



# Postgraduate Diploma Cooperation Project and NGO Management for Development

» Modality: online

» Duration: 6 months

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Credits: 24 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

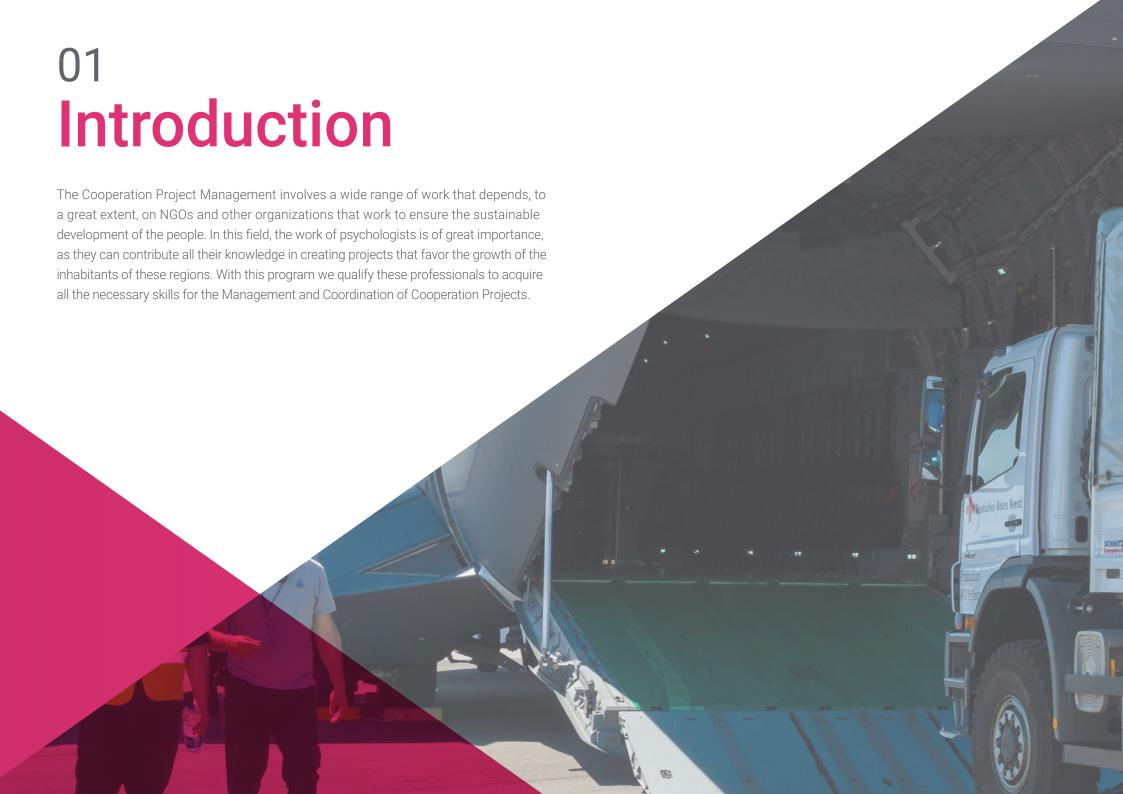
 $We bsite: {\color{blue}www.techtitute.com/us/psychology/postgraduate-diploma/cooperation-project-ngo-management-development} \\$ 

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The Postgraduate Diploma in Cooperation Project and NGO Management for Development has been designed by a team of professionals, with years of experience in the sector, who have transferred their knowledge and experience to this program that will allow the student to enter into the main facts related to this field of action. In this way, TECH's objective is to enable you to stand out among the rest of the professionals and be able to contribute your qualification in fieldwork.

To perform cooperation tasks, it is necessary to follow the UN guidelines, which focus on five major areas: Peacekeeping, humanitarian affairs, human rights, international law and development, the latter being one of its main priorities, with the aim of achieving social, economic, cultural and humanitarian development in all regions through International Cooperation.

