



Postgraduate Diploma

Effects of HPV

» Modality: online

» Duration: 12 weeks

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Credits: 15 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

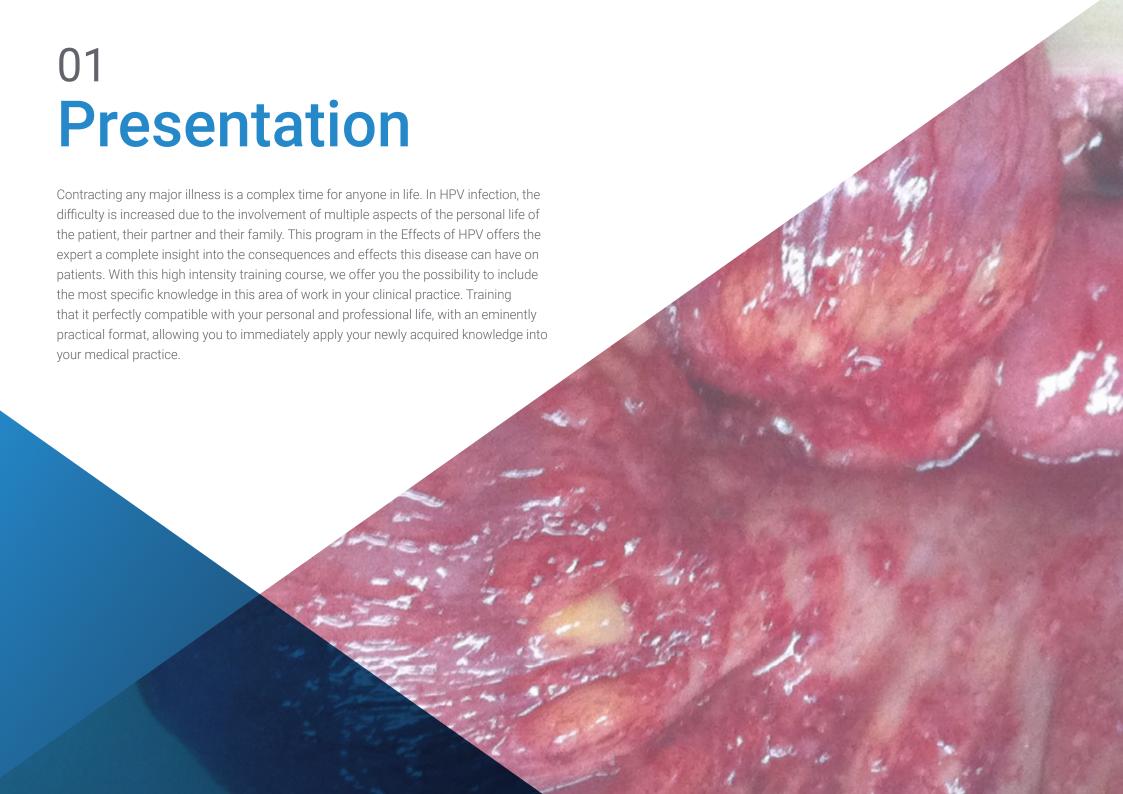
» Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/us/medicine/postgraduate-diploma/postgraduate-diploma-effects-hpv

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tech 06 | Introduction

During this comprehensive Postgraduate Diploma, the student will have the opportunity to acquire the necessary basic knowledge to face situations that arise in patients suspected of having contracted HPV. From the moment of diagnosis and the development of the guidelines that the specialist must follow, to the information on procedures or attitudes to eradicate in this medical practice, the student will learn to integrate new techniques and the most advanced procedures in this discipline into their work.

What distinguishes this Postgraduate Diploma from others is its eminent practical vision. This approach has been implemented in all the teaching materials that the student will use during their training. Our goal: to enable you to start applying what you have learned immediately in your work.

This **Postgraduate Diploma in the Effects of HPV** offers you the advantages of a high-level scientific, teaching, and technological course. These are some of its most notable features:

- Latest technology in online teaching software
- Highly visual teaching system, supported by graphic and schematic contents that are easy to assimilate and understand
- Practical cases presented by practising experts
- State-of-the-art interactive video systems
- Teaching supported by telepractice
- Continuous updating and recycling systems
- Self-regulating learning: full compatibility with other occupations
- Practical exercises for self-evaluation and learning verification
- Support groups and educational synergies: questions to the expert, debate and knowledge forums
- · Communication with the teacher and individual reflection work
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection
- Supplementary documentation databases are permanently available, even after the course



With a practice-focused vision, this innovative training approach will allow you to offer your patients the most up-to-date information on the Effects of HPV"



This Postgraduate Diploma may be the best investment you can make when choosing a refresher program for two reasons: in addition to updating your knowledge in the Effects of HPV, you will obtain a Postgraduate Diploma from TECH Global University"

Our teaching staff is composed of medical professionals and practising specialists. In this way, we ensure that we provide you with the training update we are aiming for. A multidisciplinary team of professors with training and experience in different environments, who will develop the theoretical knowledge in an efficient way, but, above all, will bring their practical knowledge derived from their own experience to the course: one of the differential qualities of this Postgraduate Diploma.

This mastery of the subject is complemented by the effectiveness of the methodological design of this Postgraduate Diploma. Developed by a multidisciplinary team of e-learning experts, it integrates the latest advances in educational technology. This way, you will be able to study with a range of comfortable and versatile multimedia tools that will give you the operability you need in your training.

