



Advanced Master's Degree International Digital Entrepreneurship

» Modality: online» Duration: 2 years

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Credits: 120 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/us/school-of-business/advanced-master-degree-international-digital-entrepreneurship

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01 **Welcome**

One of the sectors that has experienced the most digitalization is business. For that reason, this very complete TECH Advanced Master's Degree focuses on providing professionals with the competencies and skills that will allow them to design, create and manage companies in digital areas, providing in-depth knowledge of all the details and ensuring the future success of the new organization.

Everything, from the most everyday human activities to the most complex tasks, have a place in the digital world, and this makes it absolutely necessary for professionals to be trained to successfully take on the challenges posed by this new environment.









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At TECH Global University



Innovation

The university offers an online learning model that combines the latest educational technology with the most rigorous teaching methods. A unique method with the highest international recognition that will provide students with the keys to develop in a rapidly-evolving world, where innovation must be every entrepreneur's focus.

"Microsoft Europe Success Story", for integrating the innovative, interactive multi-video system.



The Highest Standards

Admissions criteria at TECH are not economic. Students don't need to make a large investment to study at this university. However, in order to obtain a qualification from TECH, the student's intelligence and ability will be tested to their limits. The institution's academic standards are exceptionally high...

95%

of TECH students successfully complete their studies



Networking

Professionals from countries all over the world attend TECH, allowing students to establish a large network of contacts that may prove useful to them in the future.

100,000+

200+

executives trained each year

different nationalities



Empowerment

Students will grow hand in hand with the best companies and highly regarded and influential professionals. TECH has developed strategic partnerships and a valuable network of contacts with major economic players in 7 continents.

500+

collaborative agreements with leading companies



Talent

This program is a unique initiative to allow students to showcase their talent in the business world. An opportunity that will allow them to voice their concerns and share their business vision.

After completing this program, TECH helps students show the world their talent.



Multicultural Context

While studying at TECH, students will enjoy a unique experience. by studying in a multicultural context. In a program with a global vision, through which students can learn about the operating methods in different parts of the world, and gather the latest information that best adapts to their business idea.

TECH students represent more than 200 different nationalities.



Learn with the best

In the classroom, TECH's teaching staff discuss how they have achieved success in their companies, working in a real, lively, and dynamic context. Teachers who are fully committed to offering a quality specialization that will allow students to advance in their career and stand out in the business world.

Teachers representing 20 different nationalities.



At TECH, you will have access to the most rigorous and up-to-date case studies in the academic community"

Why Study at TECH? | 09 tech

TECH strives for excellence and, to this end, boasts a series of characteristics that make this university unique:



Analysis

TECH explores the student's critical side, their ability to question things, their problem-solving skills, as well as their interpersonal skills.



Academic Excellence

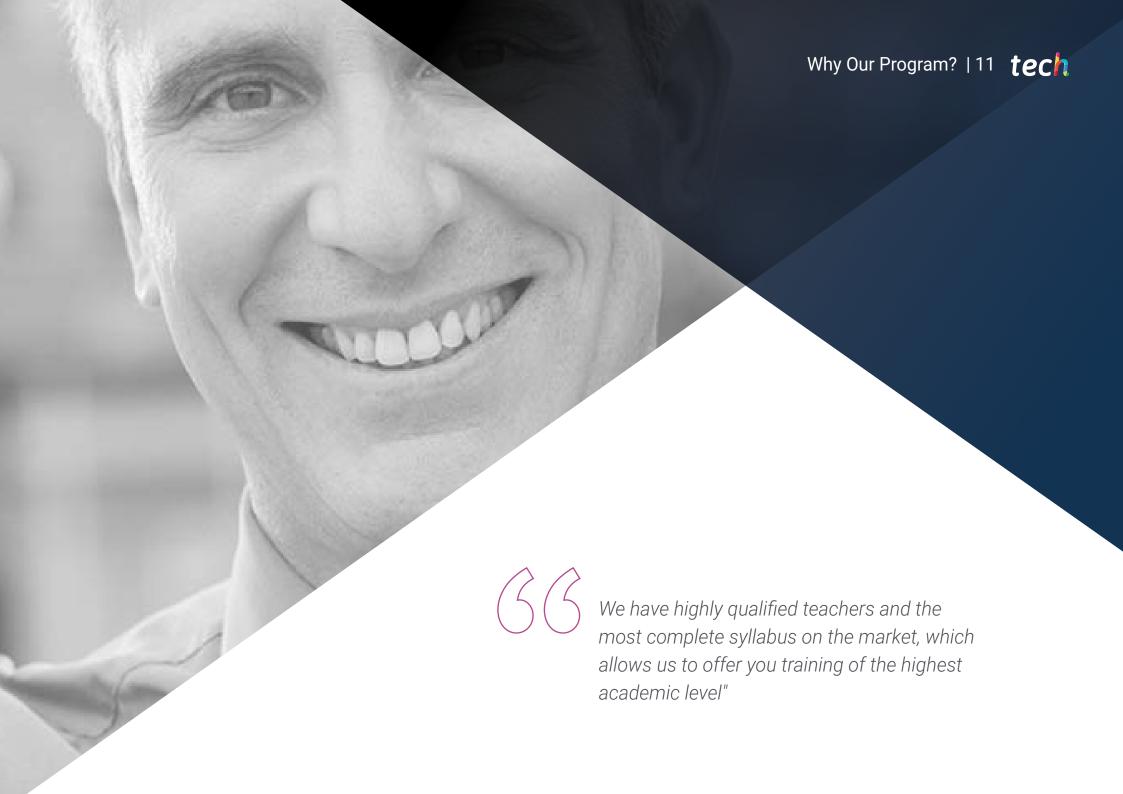
TECH offers students the best online learning methodology. The university combines the Relearning method (a postgraduate learning methodology with the highest international rating) with the Case Study. A complex balance between tradition and state-of-the-art, within the context of the most demanding academic itinerary.



Economy of Scale

TECH is the world's largest online university. It currently boasts a portfolio of more than 10,000 university postgraduate programs. And in today's new economy, **volume + technology = a ground-breaking price**. This way, TECH ensures that studying is not as expensive for students as it would be at another university.





tech 12 | Why Our Program?

This program will provide students with a multitude of professional and personal advantages, particularly the following:



A significant career boost

By studying at TECH, students will be able to take control of their future and develop their full potential. By completing this program, students will acquire the skills required to make a positive change in their career in a short period of time.

70% of participants achieve positive career development in less than 2 years.



Develop a strategic and global vision of companies

TECH offers an in-depth overview of general management to understand how each decision affects each of the company's different functional areas.

Our global vision of companies will improve your strategic vision.



Consolidate the student's senior management skills

Studying at TECH means opening the doors to a wide range of professional opportunities for students to position themselves as senior executives, with a broad vision of the international environment.

You will work on more than 100 real senior management cases.



Take on new responsibilities

The program will cover the latest trends, advances and strategies, so that students can carry out their professional work in a changing environment.

45% of graduates are promoted internally.



Access to a powerful network of contacts

TECH connects its students to maximize opportunities. Students with the same concerns and desire to grow. Therefore, partnerships, customers or suppliers can be shared.

You will find a network of contacts that will be instrumental for professional development.



Thoroughly develop business projects

Students will acquire a deep strategic vision that will help them develop their own project, taking into account the different areas in companies.

20% of our students develop their own business idea.



Improve soft skills and management skills

TECH helps students apply and develop the knowledge they have acquired, while improving their interpersonal skills in order to become leaders who make a difference.

Improve your communication and leadership skills and enhance your career.



Be part of an exclusive community

Students will be part of a community of elite executives, large companies, renowned institutions, and qualified professors from the most prestigious universities in the world: the TECH Global University community.

We give you the opportunity to train with a team of world renowned teachers.





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Your goals are our goals.

We work together to help you achieve them.

