



Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics

» Modality: online

» Duration: 6 months

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Credits: 18 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

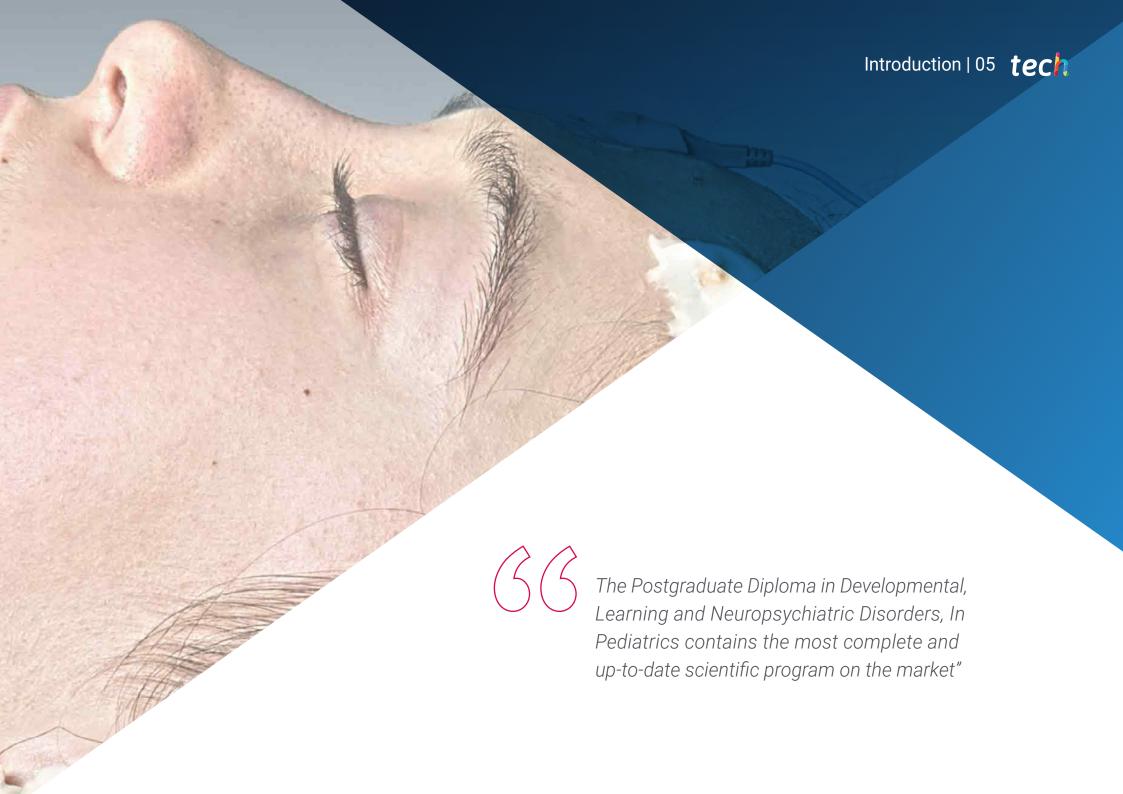
Website: www.techtitute.com/us/medicine/postgraduate-diploma/postgraduate-diploma-advances-developmental-learning-neuropsychiatric-disorders-pediatrics

Index

> 06 Certificate

> > p. 34





tech 06 | Introduction

General pediatricians cannot encompass the complexity of all pediatric subspecialties. As they progress in their development, each one of them acquires a specific body and entity to become its own specialty. In addition, the particularities of child development and its variability according to age and other factors do not allow neurologists for adults to cope with the existing demand.

All this, together with the great diversity and complexity of neurological disorders in childhood, means that more and more neuropediatric units are needed and the demand for highly trained professionals in this area is increasing. The weight of neuropediatrics within general pediatrics almost exceeds 25% of the overall demand in specialized care units in our country. This figure, together with the significant increase in overall pediatric demand and despite the current birth rate, suggests a significant increase in the coming years. More and more authors are reporting an increase in the diagnosis of various neurological pathologies typical of childhood, such as disorders within the autism spectrum, learning disabilities, and even neoplasms affecting the central nervous system. This is leading to the development of units structured on the basis of care processes oriented towards specific pathologies and therefore to a need for extremely high need specialization.

In many pediatric neurology units in our environment, subspecialties are being created in which professionals are monographically dedicated to an area within neuropediatrics. In this one, there is a certain tendency to assimilate to the adult neurology model. There are units of Learning Disorders, Developmental Disorders, Movement Disorders, Headaches, etc. The average age of specialists in Neuropediatrics in our country also deserves to be taken into account, since in the coming years many of the entrepreneurs in this area of Postgraduate Diploma are expected to reach retirement age.

