



Professional Master's Degree

Family Therapy and Stress

» Modality: online

» Duration: 12 months

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Accreditation: 60 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

We b site: www.techtitute.com/us/psychology/professional-master-degree/master-family-therapy-stress

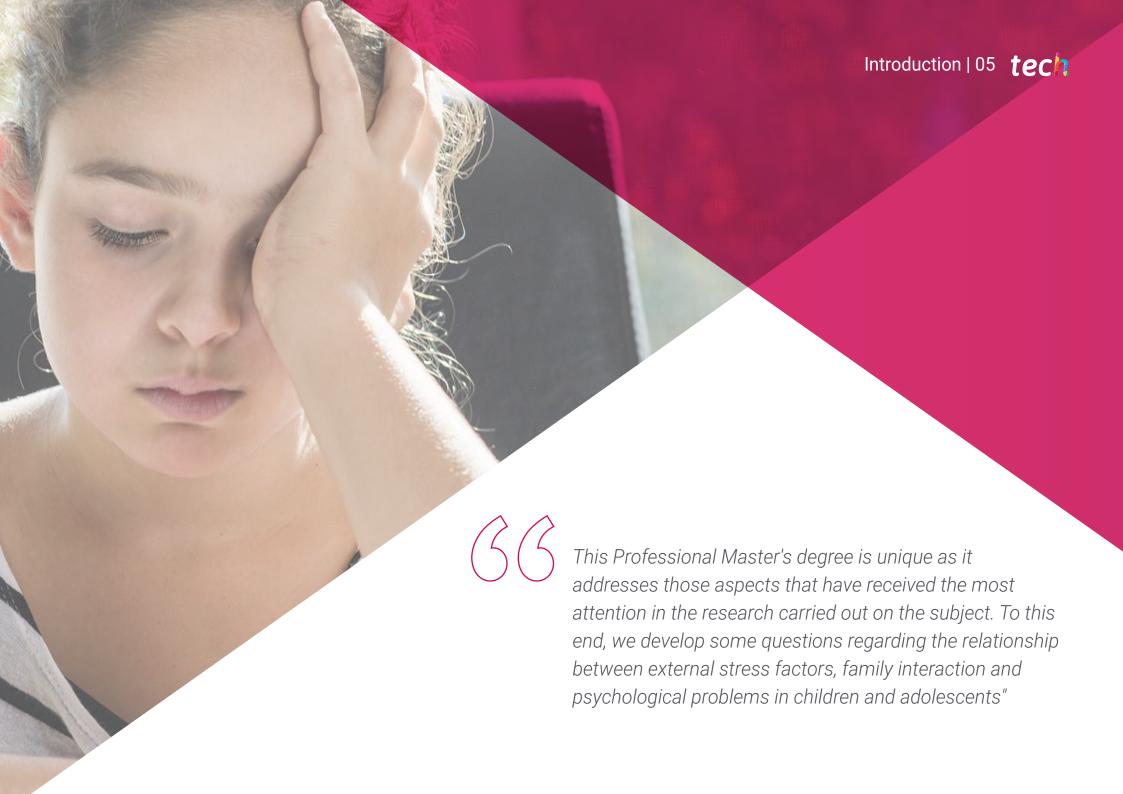
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Gradually, it has begun to be recognized that family dynamics can not only protect its members against certain adversities, or be affected by certain disorders of the same, but also that certain aspects of family functioning, can contribute with special force to its members (especially children and adolescents), develop maladaptive behaviors, not only in the family environment, but also in other areas and other disorders, as is the case of emotional or psychosomatic disorders.

The hypothesis of researchers on the subject, has been that the negative impact that certain external factors may have on the development of emotional and behavioral problems in children and adolescents is directly shaped by family structure and dynamics. In many cases, stress factors can modify the family environment to such an extent that they become dysfunctional.

One of the most commonly studied family pathology factors has been economic. Different research has brought to light that economics has a negative influence on psychological well-being and family relationships. In addition, there has been an increase in the number of studies which show the influence of economic stress on children and adolescents is shaped by the type of relationship that exists between parents and children. However, the processes through which economic stress can generate emotional "distress" or negatively affect family relationships still haven't been adequately proved and clarified. One attempt to clarify such processes is that of Conger and colleagues, whose theoretical model proposes that economic stress experienced by parents increases both disharmony and conflict between parents and problems between parents and children over money-related issues. Specifically, they claim that economic stress among parents provokes high levels of irritability in the couple, alongside more stubborn attitudes in relation to money management which can, in turn, result in more general hostility towards their children. These hostile and coercive behavioral changes towards children can generate or increase any emotional and behavioral problems they may have.