To achieve progress in this aspect, TECH has created this program that brings together basic knowledge in International Cooperation and Development, tools that allow the development worker to seek improvement in the performance of their duties in those areas that people and peoples demand, orient it to change and focus it on the present situation through the tools and resources of cooperation, and putting the focus on the work of psychologists, professionals of great value, especially when acting in societies with great difficulties.

This program pays special attention to the Management of Cooperation Projects, as well as to the work of NGOs, fundamental institutions for the development of the most disadvantaged societies. As a novel aspect, it introduces students to the study of the instruments of cooperation and to the knowledge of the actors that make up this scenario. It also enables the acquisition of skills in the use of sources, statistical tools and technical instruments to organize information, plan reports and analyze actions to be taken.

In addition, as it is a 100% online program, the Psychologist will be able to balance the study of this comprehensive Postgraduate Diploma with the rest of their daily obligations, choosing at all times where and when to study. A high-level program that will take these professionals to the highest level in their field.

This Postgraduate Diploma in Cooperation Project and NGO Management for Development contains the most complete and up-to-date program on the market. The most important features include:

- Practical cases presented by experts in International Development Cooperation
- The graphic, schematic, and practical contents with which they are created, provide scientific and practical information on the disciplines that are essential for professional practice
- Latest information on Cooperation Project and NGO Management for Development
- Practical exercises where the self-assessment process can be carried out to improve learning
- Emphasis on innovative methodologies in International Development Cooperation
- Theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection assignments
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection



A high-level educational program created by the best experts in the field, which will allow you to achieve professional success"



Get qualified with us and specialize in Cooperation Project Management. It will be a unique opportunity for you to specialize in this valuable field and be able to effectively help those who need it most"

Its teaching staff includes professionals belonging to the field of International Cooperation, who bring to this program their work experience, as well as renowned specialists from prestigious reference societies and universities.

The multimedia content, developed with the latest educational technology, will provide the professional with situated and contextual learning, i.e., a simulated environment that will provide an immersive learning experience designed to prepare for real-life situations.

The design of this program focuses on Problem-Based Learning, through which Psychologists must try to solve the different professional practice situations that arise. For this purpose, the specialist will be assisted by an innovative interactive video system developed by renowned and experienced experts in the field of Development Cooperation Project Management.

Increase your decision-making confidence by updating your knowledge with this University Expert course.

Take the opportunity to learn about the latest advances in this field and apply it to your daily practice.







# tech 10 | Objectives



### **General Objectives**

- Provide students with an advanced qualification in International Development
  Cooperation, specialized and based on theoretical and instrumental knowledge that
  will allow them to acquire and develop the skills necessary to obtain a qualification as a
  professional in international cooperation
- Provide the student with basic knowledge of the cooperation and development process based on the latest advances in policies on the sustainability processes involved in both economic and social aspects
- Improve professional performance and develop strategies for adapting and solving the problems of today's world by means of scientific research in cooperation and development processes
- Disseminate the basics of the current system and develop the critical and entrepreneurial spirit necessary to adapt to political changes, within the framework of international law





### **Specific Objectives**

### Module 1. International Development Cooperation

- Know different methods of research in International Development Cooperation
- Gain knowledge on methodologies for public policy advocacy, social communication, political change, etc
- Know the evolution and status of current debates on development
- Become familiar with the instruments of international cooperation for development, as well as the types of projects and existing NGOs
- Develop skills to work with the main vulnerable subjects involved in development cooperation actions and programs
- Understand the international cooperation system and the different members that make it up

# Module 2. Design, Monitoring and Assessment of International Development Cooperation Projects

- Know the management cycle of a development project
- Know the techniques, trends and projects of international cooperation for development
- Understand the main problems of the different regional and international environments
- Know the different systems, modalities and basic actors of International Development Cooperation
- Know the regional particularities of development and cooperation

