



Advanced Master's Degree Geriatrics and Gerontology for Nursing

» Modality: online

» Duration: 2 years

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Credits: 120 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/us/advanced-master-degree/advanced-master-degree-integrative-medicine-nursing

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tech 06 | Introduction

The aging of the population is a global phenomenon that is occurring in most countries, which has led to an increase in both the demand for professionals trained in geriatric care and in the demands placed on them. In this context, it is increasingly important to be up-to-date with the knowledge and skills necessary for the specialized care of the elderly population.

That is why TECH has created the Advanced Master's Degree in Geriatrics and Gerontology for Nurses, designed with the aim of offering nurses the necessary update on vital issues such as nutritional assessment and skin in the elderly, neurological disorders, falls and palliative care. This will allow them to develop specific skills and be updated on the most recent advances in elderly care.

In addition, the practical approach of the entire degree includes the analysis of clinical cases and the use of varied and richly detailed multimedia content, allowing nurses to apply all the theory in real situations immediately.

Added to this is the 100% online nature of the program, with no face-to-face classes or fixed schedules. This allows total flexibility to the nurse, being able to decide at any time how and when to distribute the entire teaching load. Thus, the study of this Advanced Master's Degree in Geriatrics and Gerontology for Nurses is compatible with the most demanding personal or professional responsibilities.

This Advanced Master's Degree in Geriatrics and Gerontology for Nursing contains the most complete and up-to-date scientific program on the market. The most important features include:

- Case studies presented by experts in geriatric nursing
- The graphic, schematic, and practical contents with which they are created, provide scientific and practical information on the disciplines that are essential for professional practice
- Practical exercises where the self-assessment process can be carried out to improve learning
- Its special emphasis on innovative methodologies in the care of the elderly
- Theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection work
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection



It delves into incontinence and falls as elimination and mobility problems, which can have serious consequences in the elderly and require specialized care"



You will identify the causes of falls and how to prevent them, being one of the greatest threats to the health and independence of the elderly"

Its teaching staff includes professionals belonging to the field of geriatric nursing, who contribute their work experience to this program, as well as renowned specialists from reference societies and prestigious universities

The multimedia content, developed with the latest educational technology, will provide the professional with situated and contextual learning, i.e., a simulated environment that will provide an immersive learning experience designed to prepare for real-life situations

This program is designed around Problem-Based Learning, whereby the student must try to solve the different professional practice situations that arise throughout the program. For this purpose, the professional will be assisted by an innovative interactive video system created by renowned and experienced experts

You will assess a patient's dietary intake and how to plan an appropriate diet for the nutritional needs of the elderly.

You will have at your disposal a varied and richly detailed multimedia content, including video lectures, supplementary readings and case studies to analyze.







tech 10 | Objectives



General Objectives

- Update the professional in nursing procedures and interventions for proper care of geriatric patients in the internal medicine hospitalization unit
- Acquire a series of skills aimed at improving the skills of nursing professionals dedicated to the geriatric field
- Provide the best treatments, from the nursing professional's point of view, for geriatric patients, taking into account the particularities of each case
- Provide the student with knowledge of the infinite complexity of old age
- Provide skills to deal with the psychological state of the elderly
- Learn how to design multidisciplinary intervention protocols for old age
- Master the assessment, differential diagnosis and intervention in old age
- Provide the skills to support individuals in old age from the here and now
- Describe and teach the knowledge required to face illnesses related to ageing and their relationship with the life lived





Specific Objectives

Module 1. Old Age from an Anthropological Perspective

• Manage the specific characteristics of old age and their consequences on human behavior

Module 2. Aging Considerations for Nursing Care

- Differentiate which risk factors we can modify and how to modify them
- Update nursing procedures in comprehensive patient assessment
- Explain the most relevant diseases and care in the Internal Medicine Department

Module 3. Assessment of Health and Disease in Old Age

- Assess and diagnose, taking into account the social and affective surrounding in which the elderly person finds themselves
- Train in listening and managing silence with elderly patients

Module 4. Aging from the Perspective of Personality Traits

- Perform and adapt intervention protocols within an interdisciplinary framework
- Develop psychosocial intervention protocols, taking into account the role of the patient in their family

Module 5. Nutritional sphere in the elderly

- Understand the importance of nutrition in the elderly
- Adapt nutrition to different patients, depending on their pathology
- Update on the complications that can appear in diabetes, to be able to anticipate them and prevent them from occurring, or to know how to act if they have already appeared
- Incorporate action procedures for dealing with certain illnesses associated with metabolic syndrome into daily practice

Module 6. Skin in the Elderly

- Developing proper skin care for the elderly
- Knowledge of the most common skin pathologies in this type of patient

Module 7. Functional Sphere in the Elderly

• Update expert nursing care related to patient safety

Module 8. Neurological Alterations: Cognitive impairment and dementia

- Understand the complexity of neurological disorders in elderly patients
- Identify the most common health problems in chronic illnesses
- Recognize the clinical changes in different situations

Module 9. Most Prevalent Neurological and Sensory Organ Disorders in the Elderly

- Provide a response to neurological alterations affecting the senses
- Describe nursing care before and after diagnostic procedures and techniques in the internal medicine inpatient unit
- Assess the importance of the proper use of the nursing record in the internal medicine service, and describe the implementation procedures

Module 10. Social Sphere in the Elderly

- Understand the social needs of the elderly
- Actively participate in the creation of social habits in geriatric patients

Module 11. The Individual and the Family

- Understand and master the therapeutic situation in order to become a referent for a elderly person
- Provide skills to understand and relate to the loss of patients, and from there to accompany them in the transition

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Module 12. Elimination in the Elderly

- Know the main pathologies related to the excretory system in the field of geriatrics
- Recognize the material resources necessary to perform the different diagnostic or therapeutic tests

Module 13. Falls in the Elderly

- Respond to potential injuries resulting from falls and blows
- Identify emergency situations in patients with VTE and update procedures to deal with them

Module 14. Health in Old Age

- Gain knowledge of the mutations and new types of illness at this age
- Elaborate life histories as the objective of treatment in old age and not as a tool as is done in other age groups

Module 15. Physiological and Neuropsychological Changes in the Elderly

- \bullet Understand and know the differential aspects of mental disorders at this age
- Know the clinical and prognostic features of the various disorders of old age
- Master and manage the interferences of aging in the mental disorders to be treated
- Learn intervention tools that use the patient's senses as a setting