This **Professional Master's Degree in Family Therapy and Stress** contains the most complete and up-to-date program on the market. The most important features of this course include:

- Development of more than 75 clinical cases presented by expert psychologists
- The graphic, schematic, and practical contents with which they are created provide scientific and practical information on the disciplines that are essential for professional practice
- New diagnostic and therapeutic developments in the assessment, diagnosis and intervention of the biological and neurological processes that explain mental illness
- It contains practical exercises where the self-assessment process can be carried out to improve learning
- An algorithm-based interactive learning system for decision-making in the clinical situations presented throughout the course
- Special emphasis on evidence-based psychology and research methodologies
- All of this will be complemented by theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection assignments
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection





This Professional Master's Degree is the best investment you can make when selecting a refresher program, for two reasons: in addition to updating your knowledge in Family Therapy and Stress, you will obtain a qualification with university curricular value"

The faculty includes professionals from the field of psychology, who bring their experience to this Professional Master's Degree program, as well as renowned specialists from leading scientific societies.

The multimedia content developed with the latest educational technology will provide the professional with situated and contextual learning, i.e., a simulated environment that will provide an immersive educational program to prepare in real situations.

This program is designed around Problem-Based Learning, through which the psychologist must try to solve the different professional practice situations that arise during the course. For this purpose, psychologists will be supported by an innovative interactive video system created by renowned and experienced experts in the field of Family Therapy and Stress with extensive teaching experience.

Increase your decision-making confidence by updating your knowledge through this Professional Master's Degree.

> Take the opportunity to learn about the latest advances in Family Therapy and Stress and improve your patient care.







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General Objectives

- Master the current knowledge of psychic and social disorders in the family
- Learn how to achieve a therapist-patient bond in the field of family therapy
- Identify the agents who live with the child and adolescent, to discover their impact on family psychopathology
- Develop understanding of the dynamics between the parents and the consequences on the family
- Describe, in relation to protocols, the intervention programs, taking into account the characteristics and aspects of the systemic relationship in the family
- Identify the evolution of the different disorders listed in the DSM-5 or ICD-10
- Master the fields of medical-psychologist interaction in family intervention
- Provide the professional with all the up-to-date references on the diagnosis, intervention and therapeutic process of the family
- Describe with decision protocols the individualized study of family members, to perform a rigorous psychopathological study
- Use decision trees to make a permanent differential diagnosis
- Organize all the information within a multidisciplinary framing model in the study of the biopsychosocial framework of the family in this century





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Specific Objectives

Module 1. Psychodiagnosis and Assessment of the Family System

- Master knowledge of the family clinic, as well as to provide the necessary skills to work in a systemic way
- Identify and make decisions about patients taking into account the social and emotional fabric in which they find themselves
- Address the family, school and social environment
- Identify definitions from anthropological, sociological and psychological perspectives of the family
- Demonstrate the influence of family and social dynamics on human development
- Distinguish family groups from a modern conception of family

Module 2. The Family Interview

- Implement silence into family intervention
- Manage the emotional crises within a session and children or adolescents and adults.
- Frame the interview axioms
- Define affective valence
- Recognize verbal and non-verbal communication
- Discern between psychopathology and normality

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Module 3. Family Stress

- Describe the emotional schemas of the family members
- Redefine stress, differentiating normal anxiety from pathological anxiety, identifying stress, phobia and panic, among others
- Describe the main sources of distress or stressors in the natural environment
- Delve into the protective or health-promoting traits
- Understand occupational stress by grouping, classifying and forming categories and concepts
- Establish the different types of intervention according to the victim

Module 4. Family Bonds and Systemic Organization

- Manage and stabilize the emotional and affective deficiencies of the patient within the intervention
- Understand the need to set boundaries and know how to contain
- Define the evolution and transitions between the normal and the pathological
- Identify how to become a basic reference person for the child and adolescent

Module 5. Family Models and Parenting Roles

- Identify and master the clinical and prognostic features of the various disorders of childhood and adolescence
- Act before the formal cases of matrimonial nullity
- Make personal description of each of the parties, attending to each of the processes in the couple
- Define the degrees of permanent disability and severe disability
- Understand the psychological, physical and social consequences of violence against women and identify the expert profile of this area





Module 6. Modes of Intervention in Family Therapy

- Use the intervention to determine when it is necessary for other professionals to join the analysis process
- Redirecting attitude for effective team cooperation
- Define and understand focus and thought control
- Differentiate between empathy and sympathy
- Expand knowledge of mirror neurons and how they function

Module 7. Family Problems Which Need Interventions

- Master knowledge of current systemic psychopathology
- Delve into modification techniques through praise, the broken record technique or praise for appropriate behavior
- Learn how to improve social and coping skills, as well as contingency management
- Delve into cognitive-behavioral group therapy