### Module 3. Social and Transformative Communication

- Prepare social communicators who can apply their knowledge at the different levels
- Identify, understand and know how to use sources, statistical techniques and computer tools to organize selected information and plan development and cooperation reports, analyses and actions
- Conduct an ethical reflection on cooperation, information, images and their applicability in specific contexts and information sources

### Module 4. NGDOs and Local, Regional and International Solidarity

- Understand the concepts and definitions of NGOs
- Know the diversity of NGOs and their field or work
- Learn the broad outlines of NGO management
- Identify, understand and know how to use sources and tools to identify international development cooperation projects



Get up to date on the latest developments in Cooperation Project and NGO Management for Development in Psychology"





### **Guest Director**



### Ms. Rodríguez Arteaga, Carmen

- Director of the Studies Office of the INEM Directorate
- Head of Education, Strategic Planning and Coordinator of Knowledge Networks in AECID
- Degree in Philosophy and Educational Sciences at UCM
- Specialist in Knowledge Management
- Expert in Educational Evaluation at OEI
- Expert in Educational Indicators and Statistics at UNED
- Expert in Development Cooperation in Education at the University of Barcelona

Management



### Ms. Romero Mateos, María del Pilar

- Social Educator Specialized in Child Empowerment
- Employment training teacher
- Gender Equality Agent
- Author and collaborator in educational projects at Abile Educativa
- Co-Author of the book: 'Principeso Cara de Beso'
- Postgraduate Diploma in International Development Cooperation

### **Professors**

### Mr. Cano Corcuera, Carlos

- Specialist in Planning and Management of Cooperation Interventions for Development
- General Coordinator of the Spanish Cooperation in the Dominican Republic
- General Coordinator of the Spanish Cooperation in Mexico
- Degree in Biology with a major in Zoology and a minor in Animal Ecology.
- Specialization courses in the following areas: International Cooperation; Identification,
  Formulation and Monitoring of Cooperation Projects; Humanitarian Aid; Equal
  Opportunities; International Negotiations; Planning with a Gender Perspective; ResultsOriented Management for Development; Disability Approach in Cooperation Projects;
  European Union Delegated Cooperation, etc.

### Ms. Córdoba, Cristina

- International Cooperation Nurse Specialist
- Training and experience in International Development Cooperation Projects
- Co-founder and participant of PalSpain project
- Founder of the Youth Association APUMAK, Madrid, Spain

### Ms. Sánchez Garrido, Araceli

- Deputy Head of the Department of Cultural Cooperation and Promotion of the DRCC
- Responsible for the application of AECID's Cultural Diversity Mainstreaming Guide.
- Professor of the Master in Cultural Management at the Carlos III University of Madrid.
- Degree in Geography and History, specializing in Anthropology and Ethnology of America, Complutense University of Madrid.
- Member of the Faculty of Museum Curators assigned to the Museo de América de Madrid.

