and Risk Management System17.1.1. Competence and Honorability17.1.2. Conflict of Interest17.1.3. Risk Management System	 17.2. Internal Risk and Solvency Assessment (ORSA) 17.2.1. ORSA Process 17.2.2. Significant Risks: Tension Test and Scenario Analysis 17.2.3. Description and Contents of the ORSA Report 	17.3. Risk Appetite and Tolerance 17.3.1. Considerations for Determining Risk Appetite 17.3.2. Methodology 17.3.3. Frames of Reference	17.4. Internal Control and Internal Audit 17.4.1. Internal Control System 17.4.2. Internal Audit Function 17.4.3. Risk Map
17.5. Actuarial Function 17.5.1. Organizational Structure 17.5.2. Lines of Defense 17.5.3. Scope of the Actuarial Function	 17.6. Financial Position and Solvency Report 17.6.1. Governance System 17.6.2. Risk Profile 17.6.3. Valuation for Solvency and Capital Management Purposes 	17.7. Periodic Supervisory Report 17.7.1. Scope 17.7.2. Objectives 17.7.3. Risks Expected in the Future	17.8. Reporting Models Quantitative - Quarterly 17.8.1. Information Required for Monitoring 17.8.2. Taxonomy 17.8.3. Periodicity
17.9. Reporting Models Quantitative - Annual 17.9.1. Information Required for Monitoring 17.9.2. Taxonomy 17.9.3. Periodicity	17.10. Internal Models Other Considerations 17.10.1. Internal Models 17.10.2. Captive Companies 17.10.3. Review of EU Insurance Rules.		

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Module 18. Conduct Risk and Supervision in the Insurance Industry				
 18.1. General Principles of Conduct and General Obligations of Information 18.1.1. General Principles and Duties of Information 18.1.2. Information to be Provided by an Insurance Company 18.1.3. Information to be Provided by an Insurance Intermediary 	 18.2. Information Regulations and Rules of Conduct 18.2.1. Regulations Applicable to the Marketing of Financial Instruments 18.2.2. Community Regulations on Information and Rules of Conduct 18.2.3. International Standards, Approach and Examples 	18.3. Information Prior to Contracting 18.3.1. Types of Sales 18.3.2. Non-Life Insurance 18.3.3. Life Insurance	 18.4. Information Prior to Contracting Insurance-Based Investment Products 18.4.1. Insurance-Based Investment Products 18.4.2. Information on Insurance-Based Investment Products 18.4.3. Types of Sales 	
 18.5. Modalities of Transmission of Information 18.5.1. General Requirements 18.5.2. Distance Marketing 18.5.3. Special Requirements Applicable to Insurance-Based Investment Products 	 18.6. Advertising in Insurance Transactions 18.6.1. General Principles and Reservation of Denomination 18.6.2. Advertising of Insurance Entities 18.6.3. Advertising of Insurance Brokers 	 18.7. Conflicts of Interest in Insurance Distribution 18.7.1. Detection of Conflict of Interest 18.7.2. Policies in Terms of Conflicts of Interest 18.7.3. Procedures for Action 	 18.8. Remuneration and Incentives 18.8.1. General Principle 18.8.2. Concept of Remuneration 18.8.3. Remuneration and Incentives in the Case of Insurance-Based Investment Products 	
 18.9. Joint Selling with Non-Insurance Products 18.9.1. Practice of Combined and Linked Sales: Information Duties 18.9.2. Combined Sales 18.9.3. Related Sales 	18.10. Product Life Cycle and Governance 18.10.1. Insurance Product Designer 18.10.2. Governance Requirements Applicable to Designers. Product Life Cycle 18.10.3. Governance Requirements Applicable to Distributors of Non-Designer Products			

 19.1. Direct Taxation 19.1.1. Taxes Comprising Direct Taxation 19.1.2. Direct Taxation as Sustainable Value Creation (ESG) 19.1.3. General and Specific Regulations for Direct Taxation 	 19.2. Taxation of Insurance Entities 19.2.1. Taxation of Insurance Entities Key Concepts 19.2.2. Specialties for Insurance Entities 19.2.3. Declaration in a Tax Consolidation Group with a Dominant Insurance Entity 	 19.3. Accounting: Accounting Plan for Insurance Entities/IFS 19.3.1. Sectorial Adaptation 19.3.2. Financial Statements and Premium Volume 19.3.3. Reflection in the Corporate Income Tax Liquidation 	 19.4. Corporate Income Tax I - International Taxation 19.4.1. Adjustments to the Taxable Base: Technical Provisions 19.4.2. Offsetting of Tax Losses: Tax Group 19.4.3. Capitalization Reserve
19.5. Corporate Income Tax II - International Taxation 19.5.1. Determination of the Gross Tax Payable 19.5.2. Deductions and Allowances 19.5.3. Limits on Deductions and Offsets	 19.6. Form 200 and 220 and Equivalents in Other Jurisdictions 19.6.1. Model Specialties 19.6.2. Annexes and Supplementary Declarations 19.6.3. Deadlines and Filing 	19.7. Investments in EIGs19.7.1. Relationship with the Insurance Industry19.7.2. Related Tax Consultations19.7.3. Return and Specific Aspects to be Considered	 19.8. Other Direct Taxation 19.8.1. Special Features of the Fractioned Payments of the IS 19.8.2. Corporate Restructuring 19.8.3. Reference Value for Other Direct Taxes
19.9. Reporting: Relationship with Direct Taxation 19.9.1. SII 19.9.2. Country by Country Report 19.9.3. DAC6	19.10. IS Inspections Key Aspects 19.10.1. Key Aspects in IS Inspections 19.10.2. Related Transactions 19.10.3. Direct Taxation in the World New Developments in Fiscal Year 2023		