Module 8. Types of Expertise and Contexts that Surround Psychological Expertise

- Develop monitoring models that express the changes in stress pathologies
- * Respect and Comply with the Right and Duty to Inform the Client
- Describe the Instruments Used and Facilitate the Understanding of the Data
- Include the Evaluation Process, Hypotheses Formulated and Justify the Conclusions
- Clarify the importance of maintaining confidentiality and professional secrecy
- Define the types of expertise and contexts surrounding psychological expertise in its different contexts and phases





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General Skills

- Performing and adapting intervention protocols within an interdisciplinary framework
- Implement silence into family intervention
- Identify and use information from social and family agents
- Develop an intervention according to the mental logic of the different age groups
- Master how to create a relationship to become a reference for the whole family, without entering into competition with adults
- Performing and adapting intervention protocols within an interdisciplinary framework



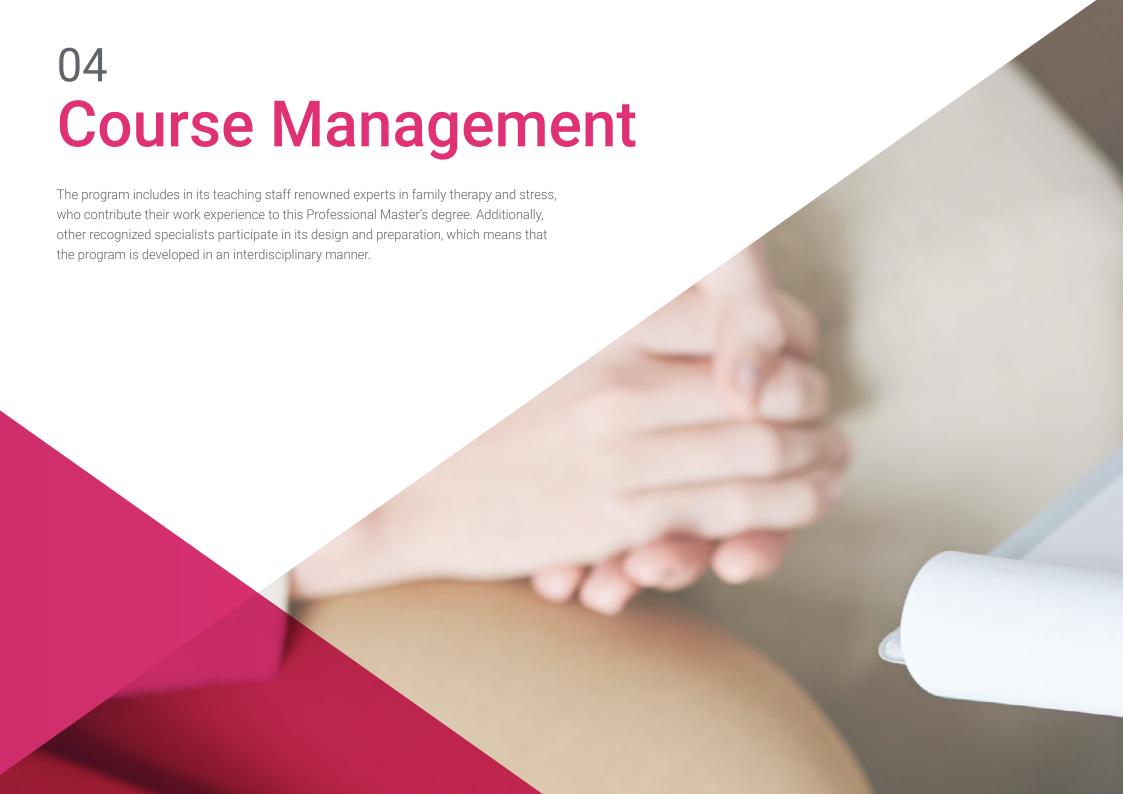






Specific Skills

- Master interaction within a family therapy framework
- Manage the dynamics of therapeutic time
- Mastering assessment and intervention tools using all senses
- Master the management of differential characteristics with which family psychological pathologies can present
- Developing and understanding mutations and new forms of disease
- Develop knowledge that discriminates an important problem of natural evolution within the process of family coexistence





Management



Mr. Aguado Romo, Roberto

- President of the European Institute for Time-Limited Psychotherapy Psychologist in private practice
- Researcher in Time Limited Psychotherapy
- Guidance team coordinator for many educational centers
- Author of several books on Psychology
- Communicator and expert in Psychology in the media
- University courses and postgraduate studies teacher
- President of the European Institute of Time-Limited Psychotherapies
- Master's Degree in Clinical and Health Psychology
- Specialist in Clinical Psychology
- Selective Dissociation Targeting Specialist