This Postgraduate Diploma in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, in Pediatrics contains the most complete and up-to-date scientific program on the market. The most important features include:

- Clinical cases presented by experts in the different specialties. The graphic, schematic, and practical contents with which they are created provide scientific and practical information on the disciplines that are essential for professional practice.
- Latest developments on Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders in Pediatrics
- An algorithm-based interactive learning system for decision-making in the clinical situations presented throughout the course
- With special emphasis on evidence-based medicine and research methodologies in developmental disorders, learning and child psychiatry
- Theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection assignments
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection





This Postgraduate Diploma may be the best investment you can make when selecting a refresher program, for two reasons: in addition to updating your knowledge in Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics, you will obtain a Postgraduate Diploma from TECH Global University"

It includes in its teaching staff health professionals belonging to the field of pharmacology, who pour into this training the experience of their work, in addition to recognized specialists belonging to scientific societies of reference.

Thanks to its multimedia content developed with the latest educational technology, they will allow the professional a situated and contextual learning, that is to say, a simulated environment that will provide an immersive learning programmed to prepare in real situations.

This program is designed around Problem-Based Learning, whereby the students must try to solve the different professional practice situations that arise during the academic program. For this reason, you will be assisted by an innovative, interactive video system created by renowned and experienced experts in the field of pediatric neurology with extensive teaching experience.

Increase your decision-making confidence by updating your knowledge with this Postgraduate Diploma in Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics.

Don't miss the opportunity to update your knowledge in Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics to improve your patients' care.







tech 10 | Objectives



General Objectives

- Update specialist knowledge in the different syndromic disorders in this discipline through evidence-based medicine
- Promote work strategies based on a comprehensive approach and multidisciplinary care in the patient's social environment that become a reference model for achieving excellence in care
- Encourage the acquisition of technical skills and abilities, through a powerful audiovisual system, and the possibility of development through online simulation workshops and/or specific education
- Encourage professional stimulation through continuous education and research



Make the most of the opportunity and take the step to get up to date on the latest developments in Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics"







Specific Objectives

Module 1. Update on Neurology Consultations

- Perform a correct anamnesis in pediatric neurology
- Apply neurological assessment scales

Module 2. Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology

- Explain the procedure for neurological examination of newborns and infants
- Identify the clinical neurological examinations performed in newborns and in children up to one year of age

Module 3. Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders

- Describe the application of diagnostic imaging in neurodevelopmental assessment and neuropathology
- Define the correct neuropsychological examination for school children





tech 14 | Course Management

Management



Dr. Fernández Fernández, Manuel Antonio

- · Director of the Andalusian Institute of Pediatric Neurology. Sevilla, España
- Director of the Pediatric Neurology Area at Hospital San Agustír
- · Director of the Pediatric Neurology Area at Hospital Quirónsalud Infanta Luisa
- Accreditation in Neuropediatrics by the Spanish Society of Pediatric Neurology (SENEP)
- Degree in Medicine and Surgery, University of Cadiz
- · Master's Degree in Healthcare Services Management and Planning. CTO Business School
- · Master's Degree in Entrepreneurship from GADE Business School
- · Master's Degree in Leadership and Management Skills from GADE Business School
- · Master's Degree in Clinical Trials from the University of Seville
- Member of: Spanish Association of Pediatrics (AEP), Spanish Association for Research on Inborn Errors of Metabolism (AEIEIM),
 Spanish Society of Inborn Errors of Metabolism (AECOM), Spanish Society of Primary Care Pediatrics (SEPEAP), Sociedad Española de Psiquiatría Infantil (SEPI), Sociedad Española de Pediatría Hospitalaria (SEPHO), European Paediatric Academy (EAP), Child Neurology Society (USA), European Pediatric Association (EPA/UNEPSA), World Federation of ADHD Associations (WFDAH), World Federation of ADHD Associations (WFDAH), World Federation of ADHD Associations (WFDAH)



Dr. Fernández Jaén, Alberto

- · Head of the Child Neurology Department Quirón University Hospital, (Madrid)
- · CADE Medical Director
- Degree in Medicine and Surgery
- Specialist in Child Neurology
- · Author and contributor in scientific papers

Professors

Dr. Hidalgo Vicario, MARÍA Inés

- Medical Specialist in Primary Care Pediatrics at the University Children's Hospital Niño Jesús
- President of the Spanish Society of Adolescent Medicine
- Childcare Physician at the Ministry of Health and Consumer Affairs
- National Member of the Board of Directors of the Spanish Association of Pediatrics
- Doctorate in Medicine from the Autonomous University Madrid