The Advanced Master's Degree in International Digital Entrepreneurship will train you to:



Know how to correctly administrate and manage companies of all sizes and sectors



Know the fundamentals of business administration from the description of its elements, its environment, function and organization



Gain an in-depth understanding of what Information and Communication Technologies are and their use in today's organizations



Know how to work with different types of ICT





Know how to do company accounting and finance



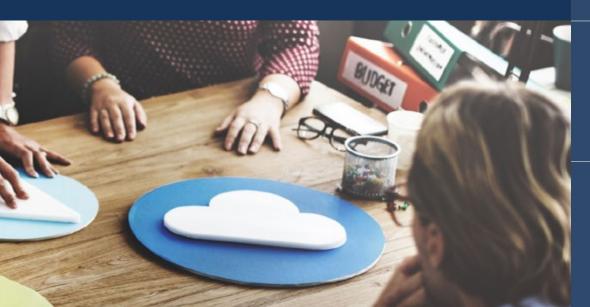
Have all necessary elements for assertive decision-making at your disposal



Understand areas of management and administration



Intervene in technological scenarios for training processes adaptable to the new context



10

Understand how to formulate annual accounts



Understand the criteria for valuing accounts



Interpret the characteristics, functions and types of the various information technology systems



Identify financial instruments



Understand special tax regimes and when they apply	25	Know how to manage digital campaigns
Learn to calculate various business taxes	26	Integrate new information technologies in virtual environments for training processes in different areas
23 Analyze the different strategies that exist in Digital Marketi	ing 27	Adapt to the new context, which means being involved and performing in digital enterprises
Define the most appropriate strategy in a given context an given objectives	d with	Analyze the implications of the global economic environment in business



Identify the variables to be considered in business decision making



Develop strategies to create new opportunities in existing markets



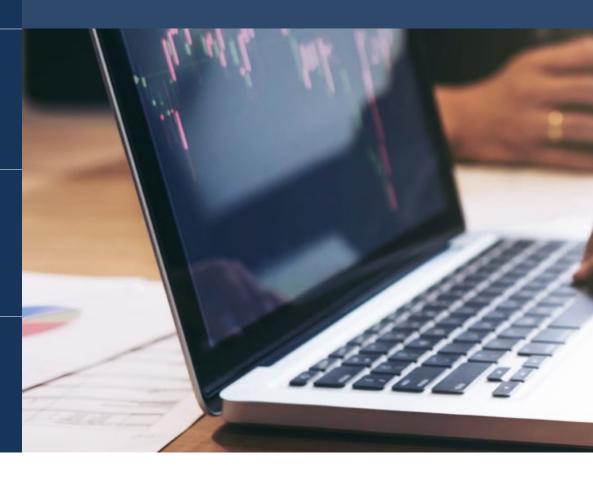
Analyze the importance of having initiative for business entrepreneurship



Understand the preponderant role of innovation as a differentiator for establishing business plans



Develop strategies to create new markets and new businesses



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Implement digitization strategies for a business, making the right decisions to achieve the planned objectives



Lead change processes in the company based on digitalization



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Identify the changes required to improve management and administration within the company, based on orienting the strategy to the digital environment

37

Develop management skills necessary to lead the growth and expansion of companies operating in digital environments

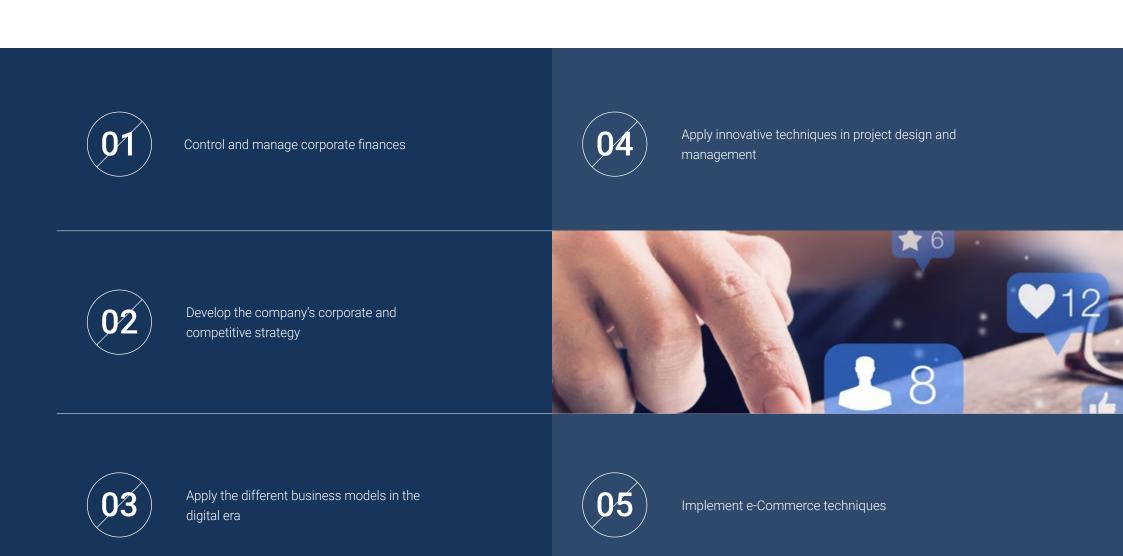
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Analyze and identify factors that generate difficulties or opportunities in digital environments











Implement digital marketing campaigns to improve the company's competitive position and its digital reputation



Use social networks as an indispensable tool to improve company recognition



09

Have extensive knowledge of consumer



Put search engine marketing techniques into practice



Perform web analytics to direct marketing and communication campaigns to effectively reach company objectives



Analyze the different strategies that exist in digital marketing and manage digital marketing campaigns



Understand the management strategies of information systems for the company to function properly



Promote innovation within companies in all sectors

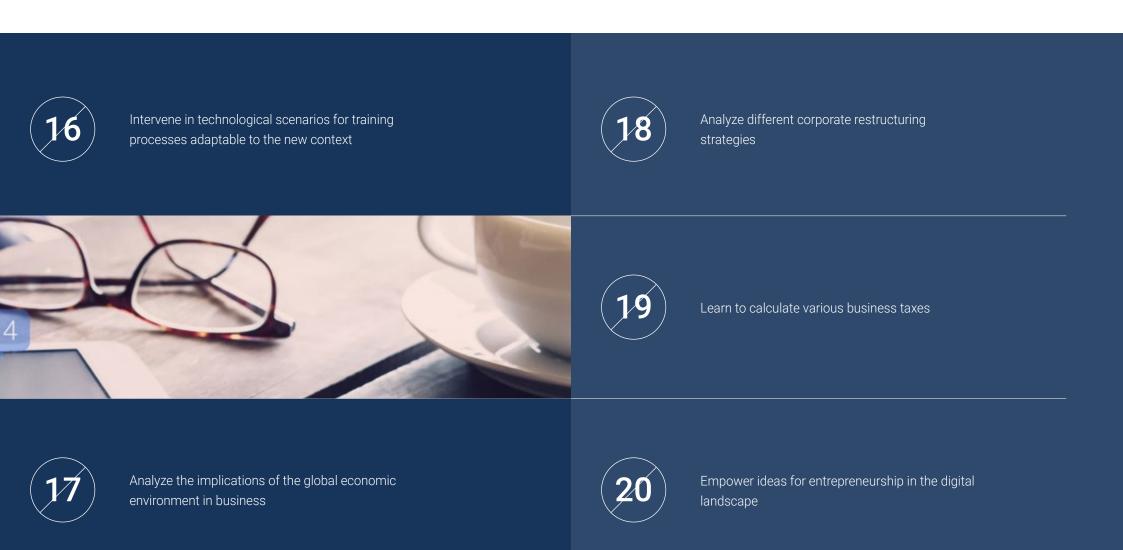


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Design a business plan from the beginning and become familiar with the available financing tools



Interpret the characteristics, functions and types of the various information technology systems

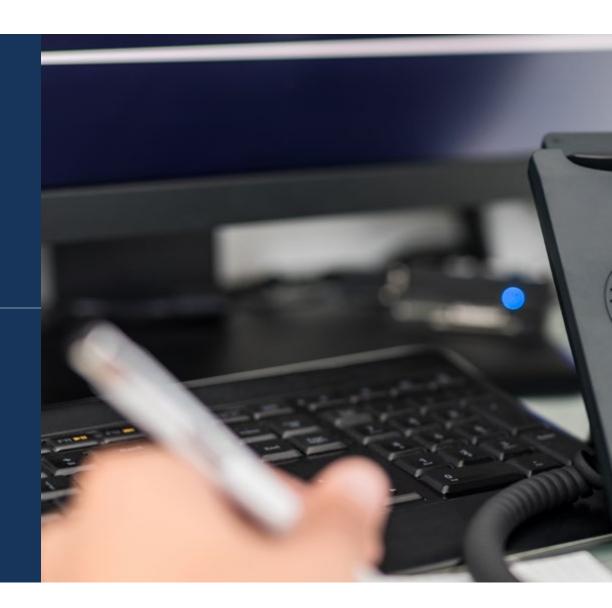


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Integrate new information technologies in virtual environments for training processes in different areas



Adapt to the new context, which means being involved and performing in digital enterprises





23

Identify the variables to be considered in business decision making

24

Manage and administer companies in the digital sector





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Syllabus

This Advanced Master's Degree in International Digital Entrepreneurship at TECH Global University is an intense program that prepares students to face challenges and business decisions both on a national and international level.

The content of the Advanced Master's Degree in International Digital Entrepreneurship is designed to promote the development of managerial skills that enable more thorough decision-making in uncertain environments.

Over the course of 3,000 hours of training, students will analyze a plethora of practical cases through individual and teamwork. It is, therefore, an authentic immersion in real business situations.