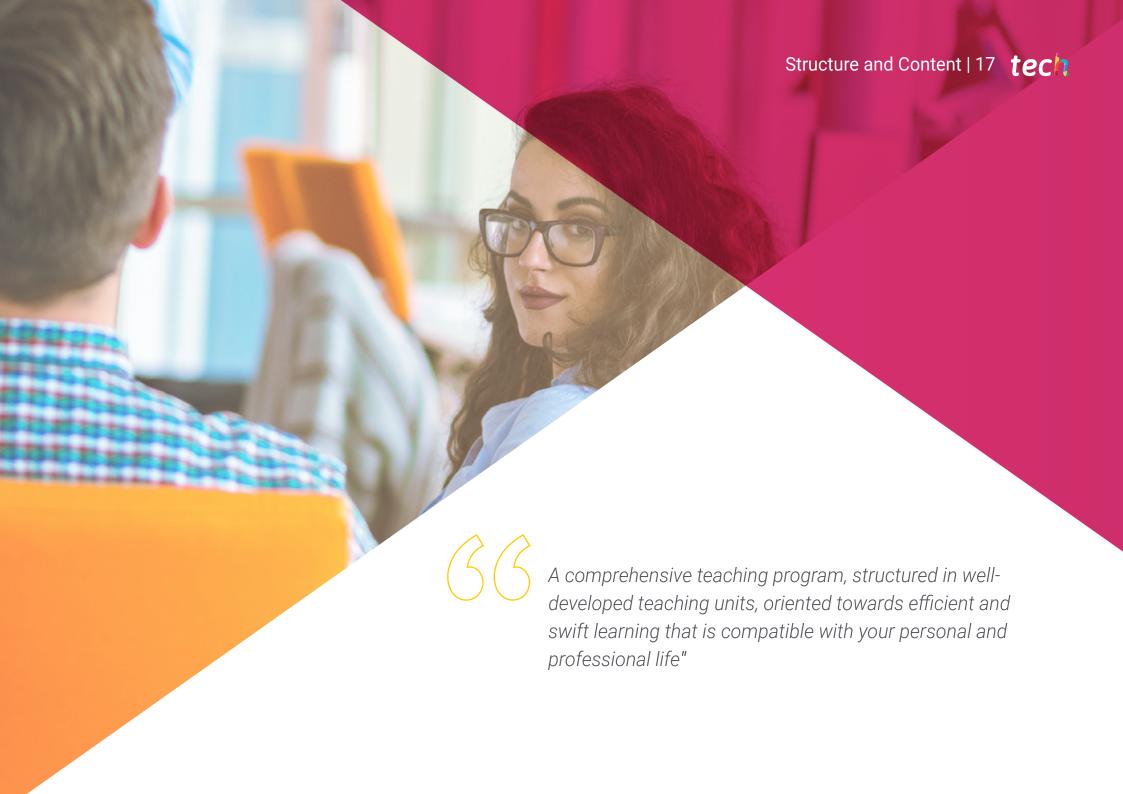
#### Ms. Ramos Rollon, Marisa

- Development Cooperation Advisor to the Vice Rector of International Relations and Cooperation of the Complutense University of Madrid
- Researcher focused on the areas of public policies and institutions in Latin America and on the issues of democratic governance and development policies.
- Director of the Complutense Summer School Course on Public Policy and Agenda 2030
- Lecturer in the Master in Transparency and Governance Policies and Political Leadership, in the Master in Political Leadership, both at UCM and in the Master in Latin American-EU Relations at the University of Alcalá.

### Ms. Flórez Gómez, Mercedes

- Specialist in International Cooperation in Iberoamerica
- Director of the CFCE in Montevideo
- Degree in Geography and History from the Complutense University of Madrid
- Advanced Diploma in South Cooperation
- Diploma in Humanitarian Action Institute of Studies on Conflict and Humanitarian Action
- MSc in Corporate Social Responsibility from the Pontifical University of Salamanca.
- MSc in Information and Documentation from the Antonio de Nebrija University.
- Specialist in Inequality, Cooperation and Development, Instituto Universitario de Desarrollo y Cooperación, Complutense University of Madrid.
- Education, Science and Culture by the OEI.





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### Module 1. International Development Cooperation

- 1.1. International Development Cooperation
  - 1.1.1. Introduction
  - 1.1.2. What is the International Development Cooperation?
  - 1.1.3. Objectives and Purpose of International Development Cooperation
  - 1.1.4. Goals of the Spanish International Development Cooperation
  - 1.1.5. Evolution of the Spanish International Development Cooperation
  - 1.1.6. Origins and Historical Evolution of International Cooperation
  - 1.1.7. Europe's Reconstruction Plans in the Bipolar Conflict
  - 1.1.8. The Processes of Decolonization in the Postwar Years
  - 1.1.9. Crisis of the International Development Cooperation
  - 1.1.10. Changes in the Conception of International Development Cooperation
  - 1.1.11. Bibliography
- 1.2. Modalities and Instruments of International Development Cooperation
  - 1.2.1. Introduction
  - 1.2.2. Main Tools of International Development Cooperation
    - 1.2.2.1. Development Cooperation
    - 1.2.2.2. Development Education
    - 1.2.2.3. Technical Assistance, Training and Research
    - 1.2.2.4. Humanitarian Action
  - 1.2.3. Other Cooperation Tools
    - 1.2.3.1. Economic Cooperation
    - 1.2.3.2. Financial Help
    - 1.2.3.3. Scientific and Technological Cooperation
    - 1.2.3.4. Food Aid
  - 1.2.4. Modalities of the International Development Cooperation
  - 1.2.5. Types of Modalities
    - 1.2.5.1. Modality According to the Origin of the Funds
  - 1.2.6. Types of Aid According to the Stakeholders Channelling International Development Cooperation Funds
    - 1.2.6.1. Bilateral
    - 1.2.6.2. Multilateral
    - 1.2.6.3. Decentralized Cooperation
    - 1.2.6.4. Non-Governmental Cooperation
    - 1.2.6.5. Business Cooperation