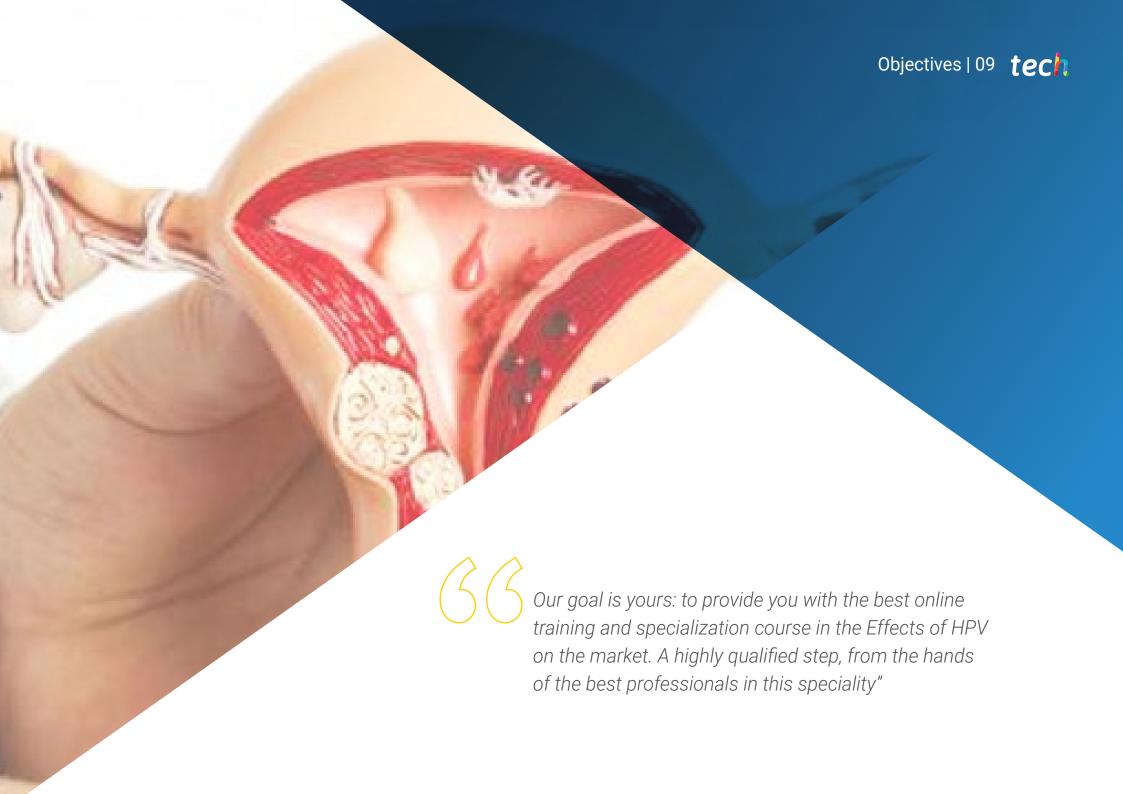
The design of this program is based on Problem-Based Learning: an approach that conceives learning as a highly practical process. To achieve this remotely, we will use telepractice: with the help of an innovative interactive video system, and learning from an expert, you will be able to acquire the knowledge as if you were actually dealing with the scenario you are learning about. A concept that will allow you to integrate and fix learning in a more realistic and permanent way.

Observing the expert in the process of performing the task, triggers brain mechanisms similar to those activated when performing the same activity: this is the principle of the high efficiency of our "learning from an expert."





TECH Global University aims to train highly qualified professionals for the workplace. An objective that is complemented, moreover, in a global manner, by promoting human development that lays the foundations for a better society. This objective is focused on helping medical professionals reach a much higher level of expertise and control. A goal that, in just six months, you will be able to achieve with a highly intensive and precise course.

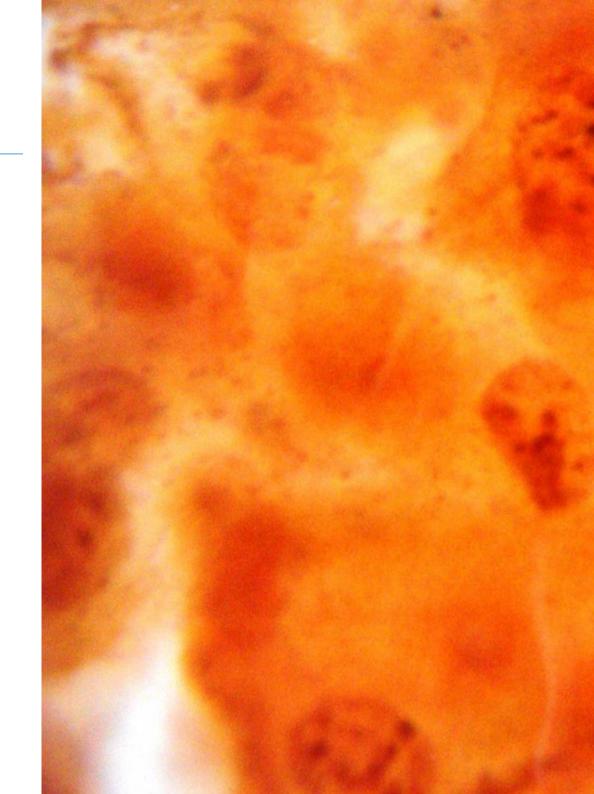


tech 10 | Objectives



General Objectives

- Gain a broad understanding of HPV infections and the burden of disease that it generates
- Perform a correct evaluation of the screening, diagnosis and management of lesions caused by HPV, as well as learning how to identify them through a colposcopy
- Gain a wide vision of the different areas that HPV can affect and how to deal with them from a practical and effective point of view in daily clinical practice
- Know the latest information and controversies of current treatment in cervical cancer