Professors

Dr. Martínez Lorca, Manuela

- Health Psychologist
- Professor in the Department of Psychology at the University of Castilla La Mancha CLM
- Master's Degree in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology by the European Institute
- of Time-Limited Psychotherapies (I.E.P.T.L.)
- Specialist in Clinical Hypnosis and Relaxation
- Degree in Psychology
- Doctor of Medicine

Ms. González Agüero, Mónica

- Psychologist in charge of the Department of Child and Adolescent Psychology in the Quirón Hospital of Marbella
- Psychologist at Avatar Psychologists
- Psychologist and teacher at the European Institute of Limited Time Psychotherapies (I.E.P.T.L.)
- Degree in Psychology, UNED

Dr. De Dios González, Antonio

- Director of Avatar Psychologists
- Director of the Psychology Department of Quirónsalud Hospital in Marbella.
- Director of the Clinical and Health Area of Iridia Hispania
- Trainer at the Spanish Red Cross
- Specialist in Clinical Hypnosis and Relaxation
- EFT Specialist by the World Center for EFT
- Transpersonal Therapist by the Spanish School of Transpersonal Development
- Degree in Psychology from the Complutense University Madrid
- Master in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology by the European Institute of Time-Limited Psychotherapies
- Master's Degree in Neuro-Linguistic Programming (NLP) by Richard Bandlers Society of Neuro-Linguistic Programming

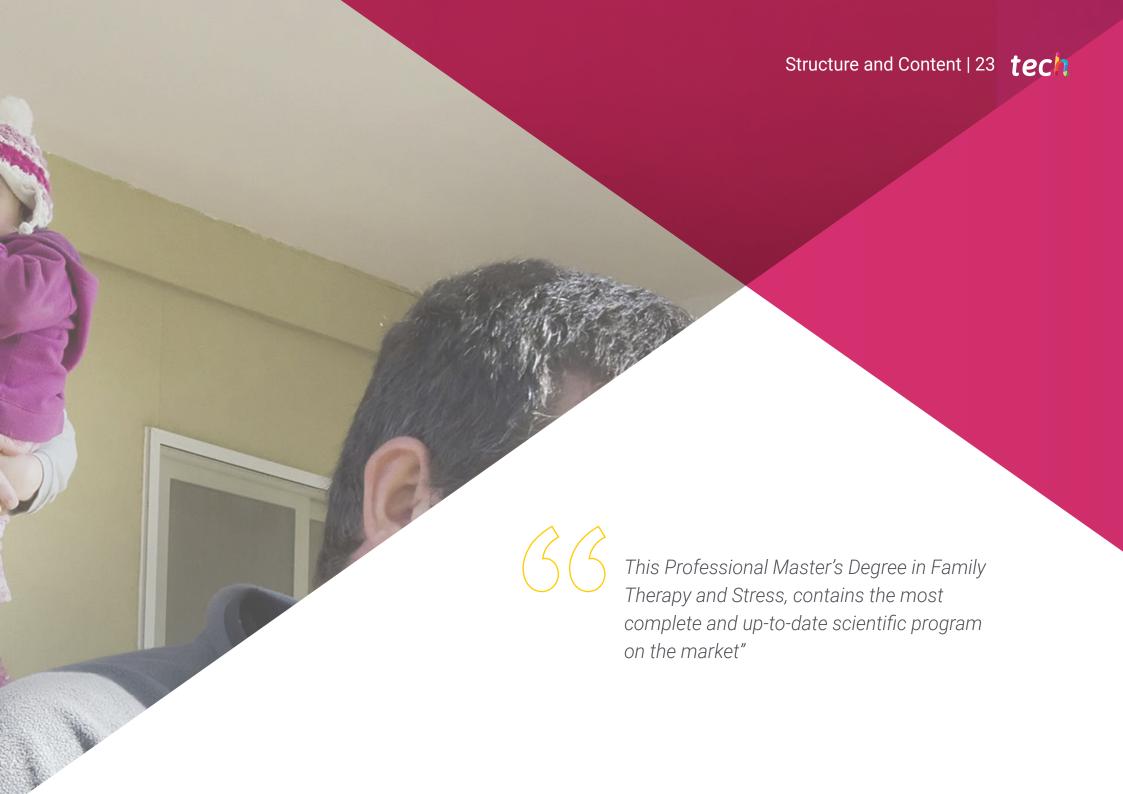
Ms. Roldán, Lucía

- Health Psychologist
- Cognitive-behavioral intervention specialist
- Master's Degree in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology
- Expert in Energy Therapy Intervention