Dr. Eiris Puñal, Jesús

- Head of the Pediatric Neurology Unit, Santiago de Compostela University Hospital Complex
- * Specialist physician at Hospital General de Galicia de Santiago de Compostela
- PhD in Medicine and Surgery from the University of Santiago de Compostela
- Member of: Spanish Society of Pediatrics, Spanish Society of Pediatric Neurology

tech 16 | Course Management

Dr. Fernández Mayoralas, Daniel Martín

- Neuropediatrician at Gandía Hospital
- Neuropediatrician at La Zarzuela Hospital
- Assistant Physician, Child Neurology Service, Hospital Universitario Quirónsalud Madrid
- Author of the book "Specialization in Hearing and Language. *Anatomy, physiology, and neurology of language*
- PhD in Medicine and Surgery from the University of Murcia
- Degree in Medicine and Surgery from the Faculty of Medicine of the Murcia University.
- Doctor with a Cum Laude doctoral thesis in Medicine and Surgery from the University of Murcia
- Master's Degree in Neuropediatrics from the Complutense University of Madrid
- Member of: The Spanish Society of Pediatric Neurology (SENEP), The Spanish Society of Pediatrics (SEP), The Society of Pediatrics of Madrid and Castilla-La Mancha

Dr. Amado Puentes, Alfonso

- Pediatric Physician at Amado Pediatric Clinic SLP
- Founder and Physician of La Ruta Azul
- Faculty Specialist in Neuropediatrics
- Pediatric Neurologist at the University Hospital Complex of Vigo.
- Degree in Medicine and Surgery from the University of Santiago de Compostela
- Doctoral Thesis from the University of Santiago de Compostela
- Diploma of Advanced Studies from the University of Vigo
- Master in Pediatric Neurology and Neurodevelopment. CEU Cardenal Herrera University

Dr. Ros Cervera, Gonzalo

- Neuropediatrician at IMED Valencia
- Neuropediatrician at General University Hospital d' Elda
- Neuropediatrician at Xàtiva Hospital
- Neuropediatrician at Valencian Institute of Neurosciences(IVANN)
- Neuropediatrician at Hospital Francesc de Borja
- * Specialist in the Department of Pediatrics at Hospital del Vinalopó
- Degree in Medicine and Surgery from the University of Valencia
- Postgraduate Diploma via MIR as a family physician at the University Hospital Vall d'Hebrón
- Specialization via MIR in Pediatrics and its Specific Areas at the University Hospital La Fe of Valencia
- Sub-specialization in Neuropediatrics in the Department of Child Neurology at the University Hospital La Fe
- Training stay at the Neurology Department of the Children's Hospital Sant Joan de Déu in Barcelona
- International training stay at the Children's Hospital of Sankt Gallen in Switzerland
- Graduate in Research Sufficiency in the Autonomous University of Barcelona.
- Neuropediatrician accredited by the Spanish Association of Pediatrics

Dr. Téllez de Meneses Lorenzo, Montserrat Andrea

- Pediatric Neurologist specialized in Autism and Communication Disorders
- * Specialist Physician at Hospital Policlínico y Universitario La Fe
- Pediatric Neurologist in Neural Neurological Rehabilitation Clinics
- PhD in Medicine and Surgery from the University of Valencia
- Member of the English Society of Pediatrics



Course Management | 17 tech

Dr. Málaga Diéguez, Ignacio

- Pediatrician Expert in Neuropediatrics
- Assistant Physician of the Neuropediatrics Unit at the University Hospital Central de Asturias
- Neuropediatrician in the Neurological Institute Doctor Mateos
- Author of publications in national and international scientific journals
- Professor in undergraduate and postgraduate university studies
- Doctor of Medicine, University of Oviedo.
- Master's Degree in Child Neurology, University of Barcelona
- Member of: SENEP, AEP, EPNS, ILAE, SCCALP

Dr. Gilibert Sánchez, Noelia

- Neuropsychologist at Andalusian Institute of Pediatric Neurology
- Collaborator of the project The Neuropediatrician of Online Consultations
- Master's in Advanced Studies in Brain and Behavior in the University of Seville
- Degree in Psychology in the University of Seville