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Module 20. Taxation. Indirect Taxes			
 20.1. Community Regulations Origin of Exemptions 20.1.1. Value Added Tax in The European Union 20.1.2. Directive 2006/112/EU 20.1.3. Impact of Exemptions 	 20.2. Limitations on the Indirect Tax Deduction by Country 20.2.1. Indirect Tax as a Cost 20.2.2. Pro-Rata and Differentiated Sectors 20.2.3. Minimum Deduction 	 20.3. European Economic Interest Groupings (EIGs) 20.3.1. The EEIG 20.3.2. EEIGs in the Insurance Sector 20.3.3. VAT Exemption and Its Evolution in the Community Environment 	20.4. Branching in the Insurance Industry20.4.1. Subsidiary vs. Branch20.4.2. Parent - Branch Operations20.4.3. Practical Risks
 20.5. Special Regime for the Group of Entities (REGE) 20.5.1. REGE 20.5.2. REGE in the Insurance Sector 20.5.3. SRGE vs. EEIG (European Economic Interest Grouping) 	 20.6. Leasing and Insurance 20.6.1. Judgment of the TJUE BGŻ Leasing-Subject C-224/11 20.6.2. Leasing as a Contract of a Complex Nature 20.6.3. Insurance Formulas in Leasing 	 20.7. Self-Insurance 20.7.1. Elements of Insurance 20.7.2. Approximation to the Concept of Self-Insurance 20.7.3. Self-Insurance and Leasing 	20.8. International Claims Management 20.8.1. Management as Part of Mediation 20.8.2. Evolution in Its Treatment for VAT Purposes 20.8.3. Cross-Border Claims and Correspondents
20.9. Contact Center, External Collaborators and Mediators	20.10. Insurance Premium Tax (IPS) in Europe		
 20.9.1. Contact Center, External Collaborators and Mediators Functions 20.9.2. Evolution in Its Treatment for Taxes Purposes 20.9.3. Practical Risks 	20.10.1. The IPS in Europe Concept 20.10.2. Connecting Points in Terms of Location Rules 20.10.3. Tax Rates in Europe		





The innovative didactic resources of this Advanced Master's Degree will allow you to delve into a more visual and agile way in the Legal Aspects of Insurance"



This academic program offers students a different way of learning. Our methodology uses a cyclical learning approach: *Relearning*.

This teaching system is used, for example, in the most prestigious medical schools in the world, and major publications such as the **New England Journal of Medicine** have considered it to be one of the most effective.





tech 60 | Methodology

TECH Business School uses the Case Study to contextualize all content

Our program offers a revolutionary approach to developing skills and knowledge. Our goal is to strengthen skills in a changing, competitive, and highly demanding environment.





This program prepares you to face business challenges in uncertain environments and achieve business success.



Our program prepares you to face new challenges in uncertain environments and achieve success in your career.

A learning method that is different and innovative

This TECH program is an intensive educational program, created from scratch to present executives with challenges and business decisions at the highest level, whether at the national or international level. This methodology promotes personal and professional growth, representing a significant step towards success. The case method, a technique that lays the foundation for this content, ensures that the most current economic, social and business reality is taken into account.



You will learn, through collaborative activities and real cases, how to solve complex situations in real business environments"

The case method has been the most widely used learning system among the world's leading business schools for as long as they have existed. The case method was developed in 1912 so that law students would not only learn the law based on theoretical content. It consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make informed decisions and value judgments on how to resolve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method.

What should a professional do in a given situation? This is the question we face in the case method, an action-oriented learning method. Throughout the program, the studies will be presented with multiple real cases. They must integrate all their knowledge, research, argue and defend their ideas and decisions.

tech 62 | Methodology

Relearning Methodology

TECH effectively combines the Case Study methodology with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, which combines different teaching elements in each lesson.