Dr. Gandarias Blanco, Gorka

- Psychologist specialized in psychotherapy recognized by the EFPA (European Federation of Psychologists' Associations)
- Master's Degree in Time-Limited and Health Psychotherapy
- International Master's Degree in Clinical and Health Psychology
- Diploma in Gestalt Therapy
- Head of the Guidance and Educational Innovation Department of the San José School in Nanclares de la Oca (Álava) where he deals with numerous cases of Secondary School students with Learning Difficulties
- Cooperative Learning Specialist, Coach Level in the Conscious Emotional Bonding Model (VEC)
- Founder of Uraska, Psychology and Psychotherapy, a psychology and psychotherapy practice





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Module 1. Psychodiagnosis and Assessment of the Family System

- 1.1. Anthropological, Historical, Sociological and Psychological Perspective of the Family
- 1.2. Diagnosis as a Catalyst for the Therapeutic Bond
- 1.3. Assessor Skills
 - 1.3.1. Be Useful in the Process
 - 1.3.2. Understand What is Happening
 - 1.3.3. Be Open and Understanding
 - 1.3.4. Become a Figure of Authority
- 1.4. Psychodiagnosis and Assessment of the Family System
 - 1.4.1. Language
 - 1.4.2. Pathological and Healthy Bonds
 - 1.4.3. Use of Others
 - 1.4.4. Rejection and Abandonment
 - 1.4.5. Stress, Distress and Eustress
 - 1.4.6. Conflicts and Tensions
 - 1.4.7. Family Psychopathology
- 1.5. Place in the Fraternity and Social Desirability
 - 1.5.1. Family Composition
 - 1.5.2. The Right to Have Siblings
 - 1.5.3. Twins
 - 1.5.4. The Sick Sibling
 - 1.5.5. Grandparents, Uncles and Aunties
 - 1.5.6. Other Components
- 1.6. Psychodiagnostics Objectives
 - 1.6.1. Evaluator and Evaluee Link
 - 1.6.2. Discover What Truly Exists
 - 1.6.3. Clarify the Facts
 - 1.6.4. Explain the Scientific Facts of the State of the Subject
 - 1.6.5. Understand the Relationship Between the Individual in the Study and the Situation They Have Experienced



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- 1.7. Millon's Clinical Multiaxial Inventory (MCMII-III)
 - 1.7.1. Modifying Scales: Desirability and Index of Alteration
 - 1.7.2. Basic Personality Scales: Schizoid, Avoidant, Depressive, Dependent, Histrionic, Narcissistic, Antisocial, Aggressive-Sadistic, Compulsive, Passive-Aggressive, Self-Destructive
 - 1.7.3. Severe Personality Scales: Schizotypal, Borderline and Paranoid
 - 1.7.4. Moderate Clinical Syndromes: Anxiety, Hysteriform, Hypomania, Depressive Neurosis, Alcohol Abuse, Drug Abuse, Stress, P-Trauma,
 - 1.7.5. Severe Clinical Syndromes: Psychotic Thinking, Major Depression and Psychotic Delirium

1.8. 16 Catell PF-5

- 1.8.1. Agreeableness, Reasonableness, Stability, Dominance, Encouragement, Attention to Standards, Boldness, Sensitivity, Vigilance, Abstraction, Privacy, Apprehension, Openness to Change, Self-sufficiency, Perfectionism and Tension. Incorporate a Social Desirability (SD), an "Infrequency "(IN) and an Acquiescence (AQ) Scale to Control Response Bias
- 1.9. Child and Adolescent Assessment System BASC
 - 1.9.1. Internalized problems: Depression, Anxiety, Social Anxiety, Somatic Complaints, Obsessive-Compulsion and Post-Traumatic Symptomatology
 - 1.9.2. Externalized Problems: Hyperactivity and Impulsivity, Attention Problems, Aggressiveness, Defiant Behavior, Anger Control Problems, Antisocial Behavior
 - 1.9.3. Specific Problems: Antisocial Behavior, Eating Behavior Problems, Schizotypy, Substance Abuse
- 1.10. Questionnaire for the Evaluation of Adopters, Caregivers, Guardians and CUIDA
- 1.11. Personality Assessment Inventory PAI
 - 1.11.1. Validity Scales (Inconsistency, Infrequency, Negative Impression, Positive Impression)
 - 1.11.2. Clinical Scales (Somatic Complaints, Anxiety, Anxiety-Related Disorders, Depression, Mania, Paranoia, Schizophrenia, Borderline Traits, Antisocial Traits, Alcohol Problems, Drug Problems)
 - 1.11.3. Scales of Consideration for Treatment (Aggression, Suicidal Thoughts, Stress, Lack of Social Support, and Refusal of Treatment)

- 1.11.4. Two Scales of Interpersonal Relationships (Dominance and Agreeableness)
- 1.11.5. Thirty Subscales Providing More Detailed Information
- 1.12. Study of the Story's Credibility
 - 1.12.1. CBCA System (Criteria-Based Content Analysis)
 - 1.12.2. The Statement Validity Assessment (SVA) Udo Undeutsch
 - 1.12.3. SVA = Interview + CBCA + Validity Checklist