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| 1.2.7. | According to the Geopolitical Situation and Level of Development of Donor and |
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- 1.2.8. According to the Existence or Non-Existence of Limitations on the Application of Funds
- 1.2.9. Other Cooperation Tools Co-Development 1.2.9.1. Co-Development Interventions
- 1.2.10. Bibliography

### 1.3. Multilateral Organizations

- 1.3.1. The International Development Cooperation System
- 1.3.2. International Development Cooperation Stakeholders
- 1.3.3. Stakeholders in the Official Development Assistance System
- 1.3.4. Definitions of Relevant International Organizations (IOs)
- 1.3.5. Characteristics of International Organizations
  1.3.5.1. Types of International Organizations
- 1.3.6. Advantages of Multilateral Cooperation
- 1.3.7. Contributions of International Organizations to the Multilateral System
- 1.3.8. Multilateral Financial Institutions (MFIs)
  - 1.3.8.1. Characteristics of MFIs
  - 1.3.8.2. Composition of MFIs
  - 1.3.8.3. Types of MFIs
- 1.3.9. Bibliography
- 1.4. Sources of International Development Cooperation
  - 1.4.1. Introduction
  - .4.2. Difference between Governmental and Non-Governmental Cooperation
  - 1.4.3. Multilateral Financial Institutions
  - 1.4.4. The International Monetary Fund
  - 1.4.5. United States Agency for International Development USAID
    - 1.4.5.1. Who are They?
    - 1.4.5.2. The History of USAID
    - 1.4.5.3. Intervention Sectors
  - 1.4.6. The European Union
    - 1.4.6.1. Objectives of the EU
    - 1.4.6.2. General Objectives of EU External Action

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|         | 1.4.7.2. Actions of Multilateral Institutions                                       |
|         | 1.4.7.3. Non-Financial  |
| 1.4.8.  | United Nations Organization   |
| 1.4.9.  | Bibliography  |
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| 1.5.1.  | Introduction  |
| 1.5.2.  | Action and Management Challenges for Spanish Cooperation                            |
| 1.5.3.  | What Is a Master Plan?  |
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|         | 1.5.3.2. Areas Composing the Fifth Spanish Cooperation Master Plan                  |
| 1.5.4.  | Goals of the Master Plan  |
|         | 1.5.4.1. Goals of the Fifth Master Plan of the Spanish Cooperation                  |
| 1.5.5.  | Geographic Priorities for Action under the Master Plan of the Spanish               |
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| 1.5.6.  | The 2030 Agenda   |
|         | 1.5.6.1. What Is Agenda 2030?   |
|         | 1.5.6.2. Development of Agenda 2030   |
|         | 1.5.6.3. General Specifications   |
|         | 1.5.6.4. Implementation of Agenda 2030  |
| 1.5.7.  | Bibliography  |
| Human   | itarian Action  |
| 1.6.1.  | Introduction  |
| 1.6.2.  | Humanitarian Aid in the International Context                                       |
| 1.6.3.  | Tendencies in Humanitarian Action   |
| 1.6.4.  | Main Goals of Humanitarian Action   |
| 1.6.5.  | First Strategy for Humanitarian Action in Spanish Cooperation                       |
| 1.6.6.  | Spanish Agency of International Cooperation for Development and Humanitarian Action |
| 1.6.7.  | The Financing of Humanitarian Action and Its Evolution                              |
| 1.6.8.  | Principles of International Human Rights Law and Humanitarian Action                |
| 1.6.9.  | Summary   |