Module 16. Psychotherapies and Intervention in the Elderly from a Clinical Psychology Perspective

- Learn the appropriate dynamics for intervention in the elderly
- Understand the elderly brain
- Reposition the therapy towards a regressive and not so much progressive direction in the patient's mental timeline





Module 17. Pharmacological Intervention in the Elderly

- Describe and design protocols with patients who take multiple drugs for different chronic disorders
- Have the ability to include occupational therapy and psychomotor skills in all intervention protocols

Module 18. The Concept of Stress, Associated Human Response and the Aftermath of the Critical Situation

- Gain mediation and negotiation skills on benign aspects that are overvalued in the elderly
- Recognize the emotional withdrawal of elderly patients and allow their expression in a supportive environment

Module 19. Palliative care for the elderly

• Have the best tools to offer the best palliative treatments applied to geriatrics



Meet the challenges and complexities of caring for the geriatric population with the most up-to-date knowledge"





tech 16 | Skills

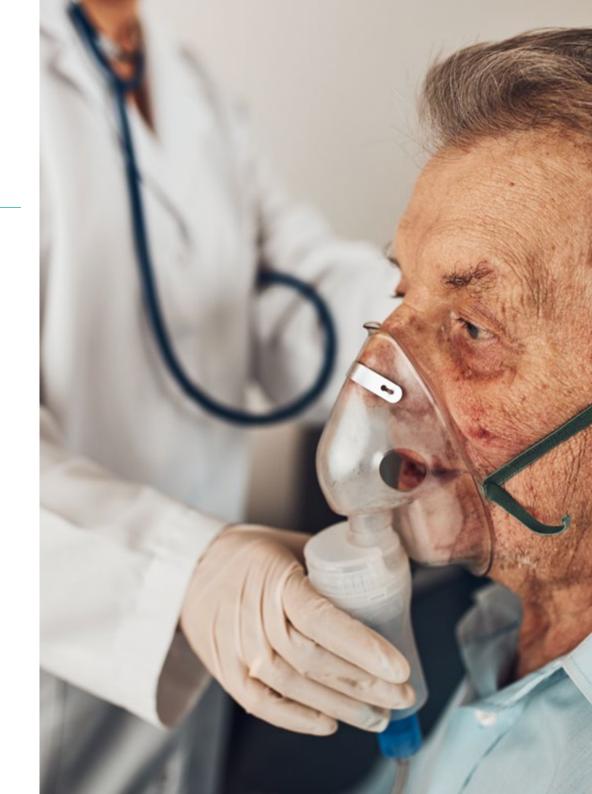


General Skills

- Provide first level care to the geriatric patient from the nursing area
- Develop within the profession in terms of working with other health professionals, acquiring skills to work as a team
- Recognize the need to maintain your professional skills and keep them up to date, with special emphasis on autonomous and continuous learning of new information
- Develop the capacity for critical analysis and research in your professional field



Develop evaluation skills, intervention and prevention in key areas such as nutrition, elimination, psychotherapies and neurological pathologies"





- Perform a comprehensive assessment of the geriatric patient
- Establish care guidelines for the geriatric multi-pathological patient
- Exercise nursing care in patients with metabolic syndrome
- Safely manage patients with venous thromboembolic disease
- Safely manage and care for acute and critical phase stroke patients
- Intervene appropriately in all aspects of geriatric emergencies
- Understand that the fact of aging is the result of an infinite complex process
- Consider respect as an antidote to the secondary problems of aging
- Identify and promote the importance of experience on society
- Identify and differentiate between the health and illness aspects of old age
- Know how to effectively evaluate the physical state in old age
- Adequately take a medical history of an elderly person
- Know about the essential analyses that must be done and the values of normality and abnormality
- Manage essential neurological examination maneuvers and techniques
- Determine the vital elements that are fundamental in old age
- Know the subject's idea of friendship and how many friends they have at the moment
- Determine what the friendship relationship has been like and how many friends the subject has had in their life

- Know the subject's ability to travel or move places
- Assess their motor coordination
- Describe the level of fatigue or physical tiredness of the subject
- Master the negative and positive personality changes that happen in old age
- Know how personality disorders affect the life of the elderly
- Acquire a mastery of knowledge about the incidence and consequences of schizoid, dependency, obsessive-compulsive, narcissistic or paranoid personality disorders in the elderly
- Master and know the dimensions of health
- Understand and master the consequences of old age on cognitive deterioration
- Discover the relationship with the core family
- Ascertain and describe the social organization of the subject's family
- Evaluate and know the degree of fatigue in the subject's life
- Observe and detect the degree of vital boredom of the subject, the degree of stress, the degree of helplessness, the degree of loneliness and the degree of laziness
- Assess and obtain the degree or possibility of subject suicide and mental disorders in the elderly





Guest Director



Ms. Hernanz Borrego, Giovanna

- Head of the Nursing Unit for Internal Medicine at the Hospital General Universitario Gregorio Marañon
- Nurse at Gregorio Marañón General University Hospita
- Principal investigator and collaborator in several studies
- Lecturer in postgraduate studies related to nursing
- University Diploma in Nursing from the Complutense University of Madrid

Management



Ms. Verano de la Torre, Marina

- Health Research Nurse Jiménez Díaz Foundation University Hospital
- Nurse in the Traumatology, Urology and Thoracic Surgery Unit at the University Hospital of Getafe
- Nurse in the Digestive Unit at Puerta de Hierro University Hospital
- Teaching collaborator in seminars on Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment as part of the Nursing of the Elderly course at the Autonomous University of Madrid
- Lecturer in the course Update in Nursing Care for the Elderly at the Doctor Rodríguez Lafora Hospital
- Lecturer in the psychogeriatrics course at the Doctor Rodriguez Lafora Hospital: Role of Nursing in active aging
- Degree in Nursing from the Autonomous University of Madrid



Mr. Aguado Romo, Roberto

- President of the European Institute of Time-Limited Psychotherapy
- Psychologist in private practice
- Researcher in Time Limited Psychotherapy
- Guidance team coordinator for many schools
- Author of several books on Psychology
- Communicator and expert in Psychology in the media
- University courses and postgraduate studies teacher
- President of the European Institute of Time-Limited Psychotherapies
- Master's Degree in Clinical and Health Psychology
- Specialist in Clinical Psychology
- Selective Dissociation Targeting Specialist