Module 2. The Family Interview

- 2.1. The Interview in a Clinical and Expertise Setting
 - 2.1.1. Information Theory
 - 2.1.2.1 Communication Channels
 - 2.1.3. Communication System
- 2.2. Axioms of the Interview
 - 2.2.1. It is Impossible Not To Communicate
 - 2.2.2. Content and Relationship
 - 2.2.3. Affective Value
 - 2.2.4. Digital and Analog Communication
 - 2.2.5. Symmetry and Asymmetry
- 2.3. Exploring Communication
 - 2.3.1. Verbal Communication
 - 2.3.2. Non-Verbal Communication
 - 2.3.3. Double Bond
 - 2.3.4. Psychopathology of Communication
 - 2.3.5. A Gesture is Worth a Thousand Words
- 2.4. Medical History
 - 2.4.1. Personal
 - 2.4.2. Family
 - 2.4.3. Generational

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- 2.5. Medical History
 - 2.5.1. Psychopathological Biography
 - 2.5.2. Biography of Medical Diseases
 - 2.5.3. Biography Social Problems
- 2.6. General Structure of the Mental Examination
 - 2.6.1. Non-Verbal Communication and Emotions
 - 2.6.2. Communication Around the Table
- 2.7. Semiology, Signs and Symptoms
 - 2.7.1. Signs
 - 2.7.2. Symptoms
- 2.8. Epistemology of Diagnosis
 - 2.8.1. Descriptive Syndromic Diagnosis Versus Disease
 - 2.8.2. Nosology Categorical Vs. Dimensional Diagnosis
- 2.9. Multiple Diagnoses and Comorbidity
- 2.10. Clinical vs. Research Criteria
- 2.11. Expert Interview

Module 3. Family Stress

- 3.1. New Ways to Define Stress
- 3.2. Common Stressors in the Family
 - 3.2.1. Relationship
 - 3.2.2. Living Conditions / Environment
 - 3.2.3. Economic
 - 3.2.4. Emotional
 - 3.2.5. Pathologies of Family Members
 - 3.2.6. Abuse and Violence
 - 3.2.7. Separation and/ or Abandonment
- 3.3. Interpersonal Stress
- 3.4. Toxicity and Family
 - 3.4.1. With Substances
 - 3.4.2. Without Substances
 - 3.4.3. Dependency

- 3.5. The Information Retrieval Process: The Transfer of Learning
- 3.6. Occupational Stress
- 3.7. Learning and Family Events
- 3.8. Family Crises

Module 4. Family Bonds and Systemic Organization

- 4.1. Family Functions
- 4.2. Family Institution
 - 4.2.1. Life Cycle of the Family
 - 4.2.2. Family Law
 - 4.2.3. BORRAR
 - 4.2.4. Family Characteristics
- 4.3. Types of Family
 - 4.3.1. Conjugal Family
 - 4.3.2. Matriarchal Family
 - 4.3.3. Patriarchal Family
 - 4.3.4. Gang Family
 - 4.3.5. Inverted Family
 - 4.3.6. Extended Family
- 4.4. Family Characteristics to Promote or Hinder Learning
- 4.5. Family Structure Variables
- 4.6. Dysfunctional Family
- 4.7. Family Reactions to Illness
- 4.8. Pathological Management of Children from the Family
- 4.9. Consequences of Family Composition
- 4.10. Morphology of Family and the Implication on Psychopathy
- 4.11. Family and Process of Socialization
- 4.12. Intervention in a Dysfunctional Family
- 4.13. Conflict Inheritance
- 4.14. Concept of Accompaniment, Containment and Escort



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Module 5. Family Models and Parenting Roles

- 5.1. Separation, Divorce and Nulled Marriage
- 5.2. Disability from the Expert's Point of View
 - 5.2.1. Deficiency, Disability and Handicap
 - 5.2.2. Civil Incapacity and Labor Incapacity
 - 5.2.3. Degrees of Permanent Disability
 - 5.2.4. Major Disability
- 5.3. Gender Violence
 - 5.3.1. Psychological Violence
 - 5.3.2. Psychological Consequences of Violence
- 5.4. Abuse
 - 5.4.1. Confirmation
 - 5.4.2. Psychological Consequences
 - 5.4.3. Causal Nexus
- 5.5. Secondary Victimization
 - 5.5.1. Credibility of Testimony
 - 5.5.2. Difficulty of the Psychological Opinion
- 5.6. Psychological Support for Family Members
- 5.7. Juvenile Expertise
- 5.8. Toxicomania Psychopedagogical Expertise
- 5.9. Elderly Expert
- 5.10. Profile of the Basic Emotion "Guilt" in Current Research