Module 1. Effect of HPV on the anus and periapharynx

- Study the effect of HPV on the anus and perianal area, analyzing the burden of diseases produced by HPV in this zone
- Study the natural history of HPV infection in the anus, as well as the development of associated lesions and their evolution
- Analyze how to screen for these lesions, which population is appropriate and with which techniques
- Study images of anal and perianal lesions caused by HPV and their classification
- Study the handling of preneoplastic and neoplastic anal lesions and their repercussions

Module 2. Effect of HPV on the oropharynx

- Study the effect of HPV on the oral cavity and larynx, analyzing the burden of diseases produced by HPV in this zone
- Study the natural history of HPV infection in the oropharynx, as well as the development of associated lesions and their evolution
- Analyze how to screen for these lesions, which population is appropriate and with which techniques
- Study images of HPV lesions in the oral cavity, pharynx and larynx
- Study the handling of preneoplastic and neoplastic oropharynx lesions and their repercussions

Module 3. Effect of HPV on external genitalia

- Study images of the lesions produced in the external genitals of both men and women
- Analyze the burden of disease and the prevalence of condylomas
- Study how to diagnose and manage condylomas and intraepithelial neoplasia both in women and men by following the clinical guidelines
- Study the premalignant and malignant lesions in the external genitals, the differential diagnosis and the management both in men and women





International Guest Director

Distinguished twice by Phoenix Magazine with the Top Doctor award in 2021 and 2022, Dr. Dana Meredith Chase has become an international reference in the field of Gynecologic Oncology. These awards are the result of her great clinical work in healthcare spaces such as the Arizona Center for Cancer Care and St. Joseph's Hospital and Medical Center.

As a specialist, she has dedicated her career to the diagnosis and treatment of Gynecologic Cancer and has performed more than 1,500 robotic surgeries. Therefore, as a surgeon in this area, she has become an expert in the use of techniques and tools for **Minimally Invasive Gynecological Surgery** Dr. Chase also stands out in the field of **Medical Research** having participated in several clinical trials. Specifically, she has a special interest in chemotherapy for Ovarian, Cervical and/or Uterine Cancers, so she has focused her studies on the search for new formulas to deal with resistant and recurrent Cancer.

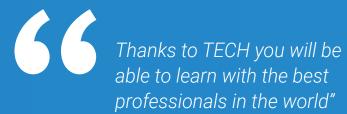
Dana Chase is also an associate professor in the School of Medicine at UCL and teaches **Gynecologic**Oncology at Valleywise Medical Center. Her passion for high-level teaching has marked much of her career, as she has also been part of the School of Medicine at Creighton University and the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology at the University of Arizona. Not surprisingly, she is a recipient of the Teacher of the Year Award for Obstetrics and Gynecology given by St. Joseph's Hospital (2016).

As a leading specialist in her field, she has published a multitude of articles and has participated as a reviewer in different scientific publications, all of them specialized in Gynecologic Oncology. In addition, she is frequently present at national and international congresses where she participates both as a speaker and attendee.



Dra. Chase, Dana Meredith

- Researcher at the Women's Health Clinical Research Unit at UCLA
- Professor of Gynecologic Oncology at Valleywise Medical Center
- Associate Professor in the Division of Gynecologic Oncology, David Geffen School of Medicine at UCLA
 - Medical Degree from the University of California
- Fellow in Obstetrics and Gynecology, University of California, California
- Reviewer of scientific publications specialized in Gynecologic Oncology
- Revisora de publicaciones científicas especializadas en Ginecología Oncológica
- Teacher of the Year Award for Obstetrics and Gynecology, St. Joseph's Hospital (2016)
- Top Doctor Award, Phoenix Magazine (2021 and 2022)
- Honor Health Physician Recognition Award for Patient Experience (2022)
- Member of: NRG Oncology, Society of Gynecologic Oncology, GOG Foundation, Inc., International Gynecolog ical Cancer Society, American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists y American Society of Clinical Oncology