We enhance the Case Study with the best 100% online teaching method: *Relearning*.

Our online system will allow you to organize your time and learning pace, adapting it to your schedule. You will be able to access the contents from any device with an internet connection.

At TECH you will learn using a cutting-edge methodology designed to train the executives of the future. This method, at the forefront of international teaching, is called *Relearning*.

Our online business school is the only one in the world licensed to incorporate this successful method. In 2019, we managed to improve our students' overall satisfaction levels (teaching quality, quality of materials, course structure, objectives...) based on the best online university indicators.



Methodology | 63 tech

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically. With this methodology we have trained more than 650,000 university graduates with unprecedented success in fields as diverse as biochemistry, genetics, surgery, international law, management skills, sports science, philosophy, law, engineering, journalism, history, markets, and financial instruments. All this in a highly demanding environment, where the students have a strong socio-economic profile and an average age of 43.5 years.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your specialization, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation to success.

From the latest scientific evidence in the field of neuroscience, not only do we know how to organize information, ideas, images and memories, but we know that the place and context where we have learned something is fundamental for us to be able to remember it and store it in the hippocampus, to retain it in our long-term memory.

In this way, and in what is called neurocognitive context-dependent e-learning, the different elements in our program are connected to the context where the individual carries out their professional activity.

tech 64 | Methodology

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Classes

There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful.

Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.



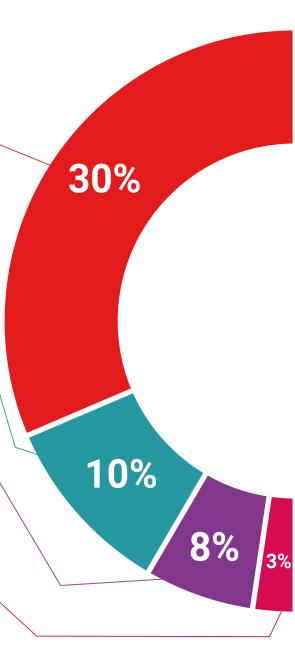
Management Skills Exercises

They will carry out activities to develop specific executive competencies in each thematic area. Practices and dynamics to acquire and develop the skills and abilities that a high-level manager needs to develop in the context of the globalization we live in.



Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.





Students will complete a selection of the best case studies chosen specifically for this program. Cases that are presented, analyzed, and supervised by the best senior management specialists in the world.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

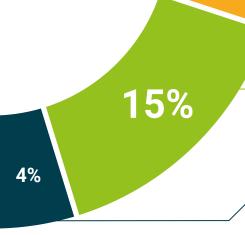


This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".

Testing & Retesting

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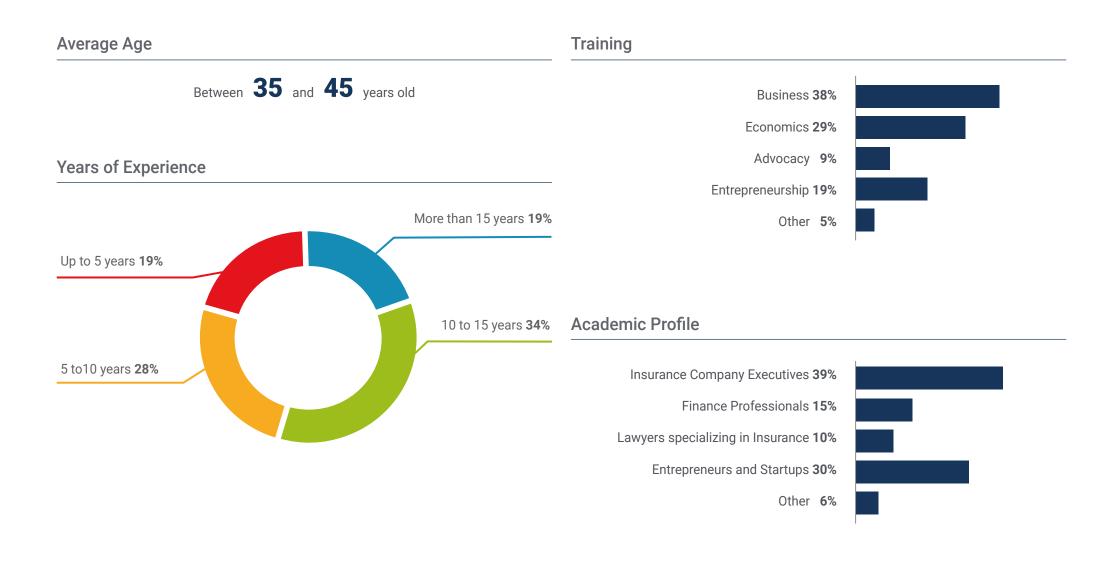
We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.