This Advanced Master's Degree in International Digital Entrepreneurship deals in depth with the main areas of a company, and is designed to train managers who understand business management from a strategic, international and innovative perspective.

A plan designed for students, focused on their professional improvement, that also prepares them to achieve excellence in the field of business management and administration. A program that understands your needs and those of your company through innovative content based on the latest trends, and supported by the best educational methodology and an exceptional teaching staff, which will provide you with the skills to creatively and efficiently resolve critical situations.

Module 1	Business Administration: Introduction and Organization
Module 2	Introduction to ICTs
Module 3	Financial Accounting
Module 4	Commercial Management I
Module 5	Business Management
Module 6	Company Tax Regime
Module 7	Digital Marketing Strategy
Module 8	Technology and Information in Digital Companies
Module 9	Founding and Managing Companies in the Digital Environment
Module 10	Innovation Management in Digital environments
Module 11	Competitive Environment and Strategy
Module 12	Entrepreneurial Innovation and Initiative
Module 13	Digital Marketing and e-Commerce
Module 14	Search Engine Marketing
Module 15	Digital Communication and Online Reputation
Module 16	Performance and Inbound Marketing
Module 16	Web Analytics and Marketing Analytics
Module 18	International Finance
Module 19	Mobile e-Commerce
Module 20	New Digital Trends



Where, When and How is it Taught?

This Advanced Master's Degree takes place over 24 months and is divided into two terms. You can complete it 100% online, even attending virtual workshops and conferences.

A unique, key, and decisive educational experience to boost your professional development and make the definitive leap.

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2.3.2. Concept
2.3.3. Types of Components
2.3.4. Applications

2.3.9. Drivers

2.3.10. Administration

Mod	lule 1. Business Administration: Introdu	uction a	and Organization				
1.1.1. 1.1.2. 1.1.3.	The Company and Its Components The Concept of a Company Functions and Classification of Business Objects The Business Community Types of Companies	1.2.1. 1.2.2. 1.2.3.	Models	1.3.2. 1.3.3.	The Business Environment Environment and Value General Environment Specific Environment Analysis Tools	1.4.1. 1.4.2. 1.4.3.	The Managerial Function Basic Concepts What Is Managing? Decision-Making Leadership
1.5. 1.5.1. 1.5.2. 1.5.3. 1.5.4.	Planning Components	1.6.3.	Business Control Concept, Types and Terminology Management Control Quality Control Balanced Scorecard	1.7.1. 1.7.2. 1.7.3.	Business Organization Basic Concepts Organizational Structure Cultural Dimensions Structural Models	1.8.1. 1.8.2. 1.8.3.	Human Resources Management Motivation Recruitment and Selection Personnel Training Performance Assessment
1.9.1. 1.9.2. 1.9.3. 1.9.4.	Strategic Marketing						
Mod	lule 2. Introduction to ICTs						
2.1.1. 2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Information Systems: Features, Functions and Types Introduction to ICTs Principles Features Onset		Advantages and Disadvantages Typology Types of Information Systems Business Processes	2.2.1.	Information Systems: Influence, Competitive Advantage and Strategies Based on Networks and Web 2.0 ICT Influences Current ICTs	2.2.4. 2.2.5.	Global ICTs Competitive Advantages Strategies Based on Web 2.0 Network Strategies
	Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) Components Concept	2.3.6. 2.3.7. 2.3.8.	Infrastructure Evolution History Current Situation and Development ICT Infrastructure Administration	2.4.1. 2.4.2.	Hardware and Hardware Trends Hardware Concept Hardware Evolution	2.4.7. 2.4.8.	Data Processing Accelerating Processes Storing Processed Data Graphic Visualization

2.4.5. Hardware Trends

2.4.4. Hardware and Software Classification

 2.5. Integration of Processing and Telecommunication Platforms 2.5.1. Integration 2.5.2. Conceptualization 2.5.3. Evolution 	2.5.4. Business Interdependence2.5.5. Integration and Competition2.5.6. Integration Tools2.5.7. Big Data	 2.6. Processing Modes, Virtualization and Multi-Core Processors 2.6.1. Different Models 2.6.2. Multiprocessor Systems 2.6.3. Concept of Processing 	2.6.4. Virtualization 2.6.5. Requirements 2.6.6. Hypervisors 2.6.7. Paravirtualization
 2.7. Software and Software Platforms 2.7.1. Software 2.7.2. Context 2.7.3. Concepts and Definitions 2.7.4. Applications 2.7.5. Software Platforms 2.7.6. Current Platforms 2.7.7. The Evolution of Platforms 	 2.8. Java Language and Business Application Integration 2.8.1. Java 2.8.2. Concepts 2.8.3. Features 	 2.8.4. Highlights 2.8.5. Business Applications Architecture 2.8.6. Concept 2.8.7. Integration in Companies 2.8.8. Transcoding 2.8.9. Adapting Semantic Content 	 2.9. Networks: Corporate Networks and Connectivity Technologies 2.9.1. Corporate Networks and Connectivity Technologies 2.9.2. Transformation 2.9.3. Connectivity in Companies
 2.9.4. Connectivity Solutions 2.9.5. Transmission Types and Means 2.9.6. Concept and Definitions 2.9.7. Transmission Maps 	2.10. The Internet, the Web, Web 2.0 and Web 3.0 2.10.1. What Is the Internet? 2.10.2. Conceptualization 2.10.3. Applications 2.10.4. Web 1.0 2.10.5. Conceptualization 2.10.6. Static Content	2.10.7. Dissemination 2.10.8. Web 2.0 2.10.9. Conceptualization 2.10.10. Dynamic Content 2.10.11. Development 2.10.12. Web 3.0 2.10.13. Conceptualization 2.10.14. Multidevice Content 2.10.15. The Intelligent Web	2.11. Business Tools for Communication and Coordination 2.11.1. Business Tools 2.11.2. Distance Management 2.11.3. Planning Communication 2.11.4. Coordination Methods 2.11.5. International Coordination 2.11.6. International Coordination 2.11.7. Concept of Online
2.12. Traditional File Organization, Data Management Systems, and Data Warehouses and Mining 2.12.1. Data storage 2.12.2. Data Analysis 2.12.3. Types of Storage 2.12.4. Type of Storable Information 2.12.5. Data Variability	2.12.6. Data Management Systems 2.12.7. Balanced Scorecard 2.12.8. Planning Process 2.12.9. Management Indicators 2.12.10. Data Mining 2.12.11. Concept 2.12.12. Computational Complexity Theory 2.12.13. Trends	 2.13. Company Systems: Business Management and Decision Support Systems 2.13.1. Decision Support Systems 2.13.2. Support Systems: DSS 2.13.3. Decision Making Based on Data Management 	2.13.4. Business Management Processes 2.13.5. Concept of Management 2.13.6. Stages of the Process
2.14. E-Commerce 2.14.1. E-Commerce Significance 2.14.2. Concept 2.14.3. B2B 2.14.4. Implications 2.14.5. E-Commerce Challenges 2.14.6. Main Types of e-Commerce	2.14.7. Types of e-Commerce 2.14.8. Trading Markets 2.14.9. Evolution and Repercussion 2.14.10. Expansion 2.14.11. Global Repercussion		

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4.1. Market Research

4.1.1. Consumer Behavior

4.1.2. Market Research Techniques4.1.3. Data Analysis Tools4.1.4. Scope and Limitations

Module 3. Financial Accounting			
 3.1. Financial Accounts: Components and Formulation 3.1.1. Balance Sheet, Income Statement and Financial Statement Notes 3.1.2. Statement of Changes in Equity 3.1.3. Cash Flow Statement 3.1.4. Financial Accounts Formulation Rules 3.1.5. Financial Statement Templates 	 3.2. Assessment Criteria 3.2.1. Historical Cost 3.2.2. Fair Value 3.2.3. Net Realizable Value 3.2.4. Utilization Value 3.2.5. Book or Carrying Value 3.2.6. Creative Accounting 	 3.3. Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets 3.3.1. Regulations and Method of Acquisition 3.3.2. Amortization 3.3.3. Impairment or Disposal Losses 3.3.4. Real Estate Investments 	 3.4. Financial Instruments 3.4.1. Financial Assets 3.4.2. Financial Liabilities 3.4.3. Risk Assessment, Identification and Management 3.4.4. Hedging and Trading 3.4.5. Equity Instruments Accounting
 3.5. Equity Study and Valuation 3.5.1. Balance Sheet Equity 3.5.2. Grants, Donations and Legacies 3.5.3. Equity and Adjustments for Changes in Value 	3.6. Restructuring Operations3.6.1. Mergers3.6.2. Demergers3.6.3. Non-Monetary Contributions3.6.4. Value Exchanges	 3.7. Income Tax 3.7.1. Corporate Income Tax Structure 3.7.2. Calculation and Recording of the Accrued Corporate Income Tax Expense 3.7.3. Permanent and Temporary Differences 	 3.8. Foreign Currency Accounting 3.8.1. Functional and Presentation Currency 3.8.2. Valuation of Monetary and Non-Monetary Items 3.8.3. Temporary Transaction Differences in Foreign Currencies
Module 4. Commercial Management I			