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Management



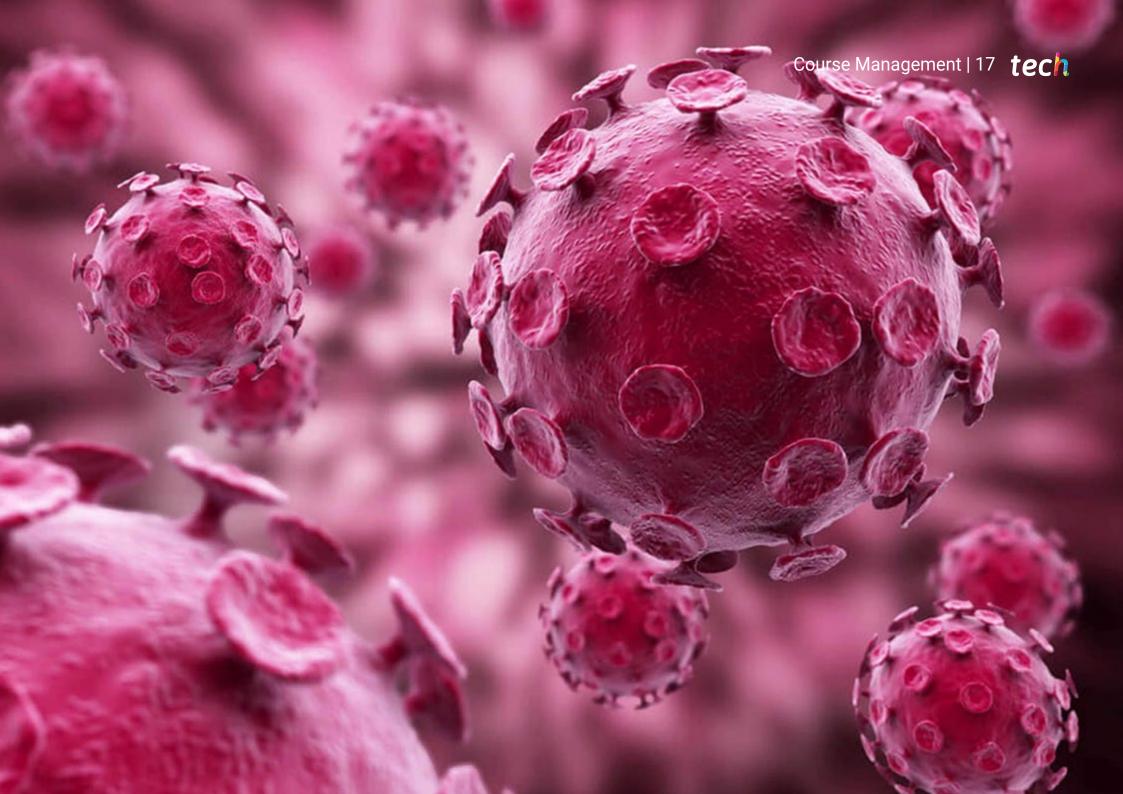
Coronando Martín, Pluvio

- Director of the José Botella Llusiá Women's Health Clinic of San Carlos Clinical Hospital in Madrid
- Associate Professor at the Faculty of Medicine of the Complutense University of Madric
- Academic Correspondent of the Royal Academy of Medicine of Spain



Serrano Cogollor, Luis

HM Gabinete Velázquez. HM Hospitals







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Module 1. The Human Papillomavirus: Characteristics and Epidemiology

- 1.1. Structure and Composition of HPV
 - 1.1.1. General Description
 - 1.1.2. Capsid
 - 1.1.3. Genome
- 1.2. Genetic Map of HPV and its Biological Functions
 - 1.2.1. Long Control Region
 - 1.2.2. Early Gene Expression
 - 1.2.3. Late Gene Expression
 - 1.2.4. Replicative Cycle
- 1.3. Genotypes and their Clinical Importance
 - 1.3.1. Concept of High and Low Risk
 - 1.3.2. Low Risk Genotypes
 - 1.3.3. High Risk Genotypes
 - 1.3.4. Geographic Variations
- 1.4. HPV Detection Techniques
 - 1.4.1. HPV Detection Techniques
 - 1.4.2. DNA-VPH Detection Technique with Hybrid Capture
 - 1.4.3. DNA-VPH Detection Technique with Partial Genotyping
 - 1.4.4. DNA-VPH Detection Technique with Complete Genotyping
 - 1.4.5. RNA Detection Techniques
 - 1.4.6. FDA Validation for Screening and Diagnosis
- 1.5. Distribution of Genotypes in the World and in Our Environment
 - 1.5.1. Epidemiology in Relation to the Burden of Disease
 - 1.5.2. Geographic Variations
 - 1.5.3. Genotype Distribution in Spain
- 1.6. Prevalence According to Age
 - 1.6.1. In Women
 - 1.6.2. In Men

- 1.7. Disease Burden of HPV
 - 1.7.1. Pathology Associated with Genital Infection in Women (cervix, vagina, vulva)
 - 1.7.2. Pathology Associated with Genital Infection in Men (scrotum, penis and glans)
 - 1.7.3. Pathology Associated with Anal Infection
 - 1.7.4. Pathology Associated with Oropharynx Infection
 - 1.7.5. Pathology Associated with Other Areas

Module 2. Pathogenesis of HPV and Immune Response: Intraepithelial neoplasia

- 2.1. Infection Routes
 - 2.1.1. Sexual Contact
 - 2.1.2. Objects
 - 2.1.3. In the Medical Consultation
 - 2.1.4. Role of Condoms
 - 2.1.5. Vertical Transmission
 - 2.1.6. Protection of Surgeons During Vaporization
- 2.2. Effect on the Immune System on HPV
 - 2.2.1. Innate Immunity and Adaptive Immunity
 - 2.2.2. General and Local Antibody Response
 - 2.2.3. Inhibition of the Immune Response
 - 2.2.4. Cellular Immunity Against the Lesion
 - 2.2.5. Immunosenescence
- 2.3. Viral Production and Genome Integration
 - 2.3.1. Difference Between High and Low Risk Viruses
 - 2.3.2. Early and Late Gene Expression
 - 2.3.3. Viral Persistence and Ouiescence
 - 2.3.4. Viral Clearance According to Age and Genotype
- 2.4. Role of Vaginal Microbiota
 - 2.4.1. Definition of the Status Types of Bacteria Communities
 - 2.4.2. Relationship Between Lesions and Different Types of Status
 - 2.4.3. Role of Lactobacilli on Immunity