Professors

Ms. Mendoza Moreno, Virginia

- Advanced Practice Nurse in the Hip Fracture Unit of the Department of Geriatrics of the Hospital General Universitario Gregorio Marañón
- Nurse in Hospitalization of Orthopedic Traumatology, Orthogeriatrics, Orthopedic Surgery and Ophthalmology of the Hospital General Universitario Gregorio Marañon
- Nurse in Hospitalization of Cardiovascular Surgery and Cardiology at the Hospital General Universitario Gregorio Marañón
- Collaborating researcher in the multicenter study Registro Nacional de Fracturas de Cadera
- Diploma in Nursing from Pontificia de Comillas University

Ms. Rodríguez de la Madrid, Eva María

- Head of Geriatric Nursing Unit and Emergency Department. Gregorio Marañón General University Hospital
- Nurse in medical, surgical, geriatric and psychiatric hospitalization units. Diploma in Nursing. University of Leon
- Master's Degree in Research in Care. Complutense University of Madrid
- Occupational Risk Prevention Technician. Training Institute of the Ministry of Labor of the Community of Madrid
- Participation in posters, papers and articles related to Nursing
- Associate Professor in Health Sciences Programs

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Ms. Valadés Malagón, María Isabel

- Nurse of the Acute Geriatrics Unit of the Hospital General Universitario Gregorio Marañon
- Degree in Nursing by the Universidad Pontificia de Salamanca University Diploma in Social Work from the Complutense University, Madrid

Ms. Paredes Fernández, Andrea

- Nurse of the General Surgery and Digestive System Service of the Hospital General Universitario Gregorio Marañón
- Nurse at the Emergency Department of the Gregorio Marañon General University Hospital
- Master's Degree in Integration of Care and Clinical Problem Solving in Nursing by the University of Alcalá
- Degree in Nursing from the Complutense University of Madrid

Mr. Anasagasti, Aritz

- Director of Emotional Network and expert in Neurodegenerative Diseases and Emotional Intelligence
- European specialist psychologist in Psychotherapy at the CEP health center in Bilbao
- Degree in Psychology from the University of the Basque Country
- Master in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology
- Psychogeriatrics Specialist
- Specialist in neurodegenerative diseases from the University of the Basque Country
- Specialist psychologist in Psychotherapy as a member of the EFPA
- Psychotherapist certified by the FEAP
- Europsy Certificate as a Specialist Psychologist and as a Specialist Psychotherapist
- Member of Zimentarri, IEPTL

Dr. Fernández, Ángel

- Director of the Evaluation and Psychotherapy Center of Madrid
- European specialist psychologist in Psychotherapy from the EFPA
- Health Psychologist
- Master's Degree in Clinical and Health Psychology
- Tutor in charge of the Psychodiagnosis and Psychological Intervention area of the CEP
- Author of the TEN technique
- Head of studies on the Master's Degree in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology
- Specialist in Clinical Hypnosis and Relaxation

Dr. Martínez Lorca, Manuela

- Health Psychologist
- Professor in the Department of Psychology at the University of Castilla La Mancha CLM
- Master in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology by the European Institute of Time-Limited Psychotherapies
- Specialist in Clinical Hypnosis and Relaxation
- Degree in Psychology
- Doctor of Medicine

Ms. Roldán, Lucía

- Health Psychologist
- Cognitive-behavioral intervention specialist
- Master in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology
- Expert in energy therapy intervention

Ms. Otero, Verónica

- Head of the children and youth area of intervention with PTL in the CEP of Bilbao
- Degree in Psychology from the University of Deusto
- Master in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology
- Child and Adolescent Psychologist
- Specialist in Reciprocal Interaction Therapy
- Specialist psychologist in Psychotherapy as a member of the EFPA
- Psychotherapist certified by the FEAP
- Europsy Certificate as Psychologist Specialist
- Europsy Certificate as Psychotherapist Specialist

Dr. Kaiser Ramos, Carlos

- Specialist in Otorhinolaryngology and Cervical and Facial Pathology
- Head of the Otolaryngology department at Segovia General Hospital
- Member of the Royal Academy of Medicine of Salamanca
- Master in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology
- Expert in Psychosomatic Medicine

Ms. Rubio Sánchez, Bárbara

- Specialist Nurse in Geriatrics at the Ramón y Cajal University Hospital
- Nurse at University Hospital of León
- Nurse Emergency at La Rules HM Hospital
- Nurse in the Emergency Department of Hospital Sierrallana
- Degree in Nursing from the University of León
- Postgraduate Diploma in Nursing Processes and Interventions in the Field of General Care

Dr. Martínez Lorca, Alberto

- Nuclear Medicine Area Specialist, La Paz University Hospital
- Physician in the Nuclear Medicine Department of the Ramón y Cajal University Hospital
- Specialist in nuclear medicine area at the University Hospital Rey Juan Carlos-Quirón
- Doctor of Medicine
- Expert researcher in the area of cancer and hormone receptors
- Medical Education Manager
- Master's Degree in Time-Limited Psychotherapy and Health Psychology
- Coaching V.E.C
- Director of Neurological Studies at CEP in Madrid
- Specialist in Neurology of Dreams and their Disorders
- Disseminator for the children's population (Teddy Bear Hospital)

Ms. Veras Basora, Mally Franchesca

- Nurse in continuity of care-geriatrics at the University Hospital Fundación Alcorón
- Nurse in the geriatrics area of the Ramón y Cajal Hospital
- Nurse in the hospitalization area of the San José Institute Foundation
- Outpatient nurse in the Emergency Department, specifically in Pediatrics and Gynecology at Hospital Quirón San José
- Specialist Nurse in Geriatrics at the Ramón y Cajal Hospital
- Innovation and Creativity Award from the FUDEN Awards for the collaborative study "Model of care coordination between hospital and nursing homes"
- Degree in Nursing from the Complutense University of Madrid)
- Master's Degree in Integration of Care and Clinical Problem Solving in Nursing