- Gender Approach in International Development Cooperation 1.7.1. Introduction 1.7.2. What Is the Gender Approach? 1.7.3. Why is it Important to Incorporate the Gender Approach in Development Processes? 1.7.4. Gender Approaches in International Development Cooperation Strategic Lines of Work on the Gender Approach in International Development Cooperation Objectives of the Fifth Master Plan for Spanish Cooperation Regarding the Promotion of Men's and Women's Rights and Opportunities Priority Equality Goals in International Development Cooperation Sectoral Gender Strategy in Spanish Development Cooperation Gender Mainstreaming Guide 1.7.9. 1.7.10. Bibliography Focus on Human Rights In International Development Cooperation 1.8.1. Introduction
  - 1.8.4. How the Human Rights Approach Emerged
     1.8.5. Elements that the Human Rights Approach Contributes to the International Development Cooperation
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Human Rights Approach to Development Cooperation

- 1.8.5.3. Participation in Public Policy
- 1.8.5.4. Accountability
- .8.6. Challenges of the Human Rights Approach in Development Cooperation Interventions
- 1.8.7. Challenges in Project Identification and Formulation
- 1.8.8. Challenges in Project Execution
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1.8.2. Human rights

- 1.9. Human Mobility and Migration
  - 1.9.1. Introduction

- 1.9.2. Migration 1.9.2.1. First Human Movements 1.9.2.2. Types of Migrations 1.9.2.3. Causes of Migrations 1.9.3. Migratory Processes in the Era of Globalization 1.9.3.1. Improved Living Conditions 1.9.3.2. Vulnerability and Migration 1.9.4. Human Safety and Conflict 1.9.5. Challenges of the International Asylum System 1.9.6. The OHCHR 1.9.7. Human Rights Based Migration Strategy 1.9.8. Bibliography Module 2. Design, Monitoring and Assessment of International **Development Cooperation Projects** 2.1. Fundamental Knowledge for the Design of International Development Cooperation Projects 2.1.1. Introduction Meaning of the Project 2.1.3. Types of Projects 2.1.4. The Project Cycle Steps to Elaborate a Project Identification 2.1.6. 2.1.7. Design 2.1.8. Execution and Follow-Up 2.1.9 Assessment 2.1.10. Bibliography The Logical Framework Approach 2.2.1. Introduction 2.2.2. What Is the Logical Framework Approach? 2.2.3. Approaches to the Method 2.2.4. Definitions of the Method 2.2.5. Steps of the Method 2.2.6. Conclusions 2.2.7. Bibliography
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- 2.6.5. Contents of the Planning Matrix
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- 2.7. Indicators and Assessment of International Cooperation Projects for the Development of Peoples
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- 2.8. The Logical Framework Approach to Project Design(II): Case Study
  - 2.8.1. Introduction
  - 2.8.2. Case Study Presentation2.8.2.1. Diseases in the Montecito Community
  - 2.8.3. Annexes
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### Module 3. Social and Transformative Communication