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- 2.5. Development of Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia and Genital Warts
 - 2.5.1. Dysregulation of Cellular Mechanisms by Viral Proteins
 - 2.5.2. Progression
 - 2.5.3. Regression
 - 2.5.4. Relapse

Module 3. Effect of HPV on the Anus and Perianal Area

- 3.1. Epidemiology of HPV Anal Infection
 - 3.1.1. Disease Burden of HPV
 - 3.1.2. Most Common Genotypes
 - 3.1.3. Associated Precursor Lesions
 - 3.1.4. Associated Tumoral Lesions
- 3.2. Natural History of HPV Anal Infection
 - 3.2.1. Routes of Perianal Infection
 - 3.2.2. Role of Anal Intercourse. Are these Important?
 - 3.2.3. Associated Co-Factors
 - 3.2.4. Condylomas
 - 3.2.5. Viral Intergration and Oncogenesis in the Anus and Perianal Area
- 3.3. Anal Intraepithelial Lesion
 - 3.3.1. Development and Topography of Anal Lesion
 - 3.3.2. Low Grade Lesions
 - 3.3.3. High Grade Lesions
- 3.4. Screening of HPV Anal Lesion
 - 3.4.1. The Role of Cytology
 - 3.4.2. The Role of HPV Determination
 - 3.4.3. Population Screening
 - 3.4.4. Screening Strategies
- 3.5. Anuscopy
 - 3.5.1. Anuscopy Technique
 - 3.5.2. Normal Anuscopy and Benign Changes
 - 3.5.3. Anuscopy with Low Grade Lesions
 - 3.5.4. Anuscopy with High Grade Lesions
 - 3.5.5. Anal Biopsy. Techniques

- 3.6. Treatment of Anal and Perianal Lesion
 - 3.6.1. Concept of Anal and Perianal Lesion Treatment
 - 3.6.2. Treatment of Anal and Perianal Condylomas
 - 3.6.3. Management of Anal and Perianal Intraepithelial Lesions
 - 3.6.4. Medical Treatment
 - 3.6.5. Surgical Treatment
- 3.7. Anus Cancer Due to HPV
 - 3.7.1. Prevalence of Anus Cancer
 - 3.7.2 Risk Factors
 - 3.7.3. Symptoms
 - 3.7.4. Diagnostic Techniques
 - 3.7.5. Staging
 - 3.7.6. Conservative Management
 - 3.7.7. Radical Management. Anus Cancer Surgery
 - 3.7.8. Monitoring After Treatment
 - 3.7.9. Control/ Screening for HPV Infection in Other Areas

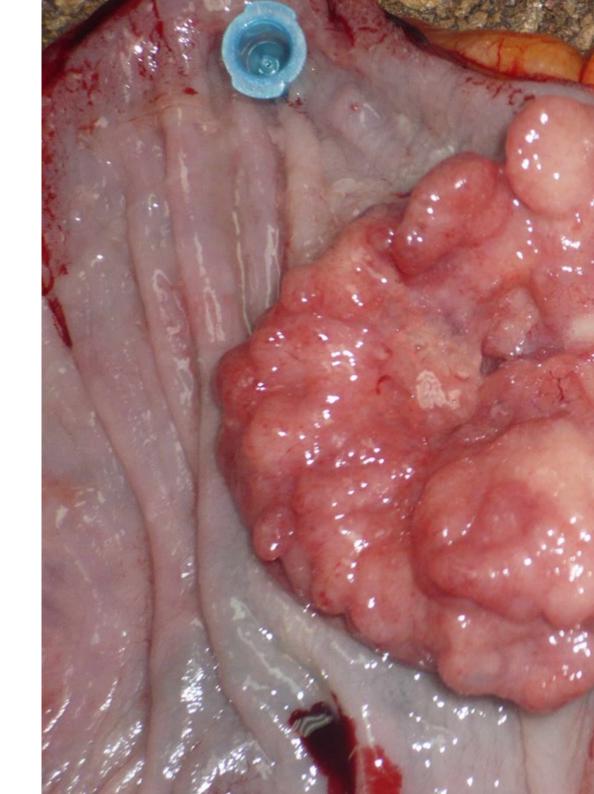
Module 4. Effect of HPV on the Oropharynx