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Ms. Aya Rodríguez, Sara

- Nurse continuity of care geriatrics at the University Hospital Foundation Alcorcon
- Nurse in the Palliative Care Unit of the Vianorte Laguna Foundation
- Innovation and Creativity Award from the FUDEN Awards for the collaborative study
 "Model of care coordination between hospital and nursing homes"
- Degree in Nursing from the University of Alcalá
- Master's Degree in Care Integration and Clinical Problem Solving in Nursing
- Geriatric Nursing Specialty Training Program by UDM Geriatrics at Consorci Sanitari de L'Anoia (Barcelona)

Ms. Pérez Panizo, Nuria María

- Specialist Nurse in Geriatrics at the Ramón y Cajal University Hospital
- Member of the Geriatrics research group of the Ramón y Cajal Institute of Health Research
- Nurse at La Paz University Hospital
- Nurse at Gregorio Marañón General University Hospital
- Diploma in Nursing. University of Oviedo
- Nurse Specialist in Geriatrics by the Ministry of Education, Science and Universities
- Expert in Clinical Management
- Degree in Social and Cultural Anthropology





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Ms. Vázquez Prudencio, Carolina

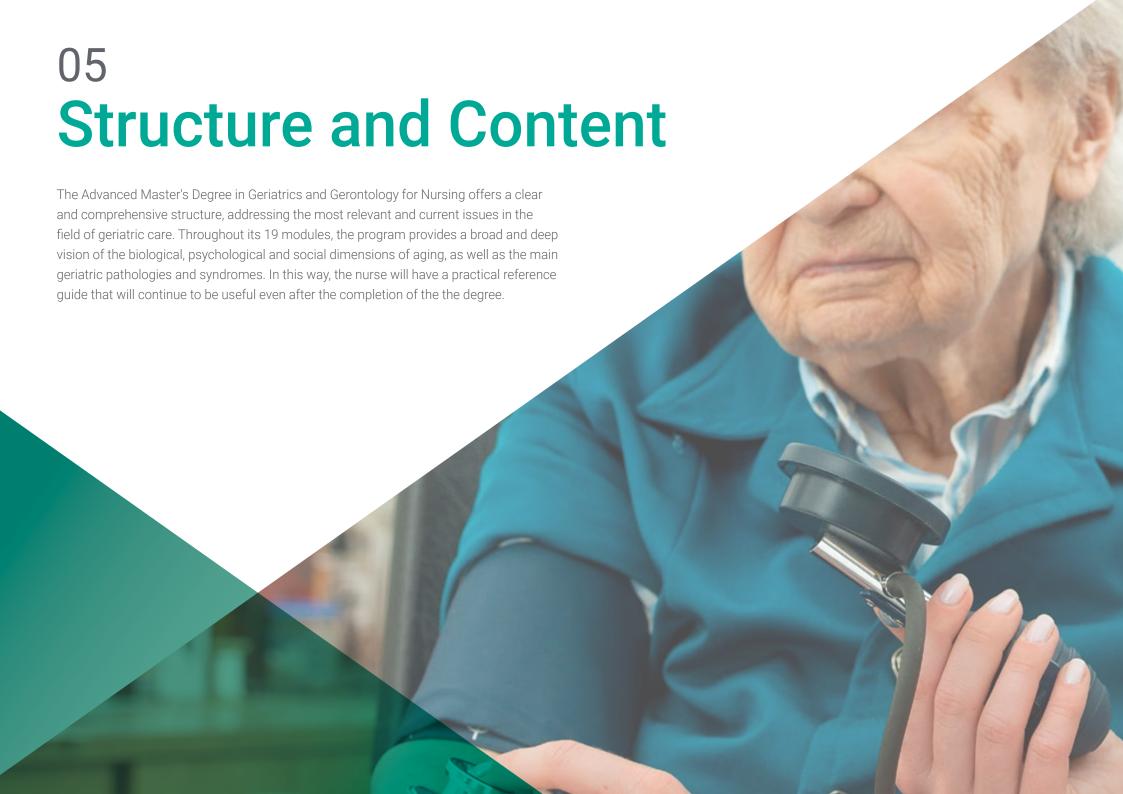
- Nurse Geriatric at Henares University Hospital
- Hospitalization and Home Hospitalization Nurse at Torrejón University Hospital
- Nurse Residence for the Elderly Edalia Torrejón de Ardoz
- Specialist Nurse in Geriatrics at the Ramón y Cajal University Hospital
- Master's Degree in Research and Health Science, Complutense University of Madrid
- Degree in Nursing Alcalá de Henares University

Mr Álvarez Martín, Javier

- Advanced Practice Nurse in Frailty, Leicester Royal Infirmary, Leicester, UK
- Nurse in Geriatrics, Red Cross Central Hospital San José y Santa Adela, Madrid
- Geriatric Nursing Resident, Ramón y Cajal University Hospital, Madrid
- Specialist in Geriatric Nursing, Ramón y Cajal University Hospital, Madrid
- Master Advanced Clinical Practice, Montfort University, Leicester, UK
- Master's Degree in Health Care Research, UCM, Faculty of Nursing, Physiotherapy and Podiatry



Lead patient quality and safety systems as applied to the context of clinical management units"





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Module 1. Old Age from an Anthropological Perspective

- 1.1. From Cicero to Marañón
- 1.2. Aging as a Complex Infinite Process
- 1.3. "Aging is the Only Way to Live a Long Time" Auber
- 1.4. Cultural Anthropology and "Respect" as a Word that Describes the Elderly
- 1.5. History of the Concept of Old Age
- 1.6. Study of Old Age from the Perspective of Psychogeriatrics and Psychogerontology

Module 2. Aging Considerations for Nursing Care

- 2.1. Geriatrics and Gerontology
- 2.2. Demographics and Economics Associated with Aging
- 2.3. Aging: biological dimension
- 2.4. Aging: Psychological Dimension
- 2.5. Aging: Social Dimension
- 2.6. Geriatric Syndromes
- 2.7. Pharmacology in the Elderly
- 2.8. Nursing Assessment in Geriatrics
- 2.9. Care Resources for the Elderly
- 2.10. Coexistence Forms with the Elderly

Module 3. Assessment of Health and Disease in Old Age

- 3.1. Physical and Mental Health Aging
- 3.2. Physical Evaluation
 - 3.2.1. Medical History
 - 3.2.2. General Physical Examination
 - 3.2.3. Analysis
 - 3.2.4. Neurological Examination
 - 3.2.5. Other Explorations