4.3. Media Planning

4.3.1. Audiences and Advertising Markets4.3.2. Selecting Media and Support4.3.3. Measuring Sustainability

4.4. Commercial Management

4.4.1. Internal and External Analysis. SWOT4.4.2. Sector and Competitive Analysis4.4.3. Models: Canvas

4.2. Advertising

4.2.1. The Importance of Public Companies

4.2.2. Purchase Experience4.2.3. Advertising and Digital Media

5.1.	Manager Functions: Organizational	5.2.	Change Management Process	5.3.	Decision Making		Strategic Planning
5.1.1. 5.1.2. 5.1.3.	Culture and Approaches Manager Functions Management Strategy Organizational Culture	5.2.2. 5.2.3.	Types Resistance Stimulating Innovation Management Models		Management and Decision-Making Processes Management Styles Types of Decisions	5.4.2.	Objectives Methods Planning Dynamic Environments
	The Process of Strategic Management Types of Processes Processes Mission and Analysis Implementing Processes and Assessment	5.6. 5.6.1. 5.6.2. 5.6.3.	Organizational Structures General Concepts Mechanistic Structures Organic Structures	5.7.1. 5.7.2.	- 1	5.8.1.	Team Development and Performance Definition and General Concepts Efficient Teams Global Teams
5.9.2.	Communication Methods	5.10.1. 5.10.2.	Interpersonal and Organizational Communication Basic Concepts Interpersonal Communication Organizational Communication	5.11.1 5.11.2	Company Motivation Concept of Motivation and Application Motivation Theories Motivation Implementation	5.12.1 5.12.2	Company Leadership Contingency Theories Types of Leadership Company Leadership Implementation
5.13.15.13.2	Operations Control Concepts of Control and Management Control Control Processes Measurements and Assessment	5.14.1. 5.14.2.	Operations Control Management Control Tools Correction Systems Operations Control Advantages and Problems	5.15.1 5.15.2 5.15.3 5.15.4	Operations Management The Importance of Management Value Chain Quality Management Storage Costs, Picking and Packing Distribution Costs		

Mod	Module 6. Company Tax Regime								
6.1.	Concept and Characteristics of Taxes	6.2.	Judicial Relationship and Tax Liability	6.3.	Exemption, Non-Taxation, Accrual and Enforceability	6.4.	Essential Components of Tax Liability		
6.5.	The Tax System and Tax Classification	6.6.	Corporate Income Tax Calculation	6.7.	Special Tax Regimes	6.8.	Calculating Personal Income Tax		
6.9.	VAT	6.10	. Liability						

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8.5.1. Company and Industry Sector Analysis 8.5.2. Online Business Models 8.5.3. The Value of IT in a Company

Мо	dule 7. Digital Marketing Strategies						
7.1.3	3	7.2. 7.2.1. 7.2.2. 7.2.3. 7.2.4.	Digital Marketing for Brand Reinforcement Brand Content and Storytelling Hyper-Segmentation Video Marketing Social Sales	7.3. 7.3.1. 7.3.2. 7.3.3.	Defining the Digital Marketing Strategy Closed Loop Marketing Continuous Loop Marketing Multichannel Marketing	7.4.1. 7.4.2.	Digital Marketing for Customer Engagement and Retention Hyper-Segmentation and Micro-Localization Loyalty and Engagement Strategies Using the Internet Visitor Relationship Management
7.5 .7.5.17.5.2	Digital Neuro-Marketing Avatar Marketing Bluecasting	7.6.3.		7.7. 7.7.1. 7.7.2. 7.7.3. 7.7.4.	Online Marketing Plan Online Research Creating an Online Marketing Plan Configuration and Activation Launch and Management	7.8.2.	Blended Marketing Integrating 'on' and 'off' Actions Personalization and Segmentation Improve User Experience
Мо	dule 8. Technology and Information in D	igital (Companies				
8.1 .3 8.1.3 8.1.3	2. Functioning and Importance of IT in the Company	8.2. 8.2.1. 8.2.2. 8.2.3.	Information Systems Management Business Information Systems Strategic Decisions The Role of the CIO	8.3.1. 8.3.2. 8.3.3.	Information Technology Strategic Planning The Process of Strategic Planning Formulating IS Strategies Strategy Implementation Plan	8.4.1. 8.4.2.	Information Systems and Business Intelligence CRM and Business Intelligence Project Management and Business Intelligence Business Intelligence Architecture
8.5 .	Corporate Management Applications Company and Industry Sector Analysis		Digital Transformation Technology-Based Business Models Innovation Abilities Processes		Technology and Trends E-Commerce Strategies Strategies Using Social Media		Outsourcing Information Technology Establishing IT Goals

8.6.3. Redesigning Value Chain Processes

8.7.1. E-Commerce Strategies 8.7.2. Strategies Using Social Media 8.7.3. E-Commerce Models

8.8.1. Establishing IT Goals 8.8.2. Supplier Selection

9.1. 9.1.1. 9.1.2. 9.1.3.	Global Economic Environment The Fundamentals of the Global Economy The Globalization of Companies and Financial Markets Entrepreneurship and New Markets	9.2. 9.2.1. 9.2.2. 9.2.3.	Corporate Finance Financial Policy and Growth Company Valuation Methods Capital Structure and Financial Leverage	9.3. 9.3.1. 9.3.2. 9.3.3. 9.3.4. 9.3.5.	Economic Analysis of Decisions Budget Control Competitive Analysis Comparative Analysis Decision-Making Business Investment or Divestment	9.4. 9.4.1. 9.4.2. 9.4.3.	Information Systems in Companies The Evolution of the IT Model Organization and IT Departments Information Technology and Economic Environment
9.5. 9.5.1. 9.5.2. 9.5.3.	Corporate Strategy and Technology Strategy Creating Value for Customers and Shareholders Strategic IS/IT Decisions Corporate Strategy vs. Technology and Digital Strategy	9.6.1. 9.6.2. 9.6.3.	Information Systems for Decision-Making Business Intelligence Data Warehouse Balanced Scorecard (BSC)	9.7. 9.7.1. 9.7.2. 9.7.3.	Digital Strategy Technology Strategy and Impact on Digital Innovation Strategic Planning of Information Technologies Strategy and the Internet	9.8. 9.8.1. 9.8.2. 9.8.3. 9.8.4.	
9.9.2.	Relationship Management (CRM) Supply Chain Management Systems	9.10.1 9.10.2 9.10.3	Social Businesses . Web 2.0 Strategic Vision and Its Challenges . Convergence Opportunities and ICT Trends . How to Monetize Web 2.0 and Social Media . Mobility and Digital Business				

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Module 10. Innovation Management in Digital environments

10.1. Design Thinking

- 10.1.1. The Blue Ocean Strategy
- 10.1.2. Collaborative Innovation
- 10.1.3. Open Innovation

10.2. Strategic Innovation Intelligence

- 10.2.1. Technology Monitoring
- 10.2.2. Technology Foresight
- 10.2.3. Coolhunting

10.3. Entrepreneurship and Innovation

- 10.3.1. Strategies to Search for Business Opportunities
- 10.3.2. Assessing the Feasibility of New Projects
- 10.3.3. Innovation Management Systems
- 10.3.4. Entrepreneurial Soft Skills

10.4. Managing Start-Ups

- 10.4.1. Introduction to Financial Management in Startup Companies
- 10.4.2. Financial Metrics for Start-Ups
- 10.4.3. Financial Planning: Projection Models and Interpretation
- 10.4.4. Valuation Methods
- 10.4.5. Legal Aspects

10.5. The Business Plan

- 10.5.1. Business Plans in the Digital Era
- 10.5.2. Models: Canvas
- 10.5.3. Value Proposition Model
- 10.5.4. Content and Presentation

10.6. Project Management

- 10.6.1. Agile Development
- 10.6.2. Lean Management in Startups
- 10.6.3. Monitoring and Project Management

10.7. Growth Phases in Startup Companies

- 10.7.1. Seed Phase
- 10.7.2. Startup Phase
- 10.7.3. Growth Phase
- 10.7.4. Consolidation Phase

10.8. Financing Startups

- 10.8.1. Bank Financing
- 10.8.2. Subsidies
- 10.8.3. Seed Capital and Accelerators Business Angels
- 10.8.4. Venture Capital IPO
- 10.8.5. Public to Private Partnership