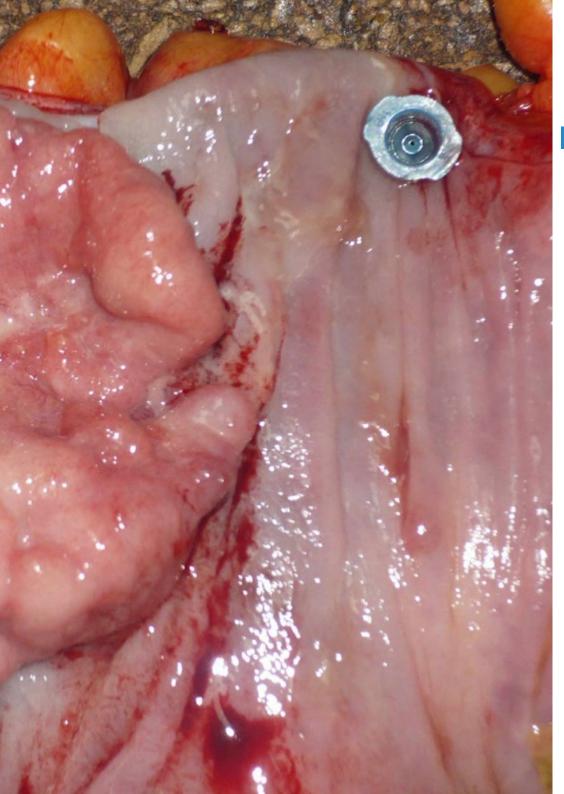
- 4.1. Epidemiology of HPV Oropharynx Infection
 - 4.1.1. Disease Burden of HPV
 - 4.1.2. Topography of Oropharynx Lesions
 - 4.1.3. Most Common Genotypes
 - 4.1.4. Associated Precursor Lesions
 - 4.1.5. Associated Tumoral Lesions
- 4.2. Natural History of HPV Oropharynx Infection
 - 4.2.1. Routes of Oropharynx Infection
 - 4.2.2. Role of Oral Sex
 - 4.2.3. Associated Co-Factors
 - 4.2.4. Oropharynx Condylomas
 - 4.2.5. Viral Intergration and Oncogenesis in the Oropharynx

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4.3.	Orophary	/nx Intraei	oithelial	Lesion

- 4.3.1. Development and Topography of Oropharynx Lesion
- 4.3.2. Low Grade Lesions
- 4.3.3. High Grade Lesions
- 4.4. Screening of HPV Oropharynx Lesion
 - 4.4.1. Role and Technique of Cytology
 - 4.4.2. Role and Technique of HPV Determination
 - 4.4.3. Population Screening
 - 4.4.4. Screening Strategies
- 4.5. Visualization of the Types of Oropharynx Lesions Caused by HPV
 - 4.5.1. Visualization Technique
 - 4.5.2. Normal Oropharynx and Benign Changes
 - 4.5.3. Oropharynx with Low Grade Lesions
 - 4.5.4. Oropharynx with High Grade Lesions
 - 4.5.5. Oropharynx Biopsy. Techniques
- 4.6. Treatment of Oropharynx Lesions
 - 4.6.1. Concept of Oropharynx Lesion Treatment
 - 4.6.2. Treatment of Oropharynx Condylomas
 - 4.6.3. Management of Oropharynx Intraepithelial Lesions
 - 4.6.4. Medical Treatment
 - 4.6.5. Surgical Treatment
- 4.7. Oropharynx Cancer Associated with HPV
 - 4.7.1. Prevalence of Oropharynx Cancer
 - 4.7.2. Risk Factors
 - 4.7.3. Symptoms
 - 4.7.4. Diagnostic Techniques
 - 4.7.5. Staging
 - 4.7.6. Conservative Management
 - 4.7.7. Radical Management. Anus Cancer Surgery
 - 4.7.8. Monitoring After Treatment
 - 4.7.9. Control/ Screening for HPV Infection in Other Areas





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Module 5. Effect of HPV on the External Genitals

5.1.	Condylomas

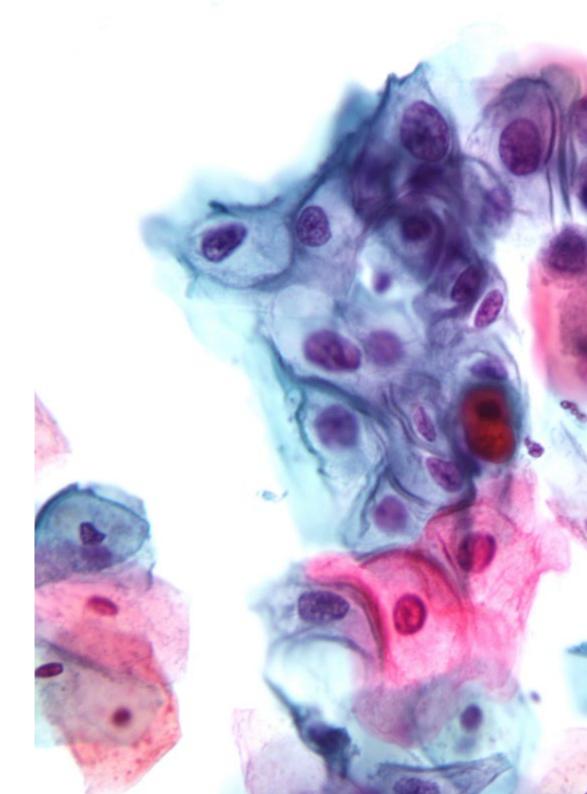
- 5.1.1. Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease
 - 5.1.1.1. Prevalence and Types of Vulvar Condylomas
 - 5.1.1.2. Prevalence and Types of Vaginal Condylomas
 - 5.1.1.3. Prevalence and Types of Condylomas on Male Genitals
- 5.1.2. Condyloma Risk Factors
 - 5.1.2.1. Vulvar Condylomas
 - 5.1.2.2. Vaginal Condylomas
 - 5.1.2.3. Condylomas on Male Genitals
- 5.1.3. Screening for Cervical Lesions in Female External Genitalia Condylomas
- 5.1.4. Medical Treatment of Condylomas
- 5.1.5. Surgical Treatment
 - 5.1.5.1. Ablative
 - 5.1.5.2. Excisional