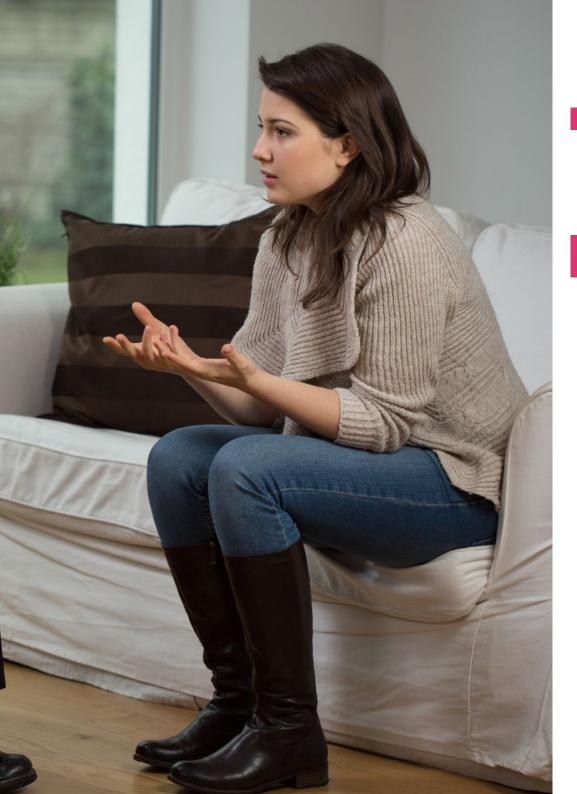
Module 6. Modes of Intervention in Family Therapy

- 6.1. Notion of Conflict
 - 6.1.1. Changing the Attitude Towards Team Cooperation
 - 6.1.2. Improve Attitude
 - 6.1.3. Emphasizing Performance
- 6.2. Types of Conflict
 - 6.2.1. Attraction-Attraction
 - 6.2.2. Evasion-Evasion
 - 6.2.3. Attraction-Evasion

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- 6.3. Family Mediation
 - 6.3.1. Mediator is Present, Does Not Have an Influence
 - 6.3.2. Arbitration Makes Decisions by Listening to the Parties
 - 6.3.3. Neutral Evaluation Draw Consequences From the Data Obtained
- 6.4. Family Coaching
 - 6.4.1. Equalities
 - 6.4.2. Differences
 - 6.4.3. Contradictions
 - 6.4.4. Impersonation
- 6.5. Learning in Coaching
 - 6.5.1. Declaring Bankruptcy
 - 6.5.2. Stripping Off the Masks
 - 6.5.3. Re-Engineering Ourselves
 - 6.5.4. Focusing on the Task
- 6.6. Habits to Improve in Coaching
- 6.7. Focused on the Activity
 - 6.7.1. Focusing Techniques
 - 6.7.2. Thought Control techniques
- 6.8. Clear Goals
 - 6.8.1. Definition of Where We Are
 - 6.8.2. Definition of Where we Want to Go
- 6.9. Taking the Reins in Your Life Being Proactive
- 6.10. Positive Psychology
- 6.11. Conflict Management with the Conscious Emotional Bonding (CEB) Model
 - 6.11.1. Identifying Emotions
 - 6.11.2. Identifying Suitable Emotions
 - 6.11.3. Changing Emotions for Others
- 6.12. Training to Deal with Conflicts in the Family





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Module 7. Family Problems Which Need Interventions

- 7.1. Behavior Modification Techniques
- 7.2. Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy
- 7.3. Treatment Oriented Towards the Family
- 7.4. Other Focus of Systemic Family Treatment
- 7.5. Strategic Therapy and Constructivism

Module 8. Types of Expertise and Contexts that Surround Psychological Expertise

- 8.1. Definitions Regarding Appraisal
- 8.2. Adoptions
- 3.3. Guardianship and Custody
- 8.4. Simulation
- 8.5. Family Diagnosis: the Family as a System
- 8.6. Assessment of Guilt in Psychopathology.

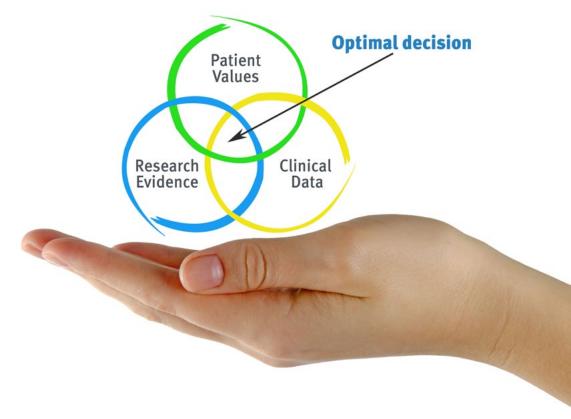


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At TECH we use the Case Method

What should a professional do in a given situation? Throughout the program, students will face multiple simulated clinical cases, based on real patients, in which they will have to do research, establish hypotheses, and ultimately resolve the situation. There is an abundance of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of the method. Specialists learn better, faster, and more sustainably over time.