10.9. National and International Venture Capital and Seed Capital Entities

- 10.9.1. Public Institutions: CDTI, ENISA
- 10.9.2. National and International Venture Capital **Entities**
- 10.9.3. Private Investors: Caixa Capital Risc Bstartup
- 10.9.4. FOND-ICO Global
- 10.9.5. Accelerators: Wayra, Lanzadera and Plug & Play

10.10. Lean Management

- 10.10.1. The Basic Principles of Lean Management
- 10.10.2. Improvement and Problem-Solving Teams
- 10.10.3. New Forms of Maintenance and Quality Management
- 10.10.4. Customer Communication Channels
- 10.10.5. Online Store Integration
- 10.10.6. Online Service Centers

Module 11. Competitive Environment and Strategy 11.2. Corporate Finance 11.1. Global Economic Environment 11.3. Economic Analysis of Decisions 11.4. Information Systems in Companies 11.2.1. Financial Policy and Growth 11.3.1. Budget Control 11.4.1. The Evolution of the IT Model 11.1.1. The Fundamentals of the Global Economy 11.3.2. Competitive Analysis Comparative Analysis 11.2.2. Company Valuation Methods 11.4.2. Organization and IT Departments 11.1.2. The Globalization of Companies and 11.3.3. Decision Making Business Investment or 11.2.3. Capital Structure and Financial Leverage 11.4.3. Information Technology and Economic Financial Markets Divestment Environment 11.1.3. Entrepreneurship and New Markets 11.5. Corporate Strategy and Technology 11.6. Information Systems for Decision 11.7. Digital Strategy 11.8. Online Business Models 11.7.1. Technology Strategy and Impact on Digital Strategy Making 11.8.1. Analyzing Established Companies in the Innovation Technology Sector 11.5.1. Creating Value for Customers and Shareholders 11.6.1. Business Intelligence 11.7.2. Strategic Planning of Information Technologies 11.8.2. Business Model Generation Systems 11.5.2. Strategic IS/IT Decisions 11.6.2. Data Warehouse 11.7.3. Strategy and the Internet 11.8.3. Analyzing Innovative Business Models in 11.5.3. Corporate Strategy vs. Technology and Digital 11.6.3. Balanced Scorecard (BSC) Traditional Sectors Strategy 11.8.4. Analyzing Innovative Business Models on the Internet 11.9. Company Systems based on 11.10. Social Business Internet Collaboration Web 2.0 Strategic Vision and Challenges 11.9.1. Customer Management Systems: Customer Relationship Management (CRM) Convergence Opportunities and ICT Trends How to Monetize Web 2.0 and Social Media 11.10.3. 11.9.2. Supply Chain Management Systems 11.10.4. Mobility and Digital Business 11.9.3. E-Commerce Systems Module 12. Entrepreneurial Innovation and Initiative 12.1. Design Thinking 12.2. Strategic Innovation Intelligence 12.3. Entrepreneurship and Innovation 12.4. Managing Startups 12.2.1. Technology Monitoring 12.1.1. The Blue Ocean Strategy 12.3.1. Strategies to Search for Business 12.4.1. Introduction to Financial Management in 12.2.2. Technology Foresight 12.1.2. Collaborative Innovation Opportunities Startup Companies 12.2.3. Coolhunting 12.1.3. Open Innovation 12.3.2. Assessing the Feasibility of New Projects 12.4.2. Financial Metrics for Startups 12.3.3. Innovation Management Systems 12.4.3. Financial Planning: Projection Models and 12.3.4. Entrepreneurial Soft Skills Interpretation

12.7. Growth Phases in Startup

Companies

12.7.4. Consolidation Phase

12.7.1. Seed Phase

12.7.2. Startup Phase

12.7.3. Growth Phase

12.5. The Business Plan

- 12.5.1. Business Plans in the Digital Era
- 12.5.2. Canvas Model
- 12.5.3. Value Proposition Model
- 12.5.4. Content and Presentation

12.6. Project Management

- 12.10.2. Improvement and Problem-Solving Teams
- Management

12.4.5. Legal Aspects

12.8.1. Bank Financing

12.4.4. Valuation Methods

- 12.8.2. Subsidies
- 12.8.3. Seed Capital and Accelerators Business Angels
- 12.8.4. Venture Capital IPO

12.8. Financing Startups

12.8.5. Public to Private Partnership

12.9. National and International Venture Capital and Seed Capital Entities

- 12.9.1. Public Institutions: CDTI. ENISA
- 12.9.2. National and International Venture Capital Entities
- 12.9.3. Private Investors: Caixa Capital Risc Bstartup
- 12.9.4. FOND-ICO Global
- 12.9.5. Accelerators: Wayra, Lanzadera y Plug & Play

- 12.6.1. Agile Development
- 12.6.2. Lean Management in Start-Ups

12.6.3. Project Tracking and Steering

12.10. Lean Management

- 12.10.1. The Basic Principles of Lean Management
- 12.10.3. New Forms of Maintenance and Quality

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Module 13. Digital Marketing and e-Commerce								
 13.1. Digital e-Commerce Management 13.1.1. New e-Commerce Business Models 13.1.2. Planning and Developing an e-Commerce Strategy Plan 13.1.3. Technological Structure in e-Commerce 	 13.2. E-Commerce Operations and Logistics 13.2.1. How to Manage Fulfillment 13.2.2. Digital Point-of-Sale Management 13.2.3. Contact Center Management 13.2.4. Automation in Management and Monitoring Processes 	 13.3. Implementing e-Commerce Techniques 13.3.1. Social Media and Integration in e-Commerce Plans 13.3.2. Multichannel Strategy 13.3.3. Personalizing Dashboards 	13.4. Digital Pricing 13.4.1. Online Payment Methods and Gateways 13.4.2. Electronic Promotions 13.4.3. Digital Price Timing 13.4.4. E-Auctions					
 13.5. From e-Commerce to m-Commerce and s-Commerce 13.5.1. E-Marketplace Business Models 13.5.2. S-Commerce and Brand Experience 13.5.3. Purchasing via Mobile Devices 	 13.6. Customer Intelligence: from e-CRM to s-CRM 13.6.1. Integrating the Consumer in the Value Chain 13.6.2. Online Research and Loyalty Techniques 13.6.3. Planning a Customer Relationship Management Strategy 	 13.7. Digital Marketing Trade 13.7.1. Cross Merchandising 13.7.2. Designing and Managing Facebook Ads Campaigns 13.7.3. Designing and Managing Google Adwords Campaigns 	13.8. Online Marketing for e-Commerce 13.8.1. Inbound Marketing 13.8.2. Display and Programmatic Purchasing 13.8.3. Communication Plan					
Module 14. Search Engine Marketing								
14.1. How Search Engines Work 14.1.1. Indicators and Indexes 14.1.2. Algorithms 14.1.3. SEO and Corporate Branding	14.2. SEO Analysis 14.2.1. Determining KPIs 14.2.2. Generating Scripts and Alerts 14.2.3. Image, Video and Other Elements Optimization	14.3. Technical SEO 14.3.1. Web Performance Optimization 14.3.2. Real Time and Content 14.3.3. Relevant Tagging and Headers 14.3.4. Advanced WPO Techniques	14.4. SEO and e-Commerce 14.4.1. Conversion Rate Optimization 14.4.2. Google WebMaster Tools 14.4.3. Social Proof and Viralization 14.4.4. Navigation and Indexability					