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\cap	D l - : -	Assessment
3.3.	Pevicnic	Accecement

- 3.3.1. Medical History
- 3.3.2. Life History
- 3.3.3. Cognitive Assessment
- 3.3.4. Assessment of Memory and Attention
- 3.3.5. Behavioral Assessment
- 3.3.6. Evaluation of the Most Common Psychological Disorders in Old Age

3.4. Social Assessment

- 3.4.1. Social Network Shared
- 3.4.2. Belonging to a Group
- 3.4.3. How Many Friends Do They Have at This Moment?
- 3.4.4. How Many Friends Did They Previously Have?
- 3.4.5. Economic Capacity
- 3.4.6. Recent and Previous Relationships
- 3.4.7. Social Implication
- 3.5. Physical Aging

3.6. Physical Activity

- 3.6.1. Autonomy of Movement
- 3.6.2. Capacity to Travel or Move Around
- 3.6.3. Motor Coordination
- 3.6.4. Level of Tiredness and Fatigue
- 3.6.5. Daily Life Activities

3.7. Mental Activity

- 3.7.1. Ability to Read
- 3.7.2. Ability to Have a Discussion
- 3.7.3. Flexibility/Rigidity in Reasoning
- 3.7.4. Creativity in Old Age

3.8. Problem Solving Activities

- 3.8.1. Ability to Maintain a Conversation
- 3.8.2. Break Out of the Monologue
- 3.8.3. Empathize
- 3.8.4. Conflict Resolution
- 3.8.5. Allow Win-Win Relationships

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Module 4. Aging from the Perspective of Personality Traits

- 4.1. Personality Studies and Theories on the Process of Aging
- 4.2. Social Dynamics and Role of the Elderly Person
- 4.3. Experiences and Current Research in Psychogeriatrics
- 4.4. Negative Changes in Personality
 - 4.4.1. Egocentrism
 - 4.4.2. Dependency
 - 4.4.3. Dogmatism
 - 4.4.4. Stiffness
 - 4.4.5. Intolerance
 - 4.4.6. Disobedience
 - 4.4.7. Pessimism
 - 4.4.8. Impatience
 - 4.4.9. Disrespectful
 - 4.4.10. Insecure
 - 4.4.11. Gnarly
 - 4.4.12. Associable
- 4.5. Positive Changes in Personality
 - 4.5.1. Sincerity
 - 4.5.2. Calmness
 - 453 Unconcerned
 - 4.5.4. Discrete
 - 4.5.5. Straightforward
 - 4.5.6. Generous
 - 4.5.7. Tender
 - 4.5.8. Honest
 - 4.5.9. Humble
 - 4.5.10. Kind
 - 4.5.11. Safety
 - 4.5.12. Understanding
- 4.6. How Do Personality Disorders Affect the Elderly?

- 4.7. Research in Personality Disorders in Old Age
 - 4.7.1. Schizoid Personality Disorder
 - 4.7.2. Dependency-Based Personality Disorder
 - 4.7.3. Obsessive Compulsive Personality Disorder
 - 4.7.4. Narcissistic Personality Disorder
 - 4.7.5. Paranoid Personality Disorder
- 4.8. The Aging Process Improves or Worsens Personality Disorders
- 4.9. Situation for the Study and Evaluation of Personality Disorders in Old Age

Module 5. Nutritional sphere in the elderly

- 5.1. Nutritional Assessment of the Elderly
- 5.2. Nutritional Requirements, Overweight and Obesity
- 5.3. Malnutrition and Nutritional Supplements
- 5.4. Sarcopenia
- 5.5. Oral Health: Evaluation and Recommendations (Xerostomia, Candidiasis)
- 5.6. Therapeutic Devices, Indications and Care
- 5.7. Dehydration and Ionic Disturbances in the Elderly
- 5.8. Diabetes in the Elderly
- 5.9. Therapeutic Diets
- 5.10. Technical Aids for Feeding

Module 6. Skin in the Elderly

- 6.1. Skin Organ Changes in Aging
- 6.2. Dependency-Related injuries: Pressure Ulcers
- 6.3. Dependency-Related injuries: Moisture associated skin lesions (MOASL)
- 5.4. Vascular Ulcers
- 6.5. Diabetic Foot
- 6.6. Kennedy's Ulcers
- 6.7. Scales for Assessing the Risk of Developing Dependency-Related Injuries
- 6.8. Treatment of Skin Injuries: Cures
- 6.9. Treatment of Skin Injuries: Pressure relief surfaces
- 6.10. Care of the Elderly with Loss of Skin Integrity

Module 7. Functional Sphere in the Elderly

- 7.1. Skeletal Muscle System Changes in Aging
- 7.2. Functional Assessment
- 7.3. Fragility for
- 7.4. Most Prevalent Musculoskeletal Diseases in the Elderly
- 7.5. Hip Fracture
- 7.6. Immobility and its Consequences for the Elderly
- 7.7. Hospital Functional Impairment
- 7.8. Prehabilitation and Rehabilitation
- 7.9. Mobilization and Ergonomics
- 7.10. Technical Aids

Module 8. Neurological Alterations: Cognitive impairment and dementia

- 8.1. Nervous System Changes in Aging
- 8.2. Acute Confusional Syndrome
- 8.3. Cognitive impairment and dementia
- 8.4. Psychobehavioral Symptoms of Dementia: Definition and Assessment
- 8.5. Psychobehavioral Symptoms of Dementia: Non-Pharmacological Treatment
- 8.6. Mechanical Restraints in the Elderly
- 8.7. Cognitive Stimulation
- 8.8. The Carer of the Person with Dementia

Module 9. Most prevalent neurological and sensory organ disorders in the elderly

- 9.1. Stroke
- 9.2. Parkinson's Disease
- 9.3. Dysphagia: Definition and Classification
- 9.4. Swallowing Assessment
- 9.5. Adaptation of Diet and Technical Aids
- 9.6. Rehabilitative Treatment of Dysphagia
- 9.7. Sleep Disorders in the Elderly
- 9.8. Anxiety and Depression in the Elderly
- 9.9. Changes in Vision and Prevalent Diseases in the Elderly
- 9.10. Changes in Hearing and Prevalent Diseases in the Elderly