Dr. Fernández Perrone, Ana Laura

- Pediatric Neurology Specialist
- Pediatric Neurologist at Quirón Salud University Hospital
- * Hospital Complex Ruber Juan Bravo de Quirónsalud
- Member of the Spanish Society of Neurology

tech 18 | Course Management

Dr. Carvalho Gómez, Carla

- Specialist in Pediatric Neuropsychology
- Neuropsychology in the La Fe University Hospital from Valencia.
- * Specialist in Neuropsychology at at Virgen de La Macarena University Hospital
- Professor in Neuropsychology Andalusian Institute of Pediatric Neurology
- Neuropsychology teacher at the European Institute of Neuropsychology
- Lecturer in the Master's Degree in Pediatric Neurology and Neurodevelopment from CEU Cardenal Herrera University
- Degree in Psychology with a Specialization in Neuropsychology from the University of of Seville
- Master's Degree in Advanced Studies in Brain and Behavior by the University of Seville
- Postgraduate PROFESSIONAL MASTER'S DEGREE in General Health Psychology, University of La Rioja
- * Master's Degree in Functional Criteria Neuropsychology from the Pablo Olavide University

Dr. Lorenzo Sanz, Gustavo

- Head of the Neurodevelopment Unit of Child Neurology at the Ramón y Cajal Hospital in Madrid
- Associate Professor, University of Alcalá
- Doctor of Medicine and Surgery
- * Specialist in pediatrics with Accreditation in pediatric Neurology diseases
- Author of more than 200 research papers in national and international journals
- Principal investigator and collaborator in numerous internationally funded research projects





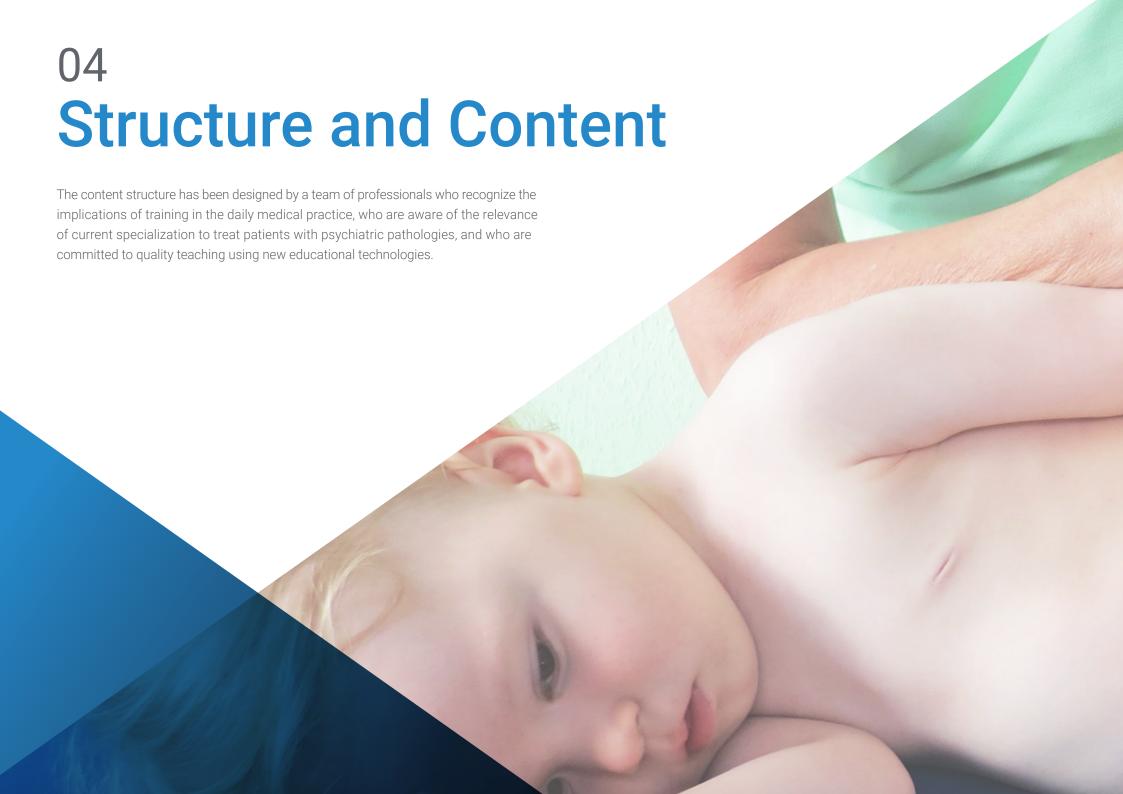
Course Management | 19 tech

Dr. Barbero Aguirre, Pedro

- Pediatric Neurologist Specialized in ADHD
- Head of the Neurodevelopment Unit at the University Hospital and Polytechnic La Fe
- Faculty Specialist in Pediatric Neurology at 9 de Octubre Hospital
- Specialist physician at Casa de Salud Hospital