14.5. Keyword Hunting for SEM

14.5.1. Adwords Keyword Tool

14.5.2. Google Suggest 14.5.3. Insights for Search

14.5.4. GoogleTrends

Optimization

14.2.4. Linkbuilding

14.6. SEM and Google Adwords

14.6.1. Google Shopping

14.6.2. Google Display Network

14.6.3. Google AdWords Mobile

14.6.4. Advertising on YouTube

14.7. Facebook Ads

14.7.1. PPC/PPF (Pay-Per-Fan) Adverts 14.7.2. Creating Facebook Ads

14.7.3. Facebook Power Editor

14.7.4. Campaign Optimization

14.4.4. Navigation and indexability

14.8. SEM Strategy and Measurement 14.8.1. Quality Score

14.8.2. Site Links

14.8.3. KPIs

14.8.4. Impressions, Clicks, Conversions. Revenue, ROI, CPA

15.1. Web 2.0 or the Social Web 15.1.1. Organization in the Age of Conversation 15.1.2. Web 2.0 Is All About People 15.1.3. Digital Environment and New Communication Formats	 15.2. Digital Communication and Reputation 15.2.1. Online Reputation Report 15.2.2. Netiquette and Good Practices on Social Media 15.2.3. Branding and Networking 2.0 	 15.3. Designing and Planning an Online Reputation Plan 15.3.1. Overview of the Main Social Media in Spain 15.3.2. Brand Reputation Plan 15.3.3. General metrics, ROI, and Social CRM 15.3.4. Online Crisis and Reputational SEO 	15.4. General, Professional, and Microblogging Platforms 15.4.1. Facebook 15.4.2. LinkedIn 15.4.3. Google+ 15.4.4. Twitter
15.5. Video, Image, and Mobility Platforms 15.5.1. YouTube 15.5.2. Instagram 15.5.3. Flickr 15.5.4. Vimeo 15.5.5. Pinterest	15.6. Content and Storytelling Strategy 15.6.1. Corporate Blogging 15.6.2. Content Marketing Strategy 15.6.3. Creating a Content Plan 15.6.4. Content Curation Strategy	 15.7. Social Media Strategies 15.7.1. Corporate PR and Social Media 15.7.2. Defining the Strategy to Be Followed in Each Medium 15.7.3. Analysis and Evaluation of Results 	15.8. Community Management 15.8.1. Functions, Duties, and Responsibilities of Community Managers 15.8.2. Social Media Manager 15.8.3. Social Media Strategist
15.9. Social Media Plan 15.9.1. Designing a Social Media Plan 15.9.2. Schedule, Budget, Expectations, and Monitoring 15.9.3. Contingency Protocol in Case of Crisis	15.10. Online Monitoring Tools 15.10.1. Management Tools and Desktop Applications 15.10.2. Monitoring and Research Tools		
Module 16. Performance and Inbound M			
16.1. Permission Marketing 16.1.1. How to Obtain User Permission	16.2. Strategy and Performance Techniques	16.3. Affiliate Campaign Development 16.3.1. Agencies and Affiliate Programs	16.4. Launching an Affiliate Program 16.4.1. Affiliation and Direct Affiliation Networks

- 16.1.1. How to Obtain User Permission
- 16.1.2. Personalizing the Message
- 16.1.3. Mail Confirmation or Double Opt-in

Techniques

- 16.2.1. Performance Marketing: Results
- 16.2.2. Digital Media Mix
- 16.2.3. The Importance of the Funnel

- 16.3.1. Agencies and Affiliate Programs
- 16.3.2. Postview
- 16.3.3. Defining Affiliate Programs
- 16.3.4. Display and Campaign Optimization
- 16.4.1. Affiliation and Direct Affiliation Networks
- 16.4.2. Results Analysis and Monitoring
- 16.4.3. Fraud Control

16.5. Developing Campaigns Via e-mailing

- 16.5.1. Lists of Subscribers, Leads, and Customers
- 16.5.2. e-Mail Marketing Tools and Resources
- 16.5.3. Online Writing for e-Mail Marketing Campaigns

16.6. e-Mail Marketing Metrics

- 16.6.1. List Metrics
- 16.6.2. Newsletter Delivery Metrics
- 16.6.3. Conversion Metrics

16.7. Inbound Marketing

- 16.7.1. Effective Inbound Marketing
- 16.7.2. The Benefits of Inbound Marketing
- 16.7.3. Measuring the Success of Inbound Marketing

16.8. Target Research

- 16.8.1. Consumer Intent Modelling and Buyer Personas
- 16.8.2. Customer Journey Mapping
- 16.8.3. Content Strategy

16.9. Content Optimization

- 16.9.1. Content Optimization for Search Engines
- 16.9.2. Content Creation
- 16.9.3. Content Dynamization

16.10. Conversion

- 16.10.1. Lead Capturing and CRO
- 16.10.2. Lead Nurturing and Marketing Automation

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Module 17. Web Analytics and Marketing	Analytics		
17.1. Web Analysis 17.1.1. The Fundamentals of Web Analytics 17.1.2. Classic Media vs Digital Media 17.1.3. The Web Analyst's Basic Methodology	17.2. Google Analytics 17.2.1. Configuring an Account 17.2.2. Javascript Tracking API 17.2.3. Customized Reports and Segments	 17.3. Qualitative Analysis 17.3.1. Research Techniques Applied in Web Analytics 17.3.2. Customer Journey 17.3.3. Purchase Funnel 	17.4. Digital Metrics 17.4.1. Basic Metrics 17.4.2. Ratios 17.4.3. Setting Objectives and KPIs
17.5. Strategy Analysis Areas 17.5.1. Web Traffic Acquisition 17.5.2. Activation 17.5.3. Conversion 17.5.4. Loyalty Module 18. International Finance	 17.6. Data Science and Big Data 17.6.1. Business Intelligence 17.6.2. Methodology and Analysis of Large Volumes of Data 17.6.3. Data Extraction, Processing, and Loading 	17.7. Viewing Data 17.7.1. Viewing and Interpreting Dashboards 17.7.2. Converting Data into Value 17.7.3. Integrating Sources 17.7.4. Presenting Reports	17.8. Web Analytics Tools 17.8.1. Technological Basis of WA Tool 17.8.2. Logs and Tags 17.8.3. Basic and Ad-hoc Labeling
 18.1. Process Engineering and Product Engineering 18.1.1. Innovation Strategies 18.1.2. Open Innovation 18.1.3. Innovative Organization and Culture 18.1.4. Multi-functional Teams 	 18.2. Launch and Industrialization of New Products 18.2.1. Designing New Products 18.2.2. Lean Design 18.2.3. Industrializing New Products 18.2.4. Manufacture and Assembly 	18.3. E-Logistics B2C and B2B 18.3.1. E-Logistics 18.3.2. B2C E-Fulfillment, the Last Mile 18.3.3. B2B E-Procurement Marketplaces	18.4. Legal Aspects in e-Commerce 18.4.1. EU and Spanish Regulations 18.4.2. Data Protection 18.4.3. Fiscal Aspects in e-Commerce 18.4.4. General Sales Conditions
 18.5. The Warehouse in E-Commerce 18.5.1. Peculiarities of the Warehouse in E-Commerce 18.5.2. Warehouse Design and Planning 18.5.3. Infrastructure: Fixed and Mobile Devices 18.5.4. Zoning and Locations 	18.6. Designing an Online Store 18.6.1. Design and Usability 18.6.2. Most Common Functionalities 18.6.3. Alternative Technologies	 18.7. Supply Chain Management and Future Trends 18.7.1. The Future of e-Business 18.7.2. The Current and Future Reality of E-Commerce 18.7.3. SC Operating Models for Global Companies 	

Module 19. Mobile E-Commerce 19.2. Mobile Technology 19.3. Trends in Mobile Marketing 19.4. Mobile User Behavior 19.1. Mobile Marketing 19.1.1. New Consumption and Mobility Habits 19.2.1. Mobile Operators 19.3.1. Mobile Publishing 19.4.1. New Search Habits on Mobile Devices 19.1.2. SoLoMo Model 19.2.2. Mobile Devices and Operating Systems 19.3.2. Advergaming and Gamification 19.4.2. Multi-Screen 19.1.3. The 4 Ps of Mobile Marketing Mix 19.2.3. Mobile Applications and WebApps 19.3.3. Mobile Geolocalization 19.4.3. Mobile as a Purchasing Driver 19.2.4. Sensors and Integration with the Physical 19.3.4. Augmented Reality 19.4.4. ASO, Mobile User Acquisition and Loyalty World 19.5. User Interface and Shopping 19.6. Apps and Purchases 19.7. Mobile Payments 19.8. Mobile Analytics Experience 19.6.1. Designing Mobile Commerce Apps 19.7.1. Value Chain and Business Models of Mobile 19.8.1. Mobile Measurement and Analysis 19.5.1. Rules and Platforms M-Commerce 19.6.2. App Stores Payment Methods Methodologies 19.6.3. App Marketing for Customer Loyalty 19.7.2. Keys to Improve UX in Mobile Payment 19.8.2. Mobile Metrics: Main KPIs 19.5.2. Omnichannel 19.6.4. App Marketing for E-Commerce 19.8.3. Profitability Analysis 19.7.3. Positioning Strategies in the Mobile Payment 19.5.3. Mobile & Proximity Marketing Market 19.8.4. Mobile Analytics 19.5.4. Gap between Consumer and Advertiser 19.7.4. Fraud Management 19.5.5. Mobile Commerce Content Managers 19.10. Mobile Social Media Applications 19.9. Mobile Commerce 19.10.1. Integrating Cell Phones into Social Networks 19.9.1. Services 19.9.2. Applications 19.10.2. Mobility, Relationship, Ubiquity, and 19.9.3. Mobile Social Shopping Advertisina 19.10.3. Facebook Places 19.10.4. Geolocation. Mobile Directories. Online Recommendations, and Shopping