With TECH the psychologist experiences a way of learning that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world.



According to Dr. Gérvas, the clinical case is the annotated presentation of a patient, or group of patients, which becomes a "case", an example or model that illustrates some peculiar clinical component, either because of its teaching power or because of its uniqueness or rarity. It is essential that the case is based on current professional life, trying to recreate the real conditions in the psychologist's professional practice.



Did you know that this method was developed in 1912, at Harvard, for law students? The case method consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make decisions and justify their decisions on how to solve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method"

The effectiveness of the method is justified by four fundamental achievements:

- 1. Psychologists who follow this method not only master the assimilation of concepts, but also develop their mental capacity by means of exercises to evaluate real situations and apply their knowledge.
- 2. Learning is solidly translated into practical skills that allow the psychologist to better integrate knowledge into clinical practice.
- 3. Ideas and concepts are understood more efficiently, given that the example situations are based on real-life.
- 4. Students like to feel that the effort they put into their studies is worthwhile. This then translates into a greater interest in learning and more time dedicated to working on the course.



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Relearning Methodology

At TECH we enhance the case method with the best 100% online teaching methodology available: Relearning.

Our university is the first in the world to combine the study of clinical cases with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, combining a minimum of 8 different elements in each lesson, which is a real revolution compared to the simple study and analysis of cases.

The psychologist will learn through real cases and by solving complex situations in simulated learning environments.

These simulations are developed using state-of-the-art software to facilitate immersive learning.



Methodology | 35 tech

At the forefront of world teaching, the Relearning method has managed to improve the overall satisfaction levels of professionals who complete their studies, with respect to the quality indicators of the best online university (Columbia University).

This methodology has trained more than 150,000 psychologists with unprecedented success in all clinical specialties. Our pedagogical methodology is developed in a highly competitive environment, with a university student body with a strong socioeconomic profile and an average age of 43.5 years old.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your training, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation for success.

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically.

The overall score obtained by our learning system is 8.01, according to the highest international standards.

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This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Latest Techniques and Procedures on Video

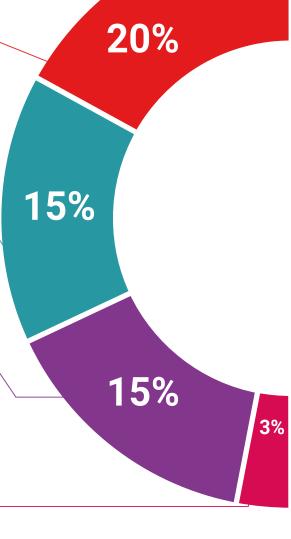
TECH introduces students to the latest techniques, to the latest educational advances, to the forefront of current psychology. All of this in direct contact with students and explained in detail so as to aid their assimilation and understanding. And best of all, you can watch the videos as many times as you like.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".





Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.



Effective learning ought to be contextual. Therefore, TECH presents real cases in which

Testing & Retesting

We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.



Classes

There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful.

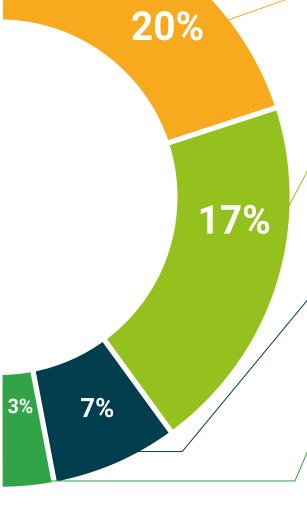
Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.



Quick Action Guides

TECH offers the most relevant contents of the course in the form of worksheets or quick action guides. A synthetic, practical, and effective way to help students progress in their learning.









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This private qualification will allow you to obtain a **Postgraduate Certificate in Family Therapy and Stress** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University, is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (official bulletin). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** private qualification, is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Professional Master's Degree in Family Therapy and Stress

Modality: online

Duration: 12 months

Accreditation: 60 ECTS





^{*}Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper diploma issued with an apostille, TECH Global University will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.

salud Confidence personas información futores garantia a certa con enseñanza tecnología aprenaiza comunidades en comunidades e



Professional Master's Degree Family Therapy and Stress

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 12 months
- » Certificate: TECH Global University
- » Accreditation: 60 ECTS
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