Dr. Lefa Sarane, Eddy Ives

- Pediatrician Specializing in Child and Adolescent Psychiatry at HM Hospital
- Pediatrician at HM Nens Hospital
- Pediatrician in HM Sant Jordi Hospital
- Lecturer of Master's Degree in Academic Institutions
- Doctor of Medicine
- Degree in Medicine and Surgery from the University of Barcelona.
- Master's Degree in Paedopsychiatry and Child and Adolescent Psychology from the Autonomous University of Barcelona
- Master's Degree in Neuropediatrics and Neurodevelopment by Cardenal Herrera University
- Coordinator of the ADHD Working Group of the Spanish Society of Adolescent Medicine (SEMA)
- Member of: Board of Directors of the Society of Child Psychiatry of the Spanish Association of Pediatrics, Advisory Committee of the Adana Foundation (Insomnia Association for Children, Adolescents and Adults), Pedagogical Committee of the Training Program for the Promotion of Child and Adolescent Mental Health from Pediatrics of the Catalan Institute of Health





tech 22 | Structure and Content

Module 1. Update on Neurology Consultations

- 1.1. Medical History in Pediatric Neurology
 - 1.1.1. Clinician Personal Skills
 - 1.1.2. Advantages and Disadvantages of Good Communication and Information
 - 1.1.3. Orientation of the Medical History According to Disorders
 - 1.1.3.1. Headaches
 - 1.1.3.2. Epilepsy
 - 1.1.4. Orientation of the Medical History According to Age
 - 1.1.4.1. Prenatal Medical History
 - 1.1.4.2. Neonatal Medical History
 - 1.1.4.3. Medical History in Young Children
 - 1.1.4.4. Medical History in Older Children
 - 1.1.5. Medical History of Psychomotor Development
 - 1.1.6. Medical History of Language Development
 - 1.1.7. Medical History of the Mother/Father-Child Bond
 - 1.1.8. Personal and Family History
- 1.2. Neurological Examination of Newborns and Infants
 - 1.2.1. Basic Neurological Examination
 - 1.2.2. General Data
 - 1.2.3. External Aspect
 - 1.2.4. Functional Behaviors
 - 1.2.5. Sensory Functions
 - 1.2.6. Motility
 - 1.2.7. Primary Reflexes and Postural Attitudes
 - 1.2.8. Tone, Hand Pressure and Manipulation
 - 1.2.9. Cranial Nerves
 - 1.2.10. Sensitivity
 - 1.2.11. Neurological Assessment Scales
- 1.3 Neurological Examination of Older Children

- 1.4 Neuropsychological Examination of Preschool Children
 - 1.4.1. The 3 First Years of Life
 - 1.4.2. Development
 - 1.4.3. First Trimester
 - 1.4.4. 3-6 Month Period
 - 1.4.5. 6-9 Month Period
 - 1.4.6. 9-12 Month Period
 - 1.4.7. 12-18 Month Period
 - 1.4.8. 18-24 Month Period
 - 1.4.9. 24-36 Month Period
- 1.5. Neuropsychological Examination of School Children
 - 1.5.1. Evolution from Age 3 to 6
 - 1.5.2. Development
 - 1.5.3. Cognitive Assessment
 - 1.5.4. Language Evaluation
 - 1.5.5. Attention Evaluation
 - 1.5.6. Memory Evaluation
 - 1.5.7. Evaluation of Psychomotor Skills and Rhythm
- 1.6. Psychomotor Development
 - 1.6.1. The Concept of Psychomotor Development
 - 1.6.2. Psychomotor Development Assessment
 - 1.6.3. Warning Signs in Psychomotor Development Evaluation
 - .6.4. Psychomotor Development Evaluation Scales
- 1.7. Complementary Evaluations
 - 1.7.1. Prenatal Diagnosis
 - 1.7.2. Genetic Studies
 - 1.7.3. Biochemical Studies
 - 1.7.3.1. Blood
 - 1.7.3.2. Urine
 - 1.7.4. Cerebrospinal Fluid