Module 10. Social Sphere in the Elderly

- 10.1. Social Determinants of Health
- 10.2. Social Image of Aging
- 10.3. The Caregiver
- 10.4. Incapacitation: Legal Guardian
- 10.5. Loneliness in the Elderly
- 10.6. Leisure in the Elderly
- 10.7. Abuse of the Elderly
- 10.8. Sexuality in the Elderly

Module 11. The Individual and the Family

- 11.1. What is Family?
 - 11.1.1. Family Life Cycle
 - 11.1.2. Family Sociability
 - 11.1.3. New Intergenerational Conflicts
 - 11.1.4. Nuclear Family
 - 11.1.5. Modern Family
 - 11.1.6. Social Organization of Sexual Relationships
- 11.2. Regulatory Processes of Family Life
 - 11.2.1. Family Temperament
 - 11.2.2. Family Identity
- 11.3. The Family Development and Growth Process
 - 11.3.1. Sandwich Generation
 - 11.3.2. Tupac Amaru Syndrome
 - 11.3.3. Family Aging
- 11.4. Functional Family in Old Age
 - 11.4.1. Support of Demands and Needs
 - 11.4.2. Parenthood
 - 11.4.3. Subsidiary Responsibility
- 11.5. Stability of Change and Placement of Authority

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- 11.6. Aging Within the Family
 - 11.6.1. The Family and the Importance of Contributing and Being Productive
 - 11.6.2. Psychosocial Aspects of the Family
 - 11.6.3. Structure
 - 11.6.4. Mechanisms of action
 - 11.6.5. Family as a Health and Social Network in Old Age
 - 11.6.6. Current Role of Old Age in 21st Century Families
- 11.7. The 70s Crisis
 - 11.7.1. Retirement
 - 11.7.2. Dependency
 - 11.7.3. Depression
- 11.8. The Family of Today and of the Future
- 11.9. Quality of Life, Family and Modifications that Occur in Old Age
 - 11.9.1. Society and Aging
 - 11.9.2. How Does Our Body Transform with Old Age?
 - 11.9.3. Psychology and Old Age Metapsychology
- 11.10. Aging with Satisfaction
- 11.11. Fulfilling Basic Needs in Old Age

Module 12. Elimination in the Elderly

- 12.1. Changes in the Excretory System in Aging
- 12.2. Incontinence in the Elderly
- 12.3. Incontinence Care: Absorbent Pads, Therapeutic Devices and Technical Aids
- 12.4. Incontinence Rehabilitation
- 12.5. Neurogenic Bladder
- 12.6. Urinary Tract Infections
- 12.7. Acute Urinary Retention
- 12.8. Constipation and Fecal Impaction
- 12.9. Diarrhea in the Elderly
- 12.10. Pharmacotherapy of Elimination Disorders







- 13.1. Immediate Attention to the Fall
- 13.2. Fall Assessment
- 13.3. Consequences of the Fall
- 13.4. Cardiovascular Causes of the Fall
- 13.5. Neurology Causes of the Fall
- 13.6. Infectious Causes of the Fall
- 13.7. Respiratory and Endocrine Causes of the Fall
- 13.8. Digestive Causes of the Fall
- 13.9. Musculoskeletal Causes of the Fall
- 13.10. External Aspects of the Fall

Module 14. Health in Old Age

- 14.1. Review of the Dimensions of Health
- 14.2. Mental and Emotional Health
 - 14.2.1. Conserving Time and Space Relationship
 - 14.2.2. Maintaining Short-Term Memory
- 14.3. Habits and Cognitive Style
- 14.4. Emotional Schemes
- 14.5. Basic Needs Met
- 14.6. Resilience
- 14.7. Preservation of the Biography
- 14.8. Mental Flexibility and Sense of Humor
- 14.9. Physical Health
 - 14.9.1. Addiction
 - 14.9.2. Chronic Diseases
 - 14.9.3. History of Disease/Illness
- 14.10. Past Assisted Care
- 14.11. Stress Level
- 14.12. Social Health



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Module 15. Physiological and Neuropsychological Changes in the Elderly

- 15.1. Changes to the Nervous System
 - 15.1.1. Neuropsychological and Psychopathological Alterations in Old Age
 - 15.1.2. Characteristics in the Elderly that Affect Drug Intervention
- 15.2. Psychopathology and Neuropathology in Consciousness and Perception Disorders in the Elderly
 - 15.2.1. Biopsychosocial Factors in Life Fatigue
 - 15.2.2. Stress in the Daily Life of an Elderly Person
 - 15.2.3. Attention, Learning and Memory
 - 15.2.4. Helplessness
 - 15.2.5. Insulation
 - 15.2.6. Loneliness
 - 15.2.7. Boredom
 - 15.2.8. Neglect
 - 15.2.9. Suicide in Elderly People
- 15.3. Affective Disorders in Elderly People
- 15.4. Sleep Disorders in Elderly People

Module 16. Psychotherapies and Intervention in the Elderly from a Clinical Psychology Perspective

- 16.1. Common and Differential Elements in Psychotherapy of Elderly People
- 16.2. Different Types of Conflicts and Models that Explain Health and Illness Behaviors
- 16.3. Competent Scenarios and Motivational Interviewing
- 16.4. Behavior Modification and Time-Limited Psychology in Old Age
- 16.5. Functional Analysis
- 16.6. Systemic Therapy
- 16.7. MRI: Brief Problem-Focused Therapy
- 16.8. SFBT: Solution-Focused Brief Therapy
- 16.9. Family Sculpting
- 16.10. Narrating Metaphoric Stories
- 16.11. Prescriptions: Healing Processes
- 16.12. Original Prescriptions
- 16.13. Strategic Therapy and Constructivism
 - 16.13.1. Bonding and Framing of the Elderly Patient in Psychotherapy