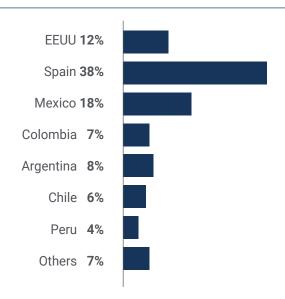
30%







Geographical Distribution





Victor Hernandez

Insurance Manager and Financial Advisor

"I would like to thank the TECH faculty for their dedication and advice during the Senior Management in the Insurance Industry program. The truth is that their deep knowledge has been invaluable to me and the skills obtained are helping me to make a quality leap in my professional development. Thanks to TECH for their commitment to excellence!"





International Guest Director

With over 20 years of experience in designing and leading global **talent acquisition teams**, Jennifer Dove is an expert in **technology recruitment** and **strategy**. Throughout her career, she has held senior positions in several technology organizations within *Fortune 50* companies such as **NBCUniversal** and **Comcast**. Her track record has allowed her to excel in competitive, highgrowth environments.

As Vice President of Talent Acquisition at Mastercardshe is responsible for overseeing talent onboarding strategy and execution, collaborating with business leaders and HR Managers to meet operational and strategic hiring objectives. In particular, she aims to build diverse, inclusive and high-perfoming teams that drive innovation and growth of the company's products and services. In addition, she is adept at using tools to attract and retain the best people from around the world. She is also responsible for amplifying Mastercard's employer brand and value proposition through publications, events and social media.

Jennifer Dove has demonstrated her commitment to continuous professional development by actively participating in networks of **Human Resources** professionals and contributing to the onboarding of numerous employees at different companies. After earning her bachelor's degree in **Organizational Communication** from the University of Miami, she has held management positions in recruitment for companies in various areas.

On the other hand, it has been recognized for its ability to lead organizational transformations, integrate technologies into recruitment processes and develop leadership programs that prepare institutions for future challenges. She has also successfully implemented wellness programs that have significantly increased employee satisfaction and retention.



Ms. Dove, Jennifer

- Vice President of Talent Acquisition at Mastercard, New York, United States
- Director of Talent Acquisition at NBCUniversal Media, New York, USA
- Head of Recruitment at Comcast
- Director of Recruiting at Rite Hire Advisory, New York, USA
- Executive Vice President of the Sales Division at Ardor NY Real Estate
- Director of Recruitment at Valerie August & Associates
- Account Executive at BNC
- Account Executive at Vault
- Graduated in Organizational Communication from the University of Miami.

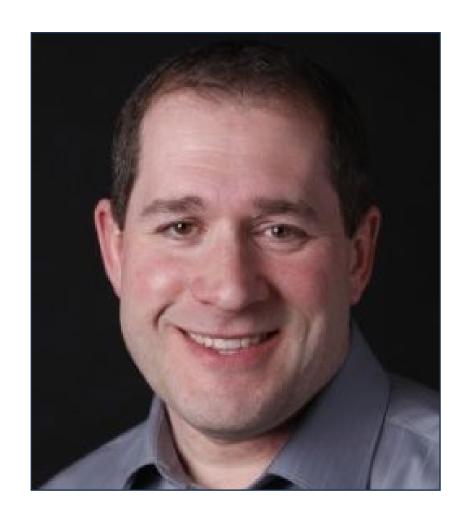


Thanks to TECH you will be able to learn with the best professionals in the world"

A technology leader with decades of experience in major technology multinationals, Rick Gauthier has developed prominently in the field of clouds services and end-to-end process improvement. He has been recognized as a leader and manager of highly efficient teams, showing a natural talent for ensuring a high level of engagement among his employees.

He possesses innate gifts in strategy and executive innovation, developing new ideas and backing his success with quality data. His background at **Amazon** has allowed him to manage and integrate the company's IT services in the United States. At **Microsoft** he has led a team of 104 people, responsible for providing corporate-wide IT infrastructure and supporting product engineering departments across the company.

This experience has allowed him to stand out as a high-impact manager with remarkable abilities to increase efficiency, productivity and overall customer satisfaction.



D. Gauthier, Rick

- Regional IT Director at Amazon, Seattle, USA
- Senior Program Manager at Amazon
- Vice President of Wimmer Solutions
- Senior Director of Productive Engineering Services at Microsoft
- Degree in Cybersecurity from Western Governors University
- Technical Certificate in Commercial Diving from Divers Institute of Technology
- B.S. in Environmental Studies from The Evergreen State College



Take the opportunity to learn about the latest advances in this field in order to apply it to your daily practice"

Romi Arman is a renowned international expert with more than two decades of experience in Digital Transformation, Marketing, Strategy and Consulting. Through that extended trajectory, he has taken different risks and is a permanent advocate for innovation and change in the business environment. With that expertise, he has collaborated with CEOs and corporate organizations from all over the world, pushing them to move away from traditional business models. In this way, he has helped companies such as Shell Energy become true market leaders, focused on their customers and the digital world.