Module 20. New Digital Trends

20.1. The Internet of Things

- 20.1.1. Visions and Challenges
- 20.1.2. Key Technologies

20.2.4. Benefits and Return on Investment

20.2. Gamification

20.1.3. Pioneering Projects

- 20.6.1. Modeling Using DEVS
 - 20.6.2. Modeling Random Inputs
 - 20.6.3. Generating Random Inputs
 - 20.6.4. Experiments and Optimization Design

20.3. Big Data

- 20.3.1. Sectoral Application
- 20.3.2. Business Models
- 20.3.3 New Professions

20.7. Implementing Cryptography in **Technology Projects**

- 20.7.1. Electronic Signatures
- 20.7.2. Digital Certificates
- 20.7.3. Data Encryption
- 20.7.4. Practical Applications of Cryptography

20.4. Artificial Intelligence

- 20.4.1. Methodological Aspects in Artificial Intelligence
- 20.4.2. Heuristic Search
- 20.4.3. Rule Inference Methods
- 20.4.4 Semantic Networks

20.8. Other Trends

- 20.8.1. 3D Printing
- 20.8.2. Drones
- 20.8.3. Artificial Vision.
- 20.8.4. Augmented Reality

20.5. Robotics

- 20.5.1. Robot Morphology
- 20.5.2. Mathematical Tools for Spatial Localization
- 20.5.3. Cinematic Control
- 20.5.4. Criteria for Implementing an Industrial Robot

20.6. Modelling and Simulation

20.2.1. Business Gamification Techniques

20.2.3. Operating Mechanisms and Motivation

20.2.2. Gamification Design Framework



This academic program offers students a different way of learning. Our methodology uses a cyclical learning approach: **Relearning.**

This teaching system is used, for example, in the most prestigious medical schools in the world, and major publications such as the **New England Journal of Medicine** have considered it to be one of the most effective.



tech 48 | Methodology

TECH Business School uses the Case Study to contextualize all content

Our program offers a revolutionary approach to developing skills and knowledge. Our goal is to strengthen skills in a changing, competitive, and highly demanding environment.





This program prepares you to face business challenges in uncertain environments and achieve business success.



Our program prepares you to face new challenges in uncertain environments and achieve success in your career.

A learning method that is different and innovative

This TECH program is an intensive educational program, created from scratch to present executives with challenges and business decisions at the highest level, whether at the national or international level. This methodology promotes personal and professional growth, representing a significant step towards success. The case method, a technique that lays the foundation for this content, ensures that the most current economic, social and business reality is taken into account.



You will learn, through collaborative activities and real cases, how to solve complex situations in real business environments"

The case method has been the most widely used learning system among the world's leading business schools for as long as they have existed. The case method was developed in 1912 so that law students would not only learn the law based on theoretical content. It consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make informed decisions and value judgments on how to resolve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method.

What should a professional do in a given situation? This is the question we face in the case method, an action-oriented learning method. Throughout the program, the studies will be presented with multiple real cases. They must integrate all their knowledge, research, argue and defend their ideas and decisions.

tech 50 | Methodology

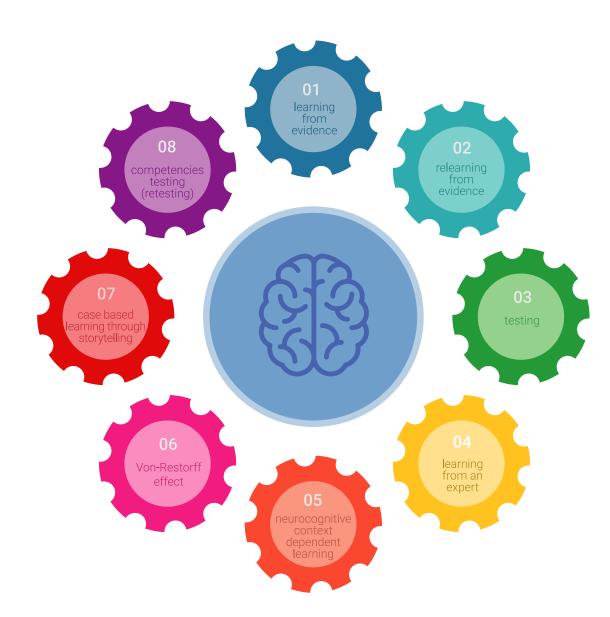
TECH effectively combines the Case Study methodology with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, which combines different teaching elements in each lesson.

We enhance the Case Study with the best 100% online teaching method: Relearning.

Our online system will allow you to organize your time and learning pace, adapting it to your schedule. You will be able to access the contents from any device with an internet connection.

At TECH you will learn using a cutting-edge methodology designed to train the executives of the future. This method, at the forefront of international teaching, is called Relearning.

Our online business school is the only one in the world licensed to incorporate this successful method. In 2019, we managed to improve our students' overall satisfaction levels (teaching quality, quality of materials, course structure, objectives...) based on the best online university indicators.



Methodology | 51 **tech**

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically. With this methodology we have trained more than 650,000 university graduates with unprecedented success in fields as diverse as biochemistry, genetics, surgery, international law, management skills, sports science, philosophy, law, engineering, journalism, history, markets, and financial instruments. All this in a highly demanding environment, where the students have a strong socio-economic profile and an average age of 43.5 years.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your specialization, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation to success.

From the latest scientific evidence in the field of neuroscience, not only do we know how to organize information, ideas, images and memories, but we know that the place and context where we have learned something is fundamental for us to be able to remember it and store it in the hippocampus, to retain it in our long-term memory.

In this way, and in what is called neurocognitive context-dependent e-learning, the different elements in our program are connected to the context where the individual carries out their professional activity.

tech 52 | Methodology

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Classes

There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful.

Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.



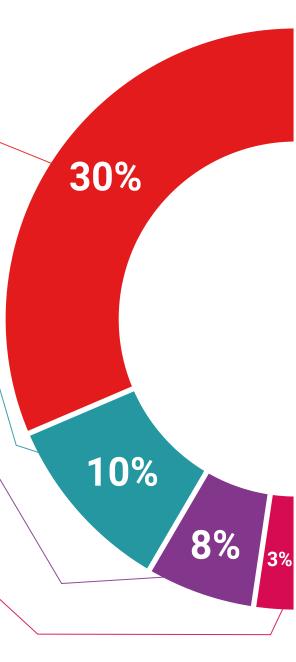
Management Skills Exercises

They will carry out activities to develop specific executive competencies in each thematic area. Practices and dynamics to acquire and develop the skills and abilities that a high-level manager needs to develop in the context of the globalization we live in.



Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.





Students will complete a selection of the best case studies chosen specifically for this program. Cases that are presented, analyzed, and supervised by the best senior management specialists in the world.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.



This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".

Testing & Retesting

We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.



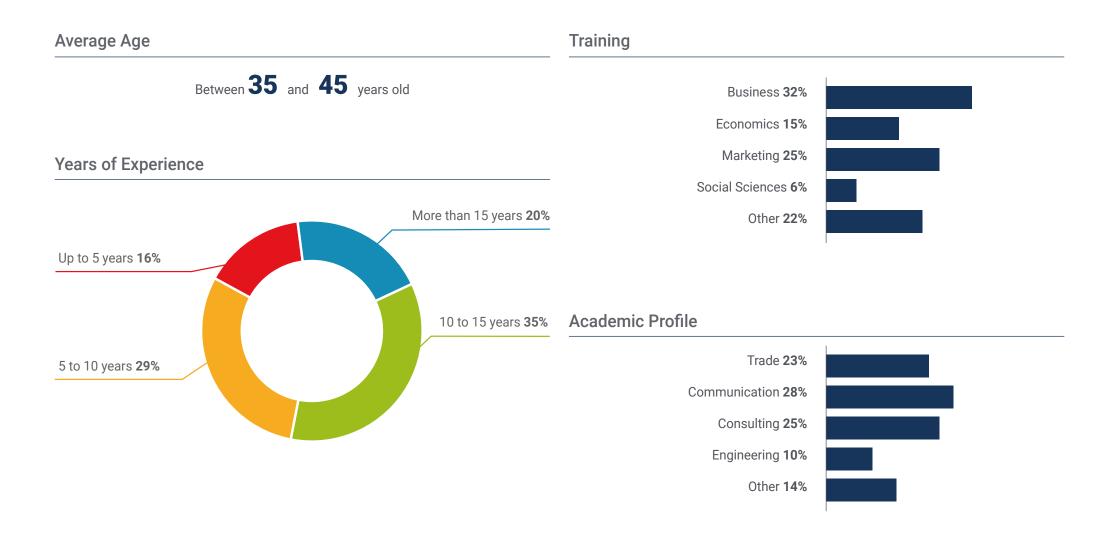


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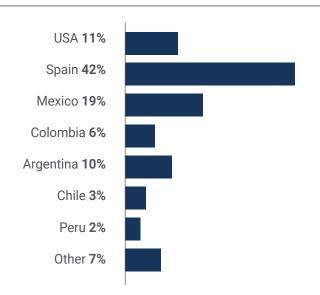