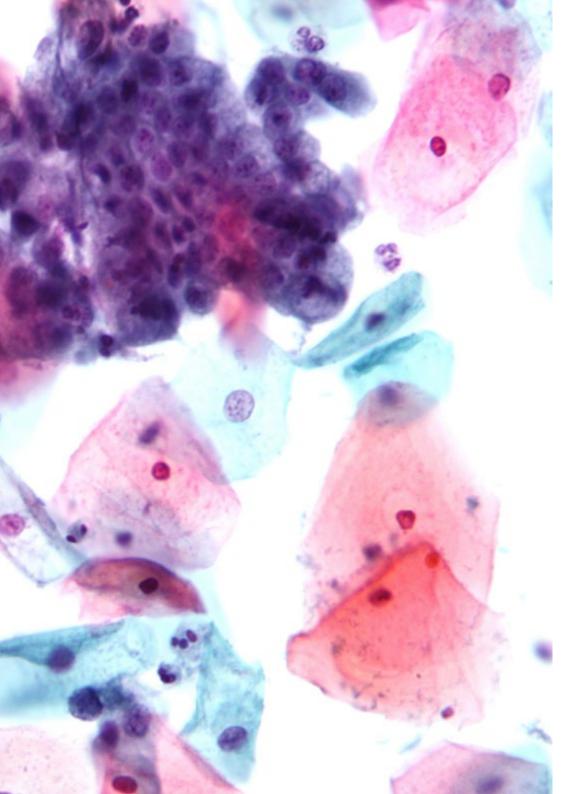
5.2. Vulval Intraepithelial Neoplasia. (VIN)

- 5.2.1. Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease
- 5.2.2. Types of VIN
- 5.2.3. VIN Risk Factors
- 5.2.4. VIN Screening. Is it feasible?
- 5.2.5. VIN Management. Decision Algorithms
- 5.2.6. Expectant Treatment
- 5.2.7. Medical Treatment
- 5.2.8. Surgical Treatment
 - 5.2.8.1. Ablative
 - 5.2.8.2. Excisional
- 5.2.9. VIN Monitoring
- 5.2.10. Risk of Recurrence and Malignancy of VIN
- 5.2.11. Vulvar Cancer

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5.3.	Vaginal	Intraepithelial Neoplasia
	5.3.1.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease
	5.3.2.	Types of VAIN
	5.3.3.	VAIN Risk Factors
	5.3.4.	VAIN Screening. Is it feasible?
	5.3.5.	VAIN Management. Decision Algorithms
	5.3.6.	Expectant Treatment
	5.3.7.	Medical Treatment
	5.3.8.	Surgical Treatment
		5.3.8.1. Ablative
		5.3.8.2. Excisional
	5.3.9.	VAIN Monitoring
	5.3.10.	Risk of Recurrence and Malignancy of VAIN
	5.3.11.	Vagina Cancer
5.4.	Premali	gnant Lesions in Male External Genitals (PIN
5.4.	Premali 5.4.1.	-
5.4.	5.4.1.	7
5.4.	5.4.1. 5.4.2.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease
5.4.	5.4.1.5.4.2.5.4.3.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN
5.4.	5.4.1.5.4.2.5.4.3.5.4.4.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN PIN Risk Factors
5.4.	5.4.1.5.4.2.5.4.3.5.4.4.5.4.5.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN PIN Risk Factors PIN Screening. Is it feasible?
5.4.	5.4.1. 5.4.2. 5.4.3. 5.4.4. 5.4.5. 5.4.6.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN PIN Risk Factors PIN Screening. Is it feasible? PIN Management. Decision Algorithms
5.4.	5.4.1. 5.4.2. 5.4.3. 5.4.4. 5.4.5. 5.4.6. 5.4.7.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN PIN Risk Factors PIN Screening. Is it feasible? PIN Management. Decision Algorithms Expectant Treatment
5.4.	5.4.1. 5.4.2. 5.4.3. 5.4.4. 5.4.5. 5.4.6. 5.4.7.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN PIN Risk Factors PIN Screening. Is it feasible? PIN Management. Decision Algorithms Expectant Treatment Medical Treatment
5.4.	5.4.1. 5.4.2. 5.4.3. 5.4.4. 5.4.5. 5.4.6. 5.4.7.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN PIN Risk Factors PIN Screening. Is it feasible? PIN Management. Decision Algorithms Expectant Treatment Medical Treatment Surgical Treatment
5.4.	5.4.1. 5.4.2. 5.4.3. 5.4.4. 5.4.5. 5.4.6. 5.4.7. 5.4.8.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN PIN Risk Factors PIN Screening. Is it feasible? PIN Management. Decision Algorithms Expectant Treatment Medical Treatment Surgical Treatment 5.4.8.1. Ablative
5.4.	5.4.1. 5.4.2. 5.4.3. 5.4.4. 5.4.5. 5.4.6. 5.4.7. 5.4.8.	Epidemiology and Burden of the Disease Types of PIN PIN Risk Factors PIN Screening. Is it feasible? PIN Management. Decision Algorithms Expectant Treatment Medical Treatment Surgical Treatment 5.4.8.1. Ablative 5.4.8.2. Excisional







Your tutors will be the best experts in the subject who will guide and support you through the entire training process"





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At TECH we use the Case Method

What should a professional do in a given situation? Throughout the program, students will face multiple simulated clinical cases, based on real patients, in which they will have to do research, establish hypotheses, and ultimately resolve the situation. There is an abundance of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of the method. Specialists learn better, faster, and more sustainably over time.