- 3.1. Fundamentals of Communication
  - 3.1.1. Introduction
  - 3.1.2. What Is Communication?
    3.1.2.1. Concept and Definition
  - 3.1.3. Objectives, Audiences and Messages
  - 3.1.4. Right to Information and Communication
    - 3.1.4.1. Freedom of Speech
  - 3.1.5. Access and Participation
  - 3.1.6. Brief Overview of the Media According to Typology
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|      |        | 3.2.5.1. Evolution of the Alternative Media in the Spanish State   |
|      |        | 3.2.5.2. Current Trends  |
|      |        | 3.2.5.3. The Problem of Financing                                  |
|      |        | 3.2.5.4. Professional Journalism/Activist Journalism               |
|      | 3.2.6. | Initiatives for the Democratization of Communication               |
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|      | 3.3.2. | Stakeholders: Associations and Research Centers                    |
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|      | 3.3.4. | Cooperation, Education for Social Transformation and Communication |
|      |        | 3.3.4.1. Types of Communication from NGDOs                         |
|      | 3.3.5. | Code of Conduct  |
|      |        | 3.3.5.1. Social Marketing  |
|      | 3.3.6. | Educommunication   |
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|      | 3.4.2.  | Key Concepts  |
|      | 3.4.3.  | Women in the Media  |
|      |         | 3.4.3.1. Representation and Visibility                                    |
|      | 3.4.4.  | Media Production and Decision Making                                      |
|      | 3.4.5.  | The Beijing Platform for Action (Chapter J)                               |
|      | 3.4.6.  | Feminist Communication and Inclusive Language                             |
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|      | 3.4.7.  | How to Identify and Avoid Stereotypes                                     |
|      | 3.4.8.  | Guidelines, Best Practices  |
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|      | 3.5.2.  | The Anthropocene  |
|      |         | 3.5.2.1. Climate Change and Human Development                             |
|      | 3.5.3.  | Communication about "Natural Disasters" from NGDOs                        |
|      |         | 3.5.3.1. Regular Coverage in the Mass Media                               |
|      | 3.5.4.  | Advocacy Possibilities from NGDOs   |
|      | 3.5.5.  | Environmental Defenders in Latin America                                  |
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|      | 3.5.6.  | How Can NGDOs Communicate the Work of Human Rights Defenders?             |
| 3.6. | Commi   | unication and Migrations  |
|      | 3.6.1.  | Introduction  |
|      | 3.6.2.  | Key Concepts and Data   |
|      | 3.6.3.  | Hate Speech and Its Foundations:  |

3.6.3.1. Dehumanization and Victimization

3.3.7. Working with Alternative Media

3.3.8. Working with Publicly Owned Media and Commercial Media

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|      | 3.6.6.                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | 3.6.7.                               | Advocacy Possibilities from NGDOs                            |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |                                      | 3.6.7.1. How to Recognize Prejudice?                         |  |  |  |  |  |
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|      | 3.6.8.                               | Best Practices and Guidelines on Communication and Migration |  |  |  |  |  |
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|      | 3.7.3.                               | Brief Historical Review of Warmongering                      |  |  |  |  |  |
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|      | 3.7.5.                               | Journalists in Armed Conflicts                               |  |  |  |  |  |
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|      | 3.8.2.                               | Pedagogy and Popular Education                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | 3.8.3.                               | Media Literacy   |  |  |  |  |  |
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# tech 30 | Methodology

### At TECH we use the Case Method

What should a professional do in a given situation? Throughout the program, students will face multiple simulated clinical cases, based on real patients, in which they will have to do research, establish hypotheses, and ultimately resolve the situation. There is an abundance of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of the method. Specialists learn better, faster, and more sustainably over time.

With TECH the psychologist experiences a way of learning that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world.



According to Dr. Gérvas, the clinical case is the annotated presentation of a patient, or group of patients, which becomes a "case", an example or model that illustrates some peculiar clinical component, either because of its teaching power or because of its uniqueness or rarity. It is essential that the case is based on current professional life, trying to recreate the real conditions in the psychologist's professional practice.



Did you know that this method was developed in 1912, at Harvard, for law students? The case method consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make decisions and justify their decisions on how to solve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method"

### The effectiveness of the method is justified by four fundamental achievements:

- 1. Psychologists who follow this method not only master the assimilation of concepts, but also develop their mental capacity by means of exercises to evaluate real situations and apply their knowledge.
- 2. Learning is solidly translated into practical skills that allow the psychologist to better integrate knowledge into clinical practice.
- 3. Ideas and concepts are understood more efficiently, given that the example situations are based on real-life.
- 4. Students like to feel that the effort they put into their studies is worthwhile. This then translates into a greater interest in learning and more time dedicated to working on the course.