tech 56 | Our Students' Profiles



Geographical Distribution



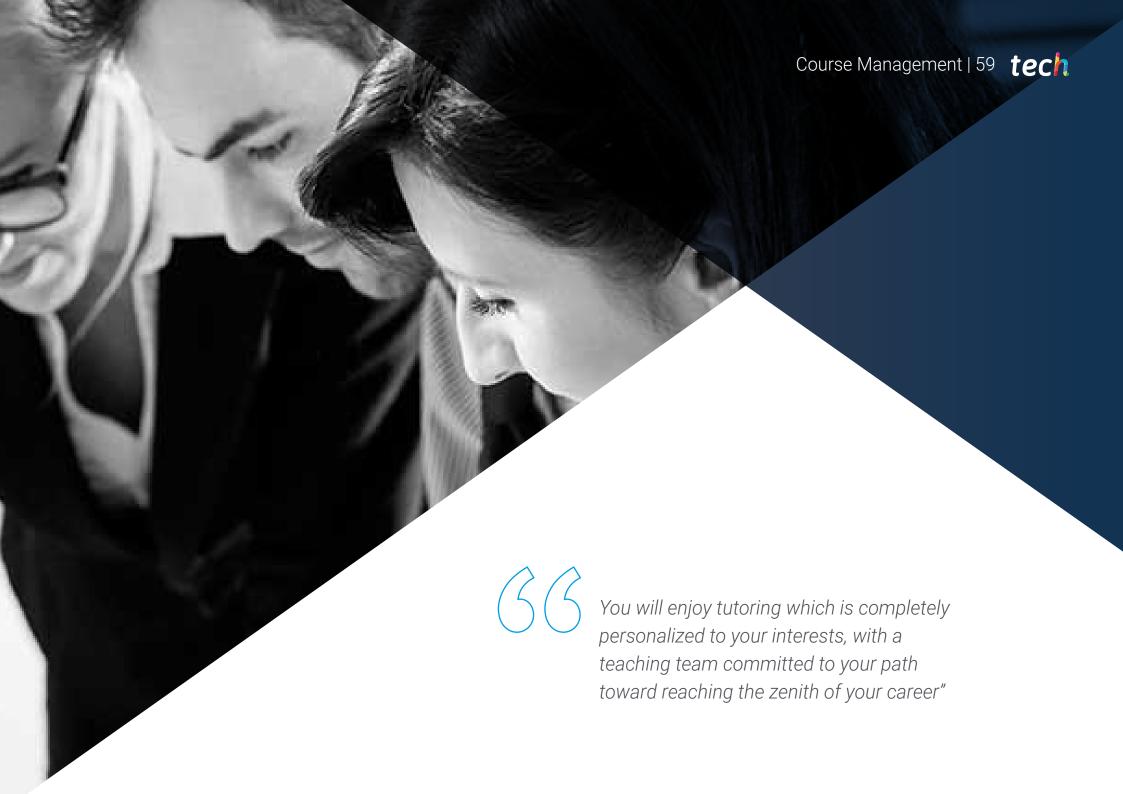


Pedro García

Managing director at a multinational company

"No matter how much you want to, considering an Advanced Master's Degree is not a simple matter, especially when you have to balance it with your professional and family life. However, the Advanced Master's Degree in International Digital Entrepreneurship at TECH Global University gave me the opportunity to do it. The excellent professors made the learning experience even more enriching. Largely as a result of that, today I'm the director of a large company, a new role that I play with enthusiasm and my best work. In short, change that comes from action"





International Guest Director

Recognized among the 35 Global Innovative Leaders under 35 by the MIT Tech Review, Rebeca Hwang is a prominent personality on the international business and entrepreneurship scene. This expert stands out for her experience, versatility and success in developing venture capital investments. In addition, she has been co-founder and partner of entrepreneurial projects in different countries such as the United States, Mexico, Malaysia, South Korea, Iceland, Peru and Iceland.

Among other responsibilities, Hwang serves as Director of the Thunderbird Center for Global Entrepreneurship and Family Business. There she has established herself as an influential corporate leader. In addition, her role as Managing Partner of Kalei Ventures, an investment firm that focuses on early-stage technology startups in Latin America, has contributed to the growth and development of numerous companies in that region. Prior to Kalei, she was co-founder and CEO of Rivet Ventures, focused on women-led companies, highlighting the importance of gender inclusion in the entrepreneurial world.

In addition to her business accomplishments, she is a prolific inventor with 12 patents granted and 9 pending. She has also been a passionate supporter of driving change opportunities for family-owned businesses. Her dedication to working with new generations of small entrepreneurs in technology, investment in alternative assets and entrepreneurship makes her a true visionary in the contemporary corporate context.

On the other hand, she has been involved in the founding of organizations such as Cleantech Open, Startup Malaysia and Startup Nations Summit, which evidence her commitment to supporting budding businesses around the world. In addition, her assiduous collaboration with various initiatives and committees, as well as her experience as a TED speaker, underscore her global influence.



Dr. Hwang, Rebeca

- Director of the Thunderbird Center for Global Entrepreneurship and Family
- Business at the University of Arizona
- Entrepreneur specialized in Venture Capital Investing
- Inventor with 12 granted patents and 9 pending patents
- Academic collaborator at Stanfford University
- Managing Partner of Kalei Ventures
- Managing Director of Rivet Ventures
- Co-founder and President of the startup YouNoodle
- Co-founder of Cleantech Open
- Co-founder of Startup Malaysia
- Co-founder of Startup Nations Summit
- Member of:
- · Access to Capital Committee of the United States-Mexico Council for
- Entrepreneurship and Innovation
- · Kauffman's GEN Global Council
- World Economic Forum's Global Council on the Future of Migration



Thanks to TECH, you will be able to learn with the best professionals in the world"

Management



Mr. Galán, José

- Specialist in the Online Marketing, e-Commerce, SEO, SEM, and Blogging fields
- Director of e-Marketing at TECH Global University
- Blogger on "Cosas sobre Marketing Online" www.josegalan.es
- Director of Corporate Marketing at Médica Panamericana
- Degree in Advertising and Public Relations. Complutense University of Madrid
- European Higher Program in Digital Marketing ESIC



Dr. López Rausell, Adolfo

- Director of Tech Business School
- Technical Direction in Projects and Market Studies at Investgroup
- Management at Club de Innovación de la Comunidad Valenciana (Innovation Club of the Valencian Community)
- $\bullet\,$ Degree in Economics and Business Administration from the University of Valencia
- Diploma in Marketing in ESEM Business School







If you want to make a positive change in your profession, the Advanced Master's Degree in International Digital Entrepreneurship will help you achieve it.

Are you ready to take the leap? Excellent professional development awaits you

This TECH Global University Advanced Master's Degree in International Digital Entrepreneurship is an intense program that prepares you to face challenges and business decisions both on a national and international level. The main objective is to promote your personal and professional growth. TECH is here to help you achieve success.

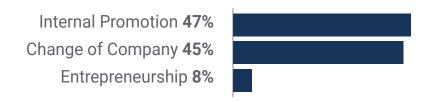
Therefore, those who wish to improve themselves, achieve a Generating Positive Change at a professional level and interact with the best will find their place at TECH.

Don't miss the opportunity to train with TECH and you will find the career boost you were looking for.

When the change occurs



Type of change



Salary Increase

This program represents a salary increase of more than **25%** for our students.

\$57,900

A salary increase of

25.22%

\$72,500





tech 70 | Benefits for Your Company

Developing and retaining talent in companies is the best long-term investment.



Intellectual Capital and Talent Growth

The executive will introduce the company to new concepts, strategies, and perspectives that can bring about significant changes in the organization.



Retaining high-potential executives to avoid talent drain

This program strengthens the link between the company and the executive and opens new avenues for professional growth within the company.



Building agents of change

The manager will be able to make decisions in times of uncertainty and crisis, helping the organization overcome obstacles.



Increased international expansion possibilities

Thanks to this program, the company will come into contact with the main markets in the world economy.





Project Development

Managers will be able to work on a real project or develop new projects in the R&D or Business Development area of their company.



Increased competitiveness

This Advanced Master's Degree will equip students with the skills to take on new challenges and drive the organization forward.







tech 74 | Certificate

This program will allow you to obtain your **Advanced Master's Degree diploma in International Digital Entrepreneurship** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (*official bulletin*). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** title is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Advanced Masters Degree in International Digital Entrepreneurship

Modality: online

Duration: 2 years

Accreditation: 120 ECTS



^{*}Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper diploma issued with an apostille, TECH Global University will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.



Advanced Master's Degree International Digital Entrepreneurship

» Modality: online

» Duration: 2 years

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Credits: 120 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