1.7.5.	Diagnostic Imaging
	1.7.5.1. Ultrasound
	1.7.5.2. CAT
	1.7.5.3. Magnetic Resonance
	1.7.5.4. Positron Emission Tomography (PET)
	1.7.5.5. Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography (SPECT)
	1.7.5.6. Magnetoencephalography
1.7.6.	Neurophysiological Studies
	1.7.6.1. Electroencephalogram
	1.7.6.2. Visual Evoked Potential of the Torso and Somatosensation.
	1.7.6.3. Electroneurogram (ENG)
	1.7.6.4. Electromyogram (EMG)
	1.7.6.5. Nerve Conduction Velocity (NCV)
	1.7.6.6. Single Fiber Study
1.7.7.	Neuropathological Studies
1.7.8.	Neuropsychological Studies
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lule 2. A	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology
	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology
Prenata 2.1.1.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections
Prenata 2.1.1.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects Congenital Viral Infections
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects Congenital Viral Infections 2.1.3.1. Cytomegalovirus
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects Congenital Viral Infections 2.1.3.1. Cytomegalovirus 2.1.3.2. Rubella
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects Congenital Viral Infections 2.1.3.1. Cytomegalovirus 2.1.3.2. Rubella 2.1.3.3. Herpes
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects Congenital Viral Infections 2.1.3.1. Cytomegalovirus 2.1.3.2. Rubella 2.1.3.3. Herpes Bacterial Congenital Infections
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects Congenital Viral Infections 2.1.3.1. Cytomegalovirus 2.1.3.2. Rubella 2.1.3.3. Herpes Bacterial Congenital Infections 2.1.4.1. Syphilis
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects Congenital Viral Infections 2.1.3.1. Cytomegalovirus 2.1.3.2. Rubella 2.1.3.3. Herpes Bacterial Congenital Infections 2.1.4.1. Syphilis 2.1.4.2. Listeria.
Prenata 2.1.1. 2.1.2. 2.1.3. 2.1.4.	Advances in Prenatal and Neonatal Neurology al Central Nervous System Infections Introduction General Pathogenic Aspects Congenital Viral Infections 2.1.3.1. Cytomegalovirus 2.1.3.2. Rubella 2.1.3.3. Herpes Bacterial Congenital Infections 2.1.4.1. Syphilis 2.1.4.2. Listeria. 2.1.4.3. Lyme Disease

2.1.

2.2.	Vascular Malformations				
	2.2.1.	Introduction			
	2.2.2.	The Embryonic Process and Its Disorders			
	2.2.3.	Main Central Nervous System Abnormalities			
		2.2.3.1. Anomalies of Dorsal Induction			
		2.2.3.2. Anomalies of Ventral Induction			
		2.2.3.3. Midline Disorders			
		2.2.3.4. Cell Proliferation-Differentiation Abnormalities			
		2.2.3.5. Neuronal Migration Abnormalities			
		2.2.3.6. Posterior Fossa Structure Abnormalities			
	2.2.4.	Embryopathies and Fetopathies			
2.3.	Perinatal Trauma				
	2.3.1.	Perinatal Neurological Trauma			
	2.3.2.	Hypoxic-Ischemic Encephalopathy			
		2.3.2.1. Concept, Classification and Pathophysiology			
		2.3.2.2. Detection, Management and Prognosis			
		2.3.2.3. Newborn Intracranial Hemorrhage			
		2.3.2.4. Germinal Matrix Hemorrhage-Intraventricular Hemorrhage			
		2.3.2.5. Periventricular Hemorrhagic Infarction			
		2.3.2.6. Cerebellar Hemorrhage			
		2.3.2.7. Supratentorial Hemorrhage			
2.4.	Neona	tal Metabolic Disorders with Neurological Effects			
	2.4.1.	Introduction			
	2.4.2.	Neonatal Screening for Inborn Errors of Metabolism			
	2.4.3.	Diagnosis of Metabolic Disease in the Neonatal Period			
	2.4.4.	Neonatal Metabolic Disease with Seizures			
	2.4.5.	Neonatal Metabolic Disease with Neurological Deterioration			
	2.4.6.	Neonatal Metabolic Disease with Hypotonia			
	2.4.7.	Neonatal Metabolic Disease with Dysmorphias			
	2.4.8.	Neonatal Metabolic Disease with Heart Disease			
	2/0	Noonatal Matabolic Disease with Hanatic Symptoms			