Module 17. Pharmacological Intervention in the Elderly

- 17.1. Geriatric Psychopharmacology
- 17.2. Fragility and Vulnerability of the Elderly
- 17.3. Polypharmacy in the Elderly
- 17.4. Pharmacokinetic Changes
 - 17.4.1. Lowering of Body Water Levels
 - 17.4.2. Reduced Protein Binding
 - 17.4.3. More Time Taken to Reach Peak Plasma Levels
 - 17.4.4. Greater Variability in Achieving Stable Plasma Levels
 - 17.4.5. Reduced Hepatic Metabolism
 - 17.4.6. Reduced Renal Clearance
 - 17.4.7. Risk of Interactions
 - 17.4.8. New Pharmacodynamics
- 17.5. Pharmacological Treatment for Anxiety of Elderly People
 - 17.5.1. Benzodiazepines
 - 17.5.2. ISRS
 - 17.5.3. Atypical Antidepressants
- 17.6. Pharmacological Treatment for Depression in Elderly People
 - 17.6.1. ISRS
 - 17.6.2. Non-Tricyclic Antidepressants
 - 17.6.3. Dual Antidepressants
- 17.7. Pharmacological Treatment for Bipolar Disorder in the Elderly
 - 17.7.1. Lithium
 - 17.7.2. Anti-Convulsants
- 17.8. Antiseizure Medications
- 17.9. Medications for Agitation in the Elderly
- 17.10. Pharmacology of Confusion
- 17.11. Drugs for Dementia
- 17.12. Medication Against Deficiencies
- 17.13. Pharmacological Intervention in Somatization

Module 18. The Concept of Stress, Associated Human Response and the After Effects of a Critical Situation

- 18.1. What is Stress?
- 18.2. Biology of the Stress Response
- 18.3. Biochemistry of Stress
- 18.4. Basic Emotions
- 18.5. The Biology of Stress in a Critical Situation
- 18.6. Development of the Stress Response
- 18.7. Psychological Defence Mechanisms Associated with the Critical Situation
- 18.8. Self-Management, The Management of One's Own Emotions
- 18.9. Being proactive
- 18.10. Create an Environment of Trust
 - 18.10.1. The Importance of Trust
 - 18.10.2. The Four Pillars of Trust
- 18.11. Empathic Listening
- 18.12. Applied Communication Skills
 - 18.12.1. The Communication Process
 - 18.12.2. Guidelines for Effective Communication
 - 18.12.3. Common Errors in Transmitting Information
 - 18.12.4. Common Errors in Receiving Information
- 18.13. Representational Systems
- 18.14. Handling Difficult Discussions and Conversations
 - 18.14.1. Introduction
 - 18.14.2. The "Who's Right?" Conversation
 - 18.14.3. Conversations about Emotions
 - 18.14.4. Conversations about Identity
- 18.15. Effective Use of Ouestions
- 18.16. Paraphrasing
- 18.17. Influence Techniques to Overcome Resistance
 - 18.17.1. Managing Motivation
 - 18.17.2. Strategies to Support Change
- 18.18. Achieving a Small "Yes"
- 18.19. Speaking about the Present and the Future
- 18.20. Expressing Ourselves with "I" Messages
- 18.21. Accompanying and Leading
- 18.22. Set the Person to Do Something

Module 19. Palliative care for the elderly

- 19.1. Introduction to palliative care
- 19.2. Complexity Palliative Care Criteria
- 19.3. Main Symptoms in Palliative Care I
- 19.4. Main Symptoms in Palliative Care II
- 19.5. Routes of Administration of Pharmacological Treatment
- 19.6. Psychological Care in Palliative Care Grief and Family
- 19.7. Advance Care Planning
- 19.8. End-of-life Care, Limiting Therapeutic Effort, and Palliative Sedation
- 19.9. Euthanasia and Assisted Suicide
- 19.10. Ethical Conflicts in Palliative Care

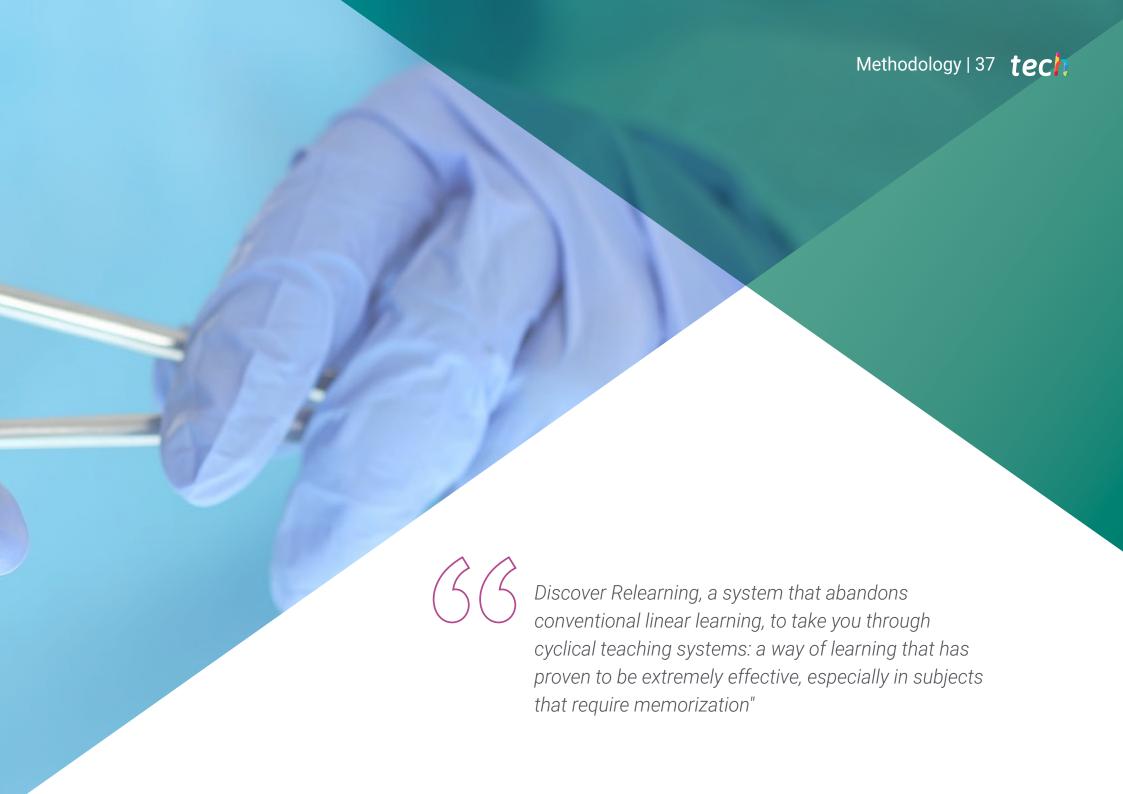


A specific syllabus on nursing emergencies that will be fundamental for your professional development"



This academic program offers students a different way of learning. Our methodology uses a cyclical learning approach: **Relearning.**