The strategies designed by Arman have a latent impact, as they have enabled several corporations to improve the experiences of consumers, staff and shareholders alike. The success of this expert is quantifiable through tangible metrics such as CSAT, employee engagement in the institutions where he has practiced and the growth of the EBITDA financial indicator in each of them.

Also, in his professional career, he has nurtured and led high-performance teams that have even received awards for their transformational potential. With Shell, specifically, the executive has always set out to overcome three challenges: meeting customers' complex decarbonization demands supporting a "cost-effective decarbonization" and overhauling a fragmented data, digital and technology landscape. Thus, his efforts have shown that in order to achieve sustainable success, it is essential to start from the needs of consumers and lay the foundations for the transformation of processes, data, technology and culture.

In addition, the executive stands out for his mastery of the **business applications** of **Artificial Intelligence**, a subject in which he holds a postgraduate degree from the London Business School.

At the same time, he has accumulated experience in **IoT** and **Salesforce**.



Mr. Arman, Romi

- Digital Transformation Director (CDO) at Shell Energy Corporation, London, UK
- Global Director of E-Commerce and Customer Service at Shell Energy Corporation
- National Key Account Manager (OEM and automotive retailers) for Shell in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
- Senior Management Consultant (Financial Services Sector) for Accenture based in Singapore
- Graduate of the University of Leeds
- Graduate Diploma in Business Applications of Al for Senior Executives from London Business School
- CCXP Customer Experience Professional Certification
- IMD Executive Digital Transformation Course



Do you want to update your knowledge with the highest educational quality?
TECH offers you the most updated content in the academic market, designed by authentic experts of international prestige."

Manuel Arens is an experienced data management professional and leader of a highly qualified team. In fact, Arens holds the position of global purchasing manager in Google's Technical Infrastructure and Data Center division, where he has spent most of his professional career. Based in Mountain View, California, he has provided solutions for the tech giant's operational challenges, such as master data integrity, vendor data updates and vendor prioritization. He has led data center supply chain planning and vendor risk assessment, generating improvements in vendor risk assessment, resulting in process improvements and workflow management that have resulted in significant cost savings.

With more than a decade of work providing digital solutions and leadership for companies in diverse industries, he has extensive experience in all aspects of strategic solution delivery, including marketing, media analytics, measurement and attribution. In fact, he has received a number of accolades for his work, including the BIM Leadership Award, the Search Leadership Award, the Lead Generation Export Program Award and the Export Lead Generation Program Award and the EMEA Best Sales Model Award.

Arens also served as Sales Manager in Dublin, Ireland. In this role, he built a team of 4 to 14 members over three years and led the sales team to achieve results and collaborate well with each other and cross-functional teams. He also served as Senior Industry Analyst, Hamburg, Germany, creating storylines for over 150 clients using internal and third party tools to support analysis. He developed and wrote in-depth reports to demonstrate his mastery of the subject matter, including understanding the macroeconomic and political/regulatory factors affecting technology adoption and diffusion.

He has also led teams at companies such as Eaton, Airbus and Siemens, where he gained valuable account management and supply chain experience. He is particularly noted for continually exceeding expectations by building valuable customer relationships and working seamlessly with people at all levels of an organization, including stakeholders, management, team members and customers. His data-driven approach and ability to develop innovative and scalable solutions to industry challenges have made him a prominent leader in his field.



Mr. Arens, Manuel

- Global Procurement Manager at Google, Mountain View, USA
- Senior Manager, B2B Analytics and Technology, Google, USA
- Sales Director Google, Ireland
- Senior Industry Analyst at Google, Germany
- Accounts Manager Google, Ireland
- Accounts Payable at Eaton, UK
- Supply Chain Manager at Airbus, Germany



Bet on TECH! You will have access to the best didactic materials, at the forefront of technology and education, implemented by internationally renowned specialists in the field."

Andrea La Sala is an **experienced Marketing executive** whose projects have had a **significant impact** on the **Fashion environment**. Throughout his successful career he has developed different tasks related to **Products**, **Merchandising** and **Communication**. All of this linked to with prestigious brands such as **Giorgio Armani**, **Dolce&Gabbana**, **Calvin Klein**, among others.

The results of this high-profile international executive have been linked to his proven ability to synthesize information in clear frameworks and execute concrete actions aligned to specific business objectives. In addition, he is recognized for his proactivity and adaptability to fast-paced work rhythms. To all this, this expert adds a strong commercial awareness,, market vision and a genuine passion for products.