# tech 32 | Methodology

### Relearning Methodology

At TECH we enhance the case method with the best 100% online teaching methodology available: Relearning.

Our university is the first in the world to combine the study of clinical cases with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, combining a minimum of 8 different elements in each lesson, which is a real revolution compared to the simple study and analysis of cases.

The psychologist will learn through real cases and by solving complex situations in simulated learning environments.

These simulations are developed using state-of-the-art software to facilitate immersive learning.



### Methodology | 33 tech

At the forefront of world teaching, the Relearning method has managed to improve the overall satisfaction levels of professionals who complete their studies, with respect to the quality indicators of the best online university (Columbia University).

This methodology has trained more than 150,000 psychologists with unprecedented success in all clinical specialties. Our pedagogical methodology is developed in a highly competitive environment, with a university student body with a strong socioeconomic profile and an average age of 43.5 years old.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your training, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation for success.

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically.

The overall score obtained by our learning system is 8.01, according to the highest international standards.

# tech 34 | Methodology

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



### **Study Material**

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



### **Latest Techniques and Procedures on Video**

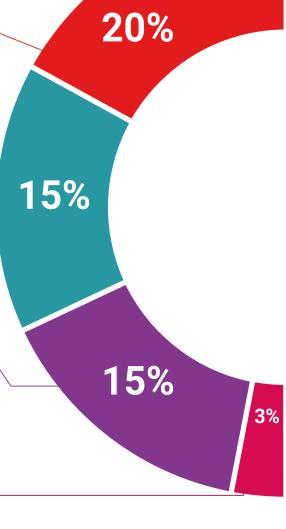
TECH introduces students to the latest techniques, to the latest educational advances, to the forefront of current psychology. All of this in direct contact with students and explained in detail so as to aid their assimilation and understanding. And best of all, you can watch the videos as many times as you like.



#### **Interactive Summaries**

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".





### **Additional Reading**

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.



### **Testing & Retesting**



We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.

### Classes



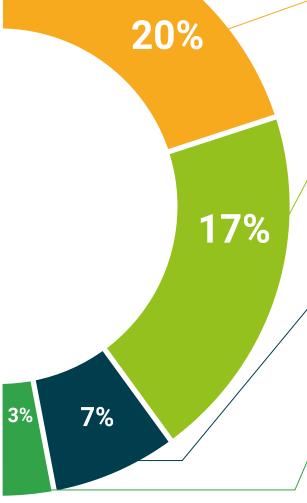
There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful.

Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.

#### **Quick Action Guides**



TECH offers the most relevant contents of the course in the form of worksheets or quick action guides. A synthetic, practical, and effective way to help students progress in their learning.







# tech 38 | Certificate

This private qualification will allow you to obtain a **Postgraduate Diploma in Cooperation Project** and **NGO Management for Development** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

**TECH Global University** is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (*official bulletin*). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** private qualification is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Postgraduate Diploma in Cooperation Project and NGO Management for Development

Modality: online

Duration: 6 months

Accreditation: 24 ECTS



Mr./Ms. \_\_\_\_\_, with identification document \_\_\_\_\_ has successfully passed and obtained the title of:

#### Postgraduate Diploma in Cooperation Project and NGO Management for Development

This is a private qualification of 720 hours of duration equivalent to 24 ECTS, with a start date of dd/mm/yyyy and an end date of dd/mm/yyyy.

TECH Global University is a university officially recognized by the Government of Andorra on the 31st of January of 2024, which belongs to the European Higher Education Area (EHEA).

In Andorra la Vella, on the 28th of February of 2024



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# Postgraduate Diploma Cooperation Project and NGO Management for Development

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 6 months
- » Certificate: TECH Global University
- » Credits: 24 ECTS
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