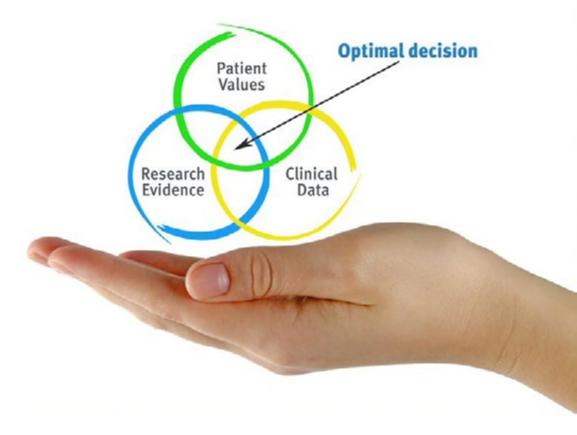
This teaching system is used, for example, in the most prestigious medical schools in the world, and major publications such as the **New England Journal of Medicine** have considered it to be one of the most effective.



At TECH Nursing School we use the Case Method

In a given situation, what should a professional do? Throughout the program, students will face multiple simulated clinical cases, based on real patients, in which they will have to do research, establish hypotheses, and ultimately resolve the situation. There is an abundance of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of the method. Nurses learn better, faster, and more sustainably over time

With TECH, nurses can experience a learning methodology that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world



According to Dr. Gérvas, the clinical case is the annotated presentation of a patient, or group of patients, which becomes a "case", an example or model that illustrates some peculiar clinical component, either because of its teaching power or because of its uniqueness or rarity. It is essential that the case is based on current professional life, in an attempt to recreate the real conditions in professional nursing practice



Did you know that this method was developed in 1912, at Harvard, for law students? The case method consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make decisions and justify their decisions on how to solve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method"

The effectiveness of the method is justified by four fundamental achievements:

- Nurses who follow this method not only grasp concepts, but also develop their mental capacity, by evaluating real situations and applying their knowledge
- 2. The learning process has a clear focus on practical skills that allow the nursing professional to better integrate knowledge acquisition into the hospital setting or primary care
- 3. Ideas and concepts are understood more efficiently, given that the example situations are based on real-life
- 4. Students like to feel that the effort they put into their studies is worthwhile. This then translates into a greater interest in learning and more time dedicated to working on the course





Relearning Methodology

At TECH we enhance the case method with the best 100% online teaching methodology available: Relearning

This university is the first in the world to combine case studies with a 100% online learning system based on repetition combining a minimum of 8 different elements in each lesson, which is a real revolution compared to the simple study and analysis of cases

The nurse will learn through real cases and by solving complex situations in simulated learning environments.

These simulations are developed using state-of-the-art software to facilitate immersive learning





Methodology | 41 tech

At the forefront of world teaching, the Relearning method has managed to improve the overall satisfaction levels of professionals who complete their studies, with respect to the quality indicators of the best online university (Columbia University)

With this methodology we have trained more than 175,000 nurses with unprecedented success in all specialities regardless of practical workload. Our pedagogical methodology is developed in a highly competitive environment, with a university student body with a strong socioeconomic profile and an average age of 43.5 years old

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your specialization, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation to success

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically

The overall score obtained by TECH's learning system is 8.01, according to the highest international standards

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is really specific and precise

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student



Nursing Techniques and Procedures on Video

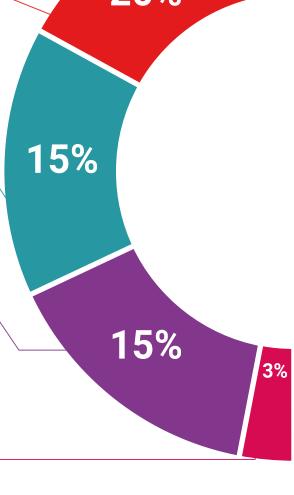
We introduce you to the latest techniques, to the latest educational advances, to the forefront of current medical techniques. All of this in direct contact with students and explained in detail so as to aid their assimilation and understanding. And best of all, you can watch them as many times as you want



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story"





Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course



Expert-Led Case Studies and Case Analysis

Effective learning ought to be contextual. Therefore, TECH presents real cases in which the expert will guide students, focusing on and solving the different situations: a clear and direct way to achieve the highest degree of understanding



Testing & Retesting

We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals



Classes

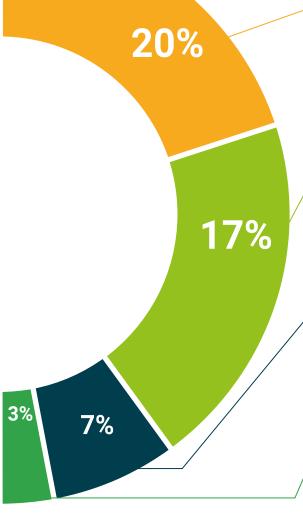
There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful

Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions



Quick Action Guides

TECH offers the most relevant contents of the course in the form of worksheets or quick action guides. A synthetic, practical, and effective way to help students progress in their learning







tech 46 | Certificate

This program will allow you to obtain your **Advanced Master's Degree diploma in Geriatrics** and **Gerontology for Nursing** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (*official bulletin*). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** title is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

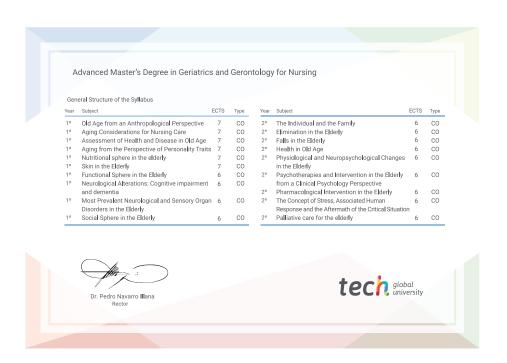
Title: Advanced Master's Degree in Geriatrics and Gerontology for Nursing

Modality: online

Duration: 2 years

Accreditation: 120 ECTS





^{*}Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper diploma issued with an apostille, TECH Global University will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.

health confidence people
education information tutors
guarantee accreditation teaching
institutions technology learning



Advanced Master's Degree Geriatrics and Gerontology for Nursing

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 2 years
- » Certificate: TECH Global University
- » Credits: 120 ECTS
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