tech 24 | Structure and Content

2.5.	Moonat	ral Seizures
۷	2.5.1.	Introduction to Neonatal Crises
	2.5.2.	Etiology and Pathophysiology
	2.5.3.	Definition and Characteristics of Neonatal Crises
		Classification of Neonatal Crises
		Clinical Manifestations
		Diagnosis of Neonatal Crises
		Treatment of Neonatal Crises
	2.5.8.	Prognosis of Neonatal Crises
2.6.		al Intracranial Infections
2.7.		rns at High Neurological Risk
2.7.	2.7.1.	Concept
	2.7.2.	Causes
		Detection
	2.7.4.	Monitoring
		Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric
	ule 3. Arders	Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric
	rders	Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric d Psychomotor Development
Diso	rders	
Diso	rders Delayed	d Psychomotor Development
Diso	Delayed 3.1.1. 3.1.2.	d Psychomotor Development Concept
Diso	Delayed 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3.	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology
Diso	Delayed 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4.	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology Epidemiology
Diso	Delayed 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4.	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology Epidemiology Symptoms
Diso	Delayed 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4. 3.1.5. 3.1.6.	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology Epidemiology Symptoms Diagnosis
Diso: 3.1.	Delayed 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4. 3.1.5. 3.1.6.	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology Epidemiology Symptoms Diagnosis Treatment
Diso: 3.1.	Delayer 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4. 3.1.5. 3.1.6. Pervasi	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology Epidemiology Symptoms Diagnosis Treatment ive Developmental Disorders
Diso: 3.1.	Delayed 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4. 3.1.5. 3.1.6. Pervasi 3.2.1.	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology Epidemiology Symptoms Diagnosis Treatment ive Developmental Disorders Concept
Diso: 3.1.	Delayed 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4. 3.1.5. 3.1.6. Pervasi 3.2.1. 3.2.2.	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology Epidemiology Symptoms Diagnosis Treatment ive Developmental Disorders Concept Etiology
Diso: 3.1.	Delayer 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4. 3.1.5. 3.1.6. Pervasi 3.2.1. 3.2.2. 3.2.3.	d Psychomotor Development Concept Etiology Epidemiology Symptoms Diagnosis Treatment ive Developmental Disorders Concept Etiology Epidemiology

3.3.	Attenti	on Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder				
0.0.	3.3.1.	Concept				
	3.3.2.	•				
		Epidemiology Epidemiology				
		Symptoms				
		Diagnosis				
		Treatment				
3.4.		Eating Disorders				
		Introduction: Anorexia, Bulimia and Binge Eating Disorder				
		Concept				
		Etiology				
		Epidemiology				
		Symptoms				
		Diagnosis				
		Treatment				
3.5.	Sphine	ter Control Disorder				
	3.5.1.	Introduction: Primary Nocturnal Enuresis and Encopresis				
	3.5.2.	Concept				
	3.5.3.	Etiology				
	3.5.4.	Epidemiology				
	3.5.5.	Symptoms				
	3.5.6.	Diagnosis				
	3.5.7.	Treatment				
3.6.	Psychosomatic/Functional Disorders					
	3.6.1.	Introduction: Conversive Disorders and Simulated Disorder				
	3.6.2.	Concept				
	3.6.3.	Etiology				
	3.6.4.	Epidemiology				
	3.6.5.	Symptoms				
	3.6.6.	Diagnosis				
	3.6.7.	Treatment				



Structure and Content | 25 tech

3 7	Mood	Disorders	`

- 3.7.1. Introduction: anxiety and depression
- 3.7.2. Concept
- 3.7.3. Etiology
- 3.7.4. Epidemiology
- 3.7.5. Symptoms
- 3.7.6. Diagnosis
- 3.7.7. Treatment

3.8. Schizophrenia

- 3.8.1. Concept
- 3.8.2. Etiology
- 3.8.3. Epidemiology
- 3.8.4. Symptoms
- 3.8.5. Diagnosis
- 3.8.6. Treatment

3.9. Learning Disorders

- 3.9.1. Introduction
- 3.9.2. Language Disorders
- 3.9.3. Reading Disorder
- 3.9.4. Writing Disorder
- 3.9.5. Calculation Disorder
- 3.9.6. Non-Verbal Learning Disorder

3.10. Sleep Disorders

- 3.10.1. Introduction
- 3.10.2. Conciliation Disorder
- 3.10.3. Fragmented Sleep Disorder
- 3.10.4. Delayed Sleep Cycle
- 3.10.5. Assessment
- 3.10.6. Treatment





tech 28 | Methodology

At TECH we use the Case Method

What should a professional do in a given situation? Throughout the program, students will face multiple simulated clinical cases, based on real patients, in which they will have to do research, establish hypotheses, and ultimately resolve the situation. There is an abundance of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of the method. Specialists learn better, faster, and more sustainably over time.

With TECH you will experience a way of learning that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world.



According to Dr. Gérvas, the clinical case is the annotated presentation of a patient, or group of patients, which becomes a "case", an example or model that illustrates some peculiar clinical component, either because of its teaching power or because of its uniqueness or rarity. It is essential that the case is based on current professional life, trying to recreate the real conditions in the physician's professional practice.