As Global Brand and Merchandising Director at Giorgio Armani, he has overseen a variety of Marketing strategies for apparel and accesories. His tactics have also focused on the retail environment and consumer needs and behavior. In this

La Sala has also been responsible for shaping the commercialization of products in different markets, acting as team leader in the Design, Communication and Sales departments..

On the other hand, in companies such as Calvin Klein or Gruppo Coin, he has undertaken projects to boost the structure, and development of different collections. He has been in charge of creating effective calendars for buying and selling campaings.

He has also been in charge of the terms, costs, processes and delivery times of different operations.

These experiences have made Andrea La Sala one of the main and most qualified **corporate leaders** in **Fashion** and **Luxury**. A high managerial capacity with which he has managed to effectively **implement the positive positioning** of **different brands** and redefine their key performance indicators (KPIs).



Ms. La Sala, Andrea

- Global Brand & Merchandising Director Armani Exchange at Giorgio Armani, Milan, Italy
- Merchandising Director at Calvin Klein
- Brand Manager at Gruppo Coin
- Brand Manager at Dolce&Gabbana
- Brand Manager at Sergio Tacchini S.p.A.
- Market Analyst at Fastweb
- Graduate of Business and Economics at Università degli Studi del Piemonte Orientale



The most qualified and experienced professionals at international level are waiting for you at TECH to offer you a first class teaching, updated and based on the latest scientific evidence. What are you waiting for to enroll?"

Mick Gram is synonymous with innovation and excellence in the field of **Business Intelligence** internationally. His successful career is linked to leadership positions in multinationals such as **Walmart** and **Red Bull**. Likewise, this expert stands out for his vision to **identify emerging technologies** that, in the long term, achieve an everlasting impact in the corporate environment.

On the other hand, the executive is considered a pioneer in the use of data visualization techniques that simplified complex sets, making them accessible and facilitating decision making. This ability became the pillar of his professional profile, transforming him into a desired asset for many organizations that bet on gathering information and generating concrete actions from them.

One of his most outstanding projects in recent years has been the Walmart Data Cafe platform, the largest of its kind in the world that is anchored in the cloud aimed at *Big Data* analysis. In addition, he has held the position of Director of Business Intelligence at Red Bull, covering areas such as Sales, Distribution, Marketing and Supply Chain Operations. His team was recently recognized for its constant innovation regarding the use of Walmart Luminate's new API for Shopper and Channel insights.

As for his training, the executive has several Masters and postgraduate studies at prestigious centers such as the University of Berkeley,in the United States, and the University of Copenhagen, in Denmark. Through this continuous updating, the expert has attained cutting-edge competencies. Thus, he has come to be considered a born leader of the new global economy, centered on the drive for data and its infinite possibilities.



Mr. Gram, Mick

- Director of Business Intelligence and Analytics at Red Bull, Los Angeles, United States
- Business Intelligence Solutions Architect for Walmart Data Cafe
- Independent Business Intelligence and Data Science Consultant
- Director of Business Intelligence at Capgemini
- Senior Analyst at Nordea
- Senior Business Intelligence Consultant at SAS
- Executive Education in AI and Machine Learning at UC Berkeley College of Engineering
- Executive MBA in e-commerce at the University of Copenhagen
- B.Sc. and M.Sc. in Mathematics and Statistics at the University of Copenhagen



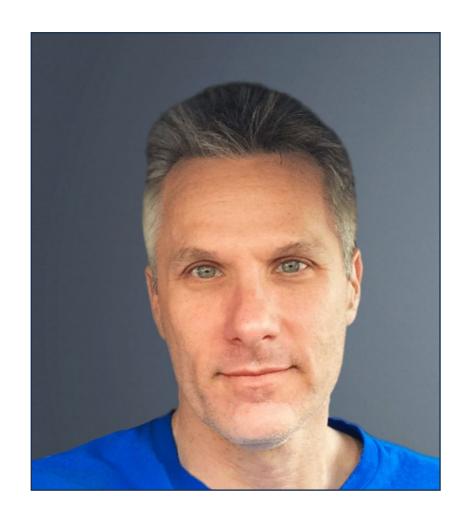
Study at the best online university in the world according to Forbes! In this MBA you will have access to an extensive library of multimedia resources, developed by internationally renowned professors."

Scott Stevenson is a distinguished expert in the **Digital Marketing** sector who, for more than 19 years, has been linked to one of the most powerful companies in the entertainment industry, **Warner Bros. Discovery.** In this role, he has played a fundamental role in **overseeing logistics** and **creative workflows** across various digital platforms, including social media, search, display and linear media.

This executive's leadership has been crucial in driving in **production strategies** in **paid media**, resulting in a **marked improvement** which has resulted in **company's conversion** rates. At the same time, he has assumed other roles, such as Director of Marketing Services and Traffic Manager at the same multinational during his former management.