With TECH you will experience a way of learning that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world.



According to Dr. Gérvas, the clinical case is the annotated presentation of a patient, or group of patients, which becomes a "case", an example or model that illustrates some peculiar clinical component, either because of its teaching power or because of its uniqueness or rarity. It is essential that the case is based on current professional life, trying to recreate the real conditions in the physician's professional practice.



Did you know that this method was developed in 1912, at Harvard, for law students? The case method consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make decisions and justify their decisions on how to solve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method"

The effectiveness of the method is justified by four fundamental achievements:

- Students who follow this method not only achieve the assimilation of concepts, but also a development of their mental capacity, through exercises that evaluate real situations and the application of knowledge.
- 2. Learning is solidly translated into practical skills that allow the student to better integrate into the real world.
- 3. Ideas and concepts are understood more efficiently, given that the example situations are based on real-life.
- 4. Students like to feel that the effort they put into their studies is worthwhile. This then translates into a greater interest in learning and more time dedicated to working on the course.





Relearning Methodology

At TECH we enhance the Harvard case method with the best 100% online teaching methodology available: Relearning.

This university is the first in the world to combine the study of clinical cases with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, combining a minimum of 8 different elements in each lesson, a real revolution with respect to the mere study and analysis of cases.

Professionals will learn through real cases and by resolving complex situations in simulated learning environments. These simulations are developed using state-of-the-art software to facilitate immersive learning.



Methodology | 31 tech

At the forefront of world teaching, the Relearning method has managed to improve the overall satisfaction levels of professionals who complete their studies, with respect to the quality indicators of the best online university (Columbia University).

With this methodology, more than 250.000 physicians have been trained with unprecedented success in all clinical specialties regardless of surgical load. Our pedagogical methodology is developed in a highly competitive environment, with a university student body with a strong socioeconomic profile and an average age of 43.5 years old.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your specialization, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation to success.

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically.

The overall score obtained by TECH's learning system is 8.01, according to the highest international standards.

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This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Surgical Techniques and Procedures on Video

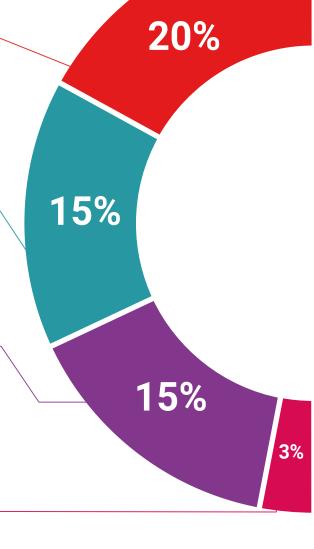
TECH introduces students to the latest techniques, the latest educational advances and to the forefront of current medical techniques. All of this in direct contact with students and explained in detail so as to aid their assimilation and understanding. And best of all, you can watch the videos as many times as you like.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

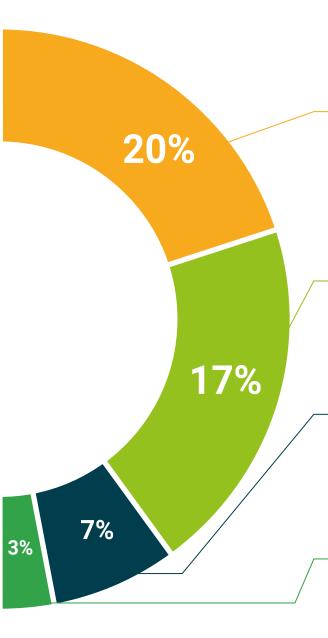
This exclusive multimedia content presentation training Exclusive system was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".





Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.



Expert-Led Case Studies and Case Analysis

Effective learning ought to be contextual. Therefore, TECH presents real cases in which the expert will guide students, focusing on and solving the different situations: a clear and direct way to achieve the highest degree of understanding.



Testing & Retesting

We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises: so that they can see how they are achieving your goals.



Classes

There is scientific evidence on the usefulness of learning by observing experts: The system termed Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and recall capacity, and generates confidence in the face of difficult decisions in the future.



Quick Action Guides

TECH offers the most relevant contents of the course in the form of worksheets or quick action guides. A synthetic, practical, and effective way to help students progress in their learning.







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This program will allow you to obtain your **Postgraduate Certificate in Effects of HPV** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (*official bulletin*). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** title is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Postgraduate Certificate in Effects of HPV

Modality: online

Duration: 12 weeks

Accreditation: 15 ECTS



Mr./Ms. _____, with identification document _____ has successfully passed and obtained the title of:

Postgraduate Certificate in Effects of HPV

This is a program of 450 hours of duration equivalent to 15 ECTS, with a start date of dd/mm/yyyy and an end date of dd/mm/yyyy.

TECH Global University is a university officially recognized by the Government of Andorra on the 31st of January of 2024, which belongs to the European Higher Education Area (EHEA).

In Andorra la Vella, on the 28th of February of 2024





Postgraduate Diploma

Effects of HPV

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 12 weeks
- » Certificate: TECH Global University
- » Credits: 15 ECTS
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