Did you know that this method was developed in 1912, at Harvard, for law students? The case method consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make decisions and justify their decisions on how to solve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method"

The effectiveness of the method is justified by four fundamental achievements:

- Students who follow this method not only achieve the assimilation of concepts, but also a development of their mental capacity, through exercises that evaluate real situations and the application of knowledge.
- 2. Learning is solidly translated into practical skills that allow the student to better integrate into the real world.
- 3. Ideas and concepts are understood more efficiently, given that the example situations are based on real-life.
- 4. Students like to feel that the effort they put into their studies is worthwhile. This then translates into a greater interest in learning and more time dedicated to working on the course.



Relearning Methodology

At TECH we enhance the case method with the best 100% online teaching methodology available: Relearning.

This university is the first in the world to combine the study of clinical cases with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, combining a minimum of 8 different elements in each lesson, a real revolution with respect to the mere study and analysis of cases.

Professionals will learn through real cases and by resolving complex situations in simulated learning environments. These simulations are developed using state-of-the-art software to facilitate immersive learning.



Methodology | 31 tech

At the forefront of world teaching, the Relearning method has managed to improve the overall satisfaction levels of professionals who complete their studies, with respect to the quality indicators of the best online university (Columbia University).

With this methodology, more than 250,000 physicians have been trained with unprecedented success in all clinical specialties regardless of surgical load. Our pedagogical methodology is developed in a highly competitive environment, with a university student body with a strong socioeconomic profile and an average age of 43.5 years old.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your specialization, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation to success.

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically.

The overall score obtained by TECH's learning system is 8.01, according to the highest international standards.

tech 32 | Methodology

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Surgical Techniques and Procedures on Video

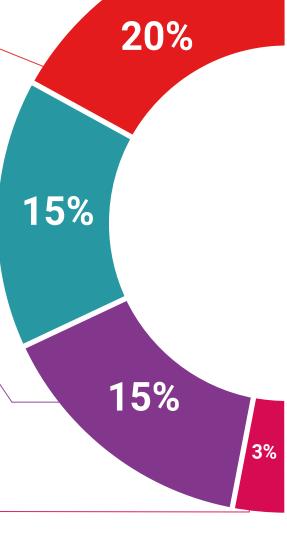
TECH introduces students to the latest techniques, the latest educational advances and to the forefront of current medical techniques. All of this in direct contact with students and explained in detail so as to aid their assimilation and understanding. And best of all, you can watch the videos as many times as you like.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".





Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.

Expert-Led Case Studies and Case Analysis

Effective learning ought to be contextual. Therefore, TECH presents real cases in which the expert will guide students, focusing on and solving the different situations: a clear and direct way to achieve the highest degree of understanding.



Testing & Retesting

We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.



Classes

There is scientific evidence on the usefulness of learning by observing experts.

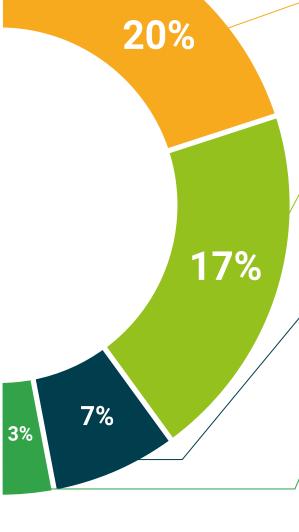
The system known as Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.



Quick Action Guides

TECH offers the most relevant contents of the course in the form of worksheets or quick action guides. A synthetic, practical, and effective way to help students progress in their learning.









tech 36 | Diploma

This private qualification will allow you to obtain a **Postgraduate Diploma in Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (*official bulletin*). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** private qualification is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Postgraduate Diploma in Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics

Modality: online

Duration: 6 months

Accreditation: 18 ECTS



Mr./Ms. _____, with identification document ____ has successfully passed and obtained the title of:

Postgraduate Diploma in Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics

This is a private qualification of 540 hours of duration equivalent to 18 ECTS, with a start date of dd/mm/yyyy and an end date of dd/mm/yyyy6

TECH Global University is a university officially recognized by the Government of Andorra on the 31st of January of 2024, which belongs to the European Higher Education Area (EHEA).

In Andorra la Vella, on the 28th of February of 2024



^{*}Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper diploma issued with an apostille, TECH Global University will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.

health

guarantee

teching

teching

university

Postgraduate Diploma

Advances in Developmental, Learning and Neuropsychiatric Disorders, In Pediatrics

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 6 months
- » Certificate: TECH Global University
- » Credits: 18 ECTS
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