Stevenson has also been involved in the global distribution of video games and **digital property campaigns**. He was also responsible for introducing operational strategies related to the formation, completion and delivery of sound and image content for television commercials and *trailers*.

In addition, he holds a Bachelor's degree in Telecommunications from the University of Florida and a Master's Degree in Creative Writing from the University of California, which demonstrates his proficiency in **communication** and **storytelling**.. In addition, he has participated at Harvard University's School of Professional Development in cutting-edge programs on the use of **Artificial Intelligence** in **business**.. Therefore, his professional profile stands as one of the most relevant in the current field of **Marketing** and **Digital Media**.



Mr. Stevenson, Scott

- Director of Digital Marketing at Warner Bros. Discovery, Burbank, United States
- Traffic Manager at Warner Bros. Entertainment.
- M.A. in Creative Writing from the University of California
- B.S. in Telecommunications from the University of Florida



Achieve your academic and career goals with the best qualified experts in the world! The faculty of this MBA will guide you through the entire learning process."

Eric Nyquist, Ph.D., is a leading international sports professional who has built an impressive career, noted for his strategic leadership and ability to drive change and innovation in world-class sports organizations.

In fact, he has held senior roles such as Director of Communications and Impact at NASCAR, based in Florida, USA. With many years of experience behind him at NASCAR, Dr.

Nyquist has also held several leadership positions, including Senior Vice President of Strategic Development and General Manager of Business Affairs, managing more than a dozen disciplines ranging from strategic development to entertainment marketing.

Nyquist has also made a significant mark on Chicago's top sports franchises. As Executive Vice President of the Chicago Bulls and Chicago White Sox franchises, he has demonstrated his ability to drive business and strategic success in the world of professional sports..

Finally, it is worth noting that he began his career in **sports** while working in **New York** as a **senior strategic analyst** for **Roger Goodell** in the **National Football League** (NFL) and, prior to that, as a **Legal Intern** with the **United States Football Federation**.



Mr. Nyquist, Eric

- Director of Communications and Impact at NASCAR, Florida, USA
- Senior Vice President of Strategic Development at NASCAR, Florida, United States
- Vice President of Strategic Planning at NASCAR
- Senior Director of Business Affairs at NASCAR
- Executive Vice President at Chicago White Sox Franchises
- Executive Vice President at Chicago Bulls Franchises
- Manager of Business Planning at the National Football League (NFL)
- Business Affairs/Legal Intern with the United States Soccer Federation
- Juris Doctor from the University of Chicago
- Master's Degree in Business Administration-MBA from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business
- B.A. in International Economics from Carleton College.



Thanks to this university program, 100% online, you will be able to combine your studies with your daily obligations, under the guidance of the leading international experts in the field of your interest. Enroll now!"

Management



Ms. Cano Guerrero, Yolanda

- Partner in charge of VAT and VATech at BLN Palao
- Specialized Manager in the Financial Sector, Banking, Insurance, Assets and Asset Management
- Strategic Consultant in the field of VAT Risk optimization and remediation projects
- Specialist in DAC7 and PSP reporting
- Expert in tax and inspection procedures
- Degree in Law, specializing in legal-business law from the University San Pablo
- Master's Degree in Tax Advisory for Professionals from Instituto de Empresa de Madrid
- Legal Leadership Development Executive Program at Harvard Law School
- Partner of Women in a Legal World

Professors

Mr. Mendizábal, Germán

- State Insurance Inspector in the General Subdirectorate of Authorizations
- Professional of the Life and Pension Inspection Teams Area in the General Inspection
 Subdirectorate and the General Directorate of Insurance and Pension Funds
- Professional in the Market Conduct Area of the Subdirectorate General for Authorizations
- In charge of the selective process for admission to the Senior Corps of State Insurance Inspectors
- Degree in Economics from the University of the Basque Country
- Degree in Actuarial and Financial Sciences from the University of the Basque Country

Mr. Nova Rebanales, Rubén

- Chief Actuarial Officer at Telefónica Seguros
- Actuarial Consultant Milliman Consultants and Actuaries
- Actuarial Consultant at Mercer of the Marsh Mc Lennan Companies group
- Non-Life Actuary at Asemas
- Financial Controller at the Head Office of Mercure Hotel
- Data Analyst for Centro de Familias Emprendedoras in Monterrey, Mexico
- Vice President of the National Federation of Digitalization and Blockchain
- President of the Association of Actuaries UC3M of Universidad Carlos III de Madrid
- Training for executives in Digital Transformation in the insurance sector and Digital Risks for banking and insurance companies
- Degree in Finance and Accounting from the University of Extremadura
 Master's Degree in Actuarial and Financial Sciences from Universidad Carlos III de Madrid

Mr. Cabrerizo Pardo, Jorge

- Insurance Actuary at Mapfre
- Senior Actuary of Life Solvency II/IFRS17 at Mapfre
- Individual Life business development area at Mapfre
- Speaker at the IV Conference on Actuarial Research at ICEA
- Expert in business management techniques at the Francisco de Vitoria University
- Advanced program in Big Data for business management and marketing at the CEF (CEF)
- Graduate in Business Administration and Management from the University of Alcalá
- Postgraduate degree in Solvency II from the University of Barcelona
- Master's Degree in Actuarial and Financial Sciences from the University Carlos III

Ms. Palacios Barrera, Ana

- Risk Manager at ARAG SE
- Internal Audit Manager at ARAG SE
- Inspector of Insurance Companies at the Superintendency of Banking and Insurance
- Degree in Economics from the University of Lima
- Master's Degree in Business Management and Administration MBA at ESADE
- Master's Degree in Digital Risk Management and Cybersecurity at EALDE Business School
- Postgraduate degree in Advanced Management Control at ESADE
- Postgraduate degree in Solvency II at the University of Barcelona

tech 90 | Course Management

Mr. Pedrera Rosado, Alejandro

- Advisor specialized in Digital Transformation of Law
- Co-founder and Legal Director of Hesperian Wares LLC
- Partnerships Representative at Factorial
- Expert in Digitalization of Law
- Master's Degree in Access to the Legal Profession from the University of Extremadura
- Graduate in Law from the University of Extremadura

Mr. Núñez Mejías, José María

- Lawyer and Editor of legal articles in Virtual Law
- Editor-in-Chief and Scriptwriter of articles in Virtual Law
- Master's Degree in Law from University of Cáceres
- Law Degree from the University of Cáceres

Mr. Ibáñez Siles, Juan

- Lawyer specialized in Indirect Taxation at BLN Palao Abogados
- Tax Technician of Special Taxes at Grupo Mahou- San Miguel
- Internship at Martos, Herreros y Muñoz Abogados, María González Risoto Abogados and Lexer M.C. Gestión y Recobros Law Firms
- Law Degree from the University of Jaén
- Master's Degree in Access to the Legal Profession by the University of Jaén
- Master's Degree in Tax Consultancy by the International University of Rioja
- Master's Degree in International Tax Consultancy by the Institute of Law and Economics (ISDE)
- Member of the Law Students Association of Jaén







Take the opportunity to learn about the latest advances in this field to apply it to your daily practice"





Are you ready to take the leap? Excellent professional development awaits you

The Advanced Master's Degree in Senior Management in the Insurance Industry of TECH Global University is an intensive program that prepares students to face challenges and business decisions internationally. Its main objective is to promote personal and professional growth Helping students achieve success.

Therefore, those who wish to improve themselves, achieve a positive change at a professional level and interact with the best, will find their place at TECH.

You will have at your fingertips the most effective strategies for preventing aspects ranging from money laundering to terrorism financing.

A comprehensive syllabus that incorporates all the knowledge you need to step up to the highest business quality.

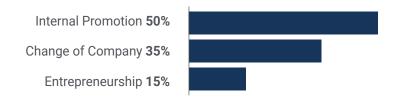
When the change occurs

During the program 20%

During the first year **27%**

After 2 years **53%**

Type of change



Salary increase

This program represents a salary increase of more than 25.22% for our students

Salary before **57,900**

A salary increase of **25.22%**

Salary after **72,500**





tech 98 | Benefits for Your Company

Developing and retaining talent in companies is the best long-term investment.



Growth of talent and intellectual capital

The professional will introduce the company to new concepts, strategies, and perspectives that can bring about significant changes in the organization.



Retaining high-potential executives to avoid talent drain

This program strengthens the link between the company and the professional and opens new avenues for professional growth within the company.



Building agents of change

You will be able to make decisions in times of uncertainty and crisis, helping the organization overcome obstacles.



Increased international expansion possibilities

Thanks to this program, the company will come into contact with the main markets in the world economy.





Project Development

The professional can work on a real project or develop new projects in the field of R & D or business development of your company.



Increased competitiveness

This program will equip students with the skills to take on new challenges and drive the organization forward.





tech 102 | Certificate

This private qualification will allow you to obtain a **Advanced Master's Degree diploma** in **Senior Management in the Insurance Industry** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (official bulletin). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** private qualification is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Advanced Master's Degree diploma in Senior Management in the Insurance Industry

Modality: online

Duration: 2 years

Accreditation: 120 ECTS





^{*}Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper diploma issued with an apostille, TECH Global University will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.



Advanced Master's Degree Senior Management in the Insurance Industry

» Modality: online

» Duration: 2 years

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Accreditation: 120 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

