Advanced Master's Degree MBA in Professional Political Communication Management



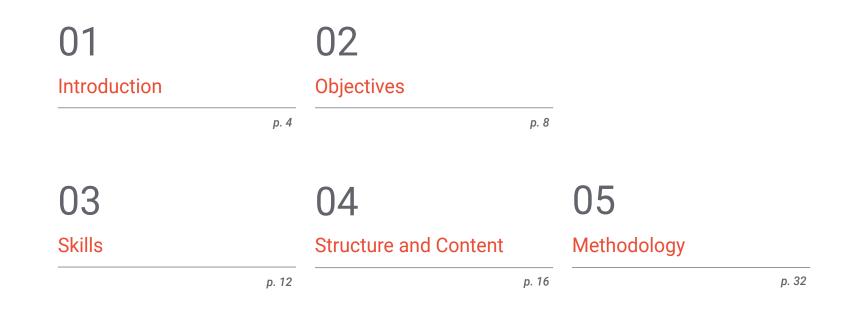


Advanced Master's Degree MBA in Professional Political Communication Management

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 2 years
- » Certificate: TECH Global University
- » Credits: 120 ECTS
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/us/journalism-communication/advanced-master-degree/advanced-master-degree-mba-professional-political-communication-management

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06 Certificate

01 Introduction

Political activity requires effective communication that can transmit the party's ideals in order to achieve a society that is informed and interested in everything that is happening in the world. However, in order to achieve this, it is essential to have journalists with higher qualifications, experience and passion for politics, who make each piece of information their own in order to disseminate it through the different communication media, developing public opinion through solid and truthful information, which will allow the parties to achieve power.



A program created for professionals who aspire to excellence that will allow you to acquire new skills and strategies in a smooth and effective way"

tech 06 | Presentation

Political communication is an essential factor when it comes to a party rising to power. For this reason, all formations and government alternatives surround themselves with the best communication team, on which they rely to win the favor of the citizens and, therefore, their votes. Nevertheless, the work of political communicators is not as simple as it may seem, it is essential to possess extensive knowledge of political history, communication tools, ideologies, public figures, etc. Exhaustive knowledge in different political branches that will be useful to achieve an effective communication, which manages to sway public opinion and gain their vote.

Ideologies, relations with power and institutions, information flows and their intentionality, fake news, as well as many other factors, become the key to essential knowledge for journalists in this sector, so it is of vital importance to have a high level of knowledge in the field. As a result, professional political communication becomes one of the sectors that requires greater specialization and expertise in order to differentiate and offer the quality information that citizens should receive.

This Advanced Master's Degree is a highly academic course created specifically for political communication professionals who, in a single specialization program, will find the most complete knowledge in these areas of work. Through a highly educational program, the student will be able to take a solid step forward in this field, achieving the personal and professional skills required to practise as an expert in the field. A complete and effective Advanced Master's Degree that will propel you to the highest level of competence.

For this, TECH will not only take the student through the theoretical knowledge, but will also show them another way of studying and learning, one which is more organic, simpler and more efficient. TECH will work to keep them motivated and to develop a passion for learning within them. And will push them to think and develop critical thinking skills.

In addition, as it is a 100% online program, students themselves decide where and when to study. Without the restrictions of fixed timetables or having to move between classrooms, this course can be balanced with work and family life.

This Advanced Master's Degree MBA in Professional Political Communications

Management contains the most complete and up-to-date program on the market. The most important features of the program include:

- The latest technology in e-learning software
- Intensely visual teaching system, supported by graphic and schematic contents that are easy to assimilate and understand
- Practical case studies presented by practising experts
- State-of-the-art interactive video systems
- Teaching supported by telepractice
- Continuous updating and recycling systems
- Self-regulated learning: full compatibility with other occupations
- Practical exercises for self-assessment and learning verification
- Support groups and educational synergies: questions to the expert, debate and knowledge forums
- Communication with the teacher and individual reflection work
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection
- Complementary resource banks that are permanently available

We offer you the opportunity to learn the action and communication strategies that contribute to persuade citizens and voters of the best government alternative, and all this in this Grand Master that will launch your career to the highest levels of competence" 66

A high-level scientific program, supported by advanced technological development and the teaching experience of the best professionals"

The teaching staff is composed of a team of working professionals. In this way, TECH ensures that it delivers the goal of constant updating that it intends. A multidisciplinary team of doctors training and experience in different environments, who will develop the theoretical knowledge in an efficient way, but above all, they will bring their practical knowledge from their own experience to the course.

This command of the subject is complemented by the effectiveness of the methodological design used in this Advanced Master's Degree program. Developed by a multidisciplinary team of e-learning experts, the program integrates the latest advances in educational technology. As such, the student will be able to study with a range of easy-to-use and versatile multimedia tools that will equip them with the skills they need te specialize in this field.

The design of this program is based on Problem-Based Learning, an approach that views learning as a highly practical process. To achieve this remotely, TECH uses telepractice. With the help of an innovative interactive video system and *learning from an expert*, the student will be able to acquire the knowledge as if they were facing the scenario they are studying at that moment. A concept that will allow you to integrate and fix learning in a more realistic and permanent way.

A comprehensive program that will allow you to achieve intensive specialization in each and every aspect of professional political communication.

We have the best teaching methodology and a multitude of simulated cases that will help you train in real situations.

02 **Objectives**

TECH's objective is to train highly qualified professionals for the workplace. An objective that is complemented, moreover, in a global manner, by promoting human development that lays the foundations for a better society. This objective is focused on helping professionals reach a much higher level of expertise and control. A goal that the student will be able to take for granted, with a highly intense and precise specialization program.

Our goal is to help you achieve your goals, through a very exclusive specialization program that will become an unparalleled professional growth experience"

tech 10 | Objectives



General Objectives

- Achieve the knowledge required to write and transmit political information through different media and platforms, both physical and digital
- Acquire the knowledge required to communicate adequately in all areas, channels and networks, using the appropriate languages for each communication style

66

Get on the path to job excellence thanks to this superior training and boost your competitiveness to the top positions with an unbeatable professional profile"





Objectives | 11 tech



Specific Objectives

- Define the latest trends and developments in business management
- Build a plan for the development and improvement of personal and managerial skills
- Develop strategies to carry out decision-making in a complex and unstable environment
- Develop the ability to detect, analyze and solve and problem solving
- Develop the skills required to manage business activities strategically
- Explain the company from a global point of view, as well as the responsibility developed by each area of the company
- Design innovative strategies and policies to improve management and business efficiency
- Innovative solutions to improve business management and efficiency
- Formulate and implement growth strategies that adapt the company to changes in the national and international environment
- Know the fundamentals of management, strategy, marketing and communication
- Understand the functioning of political institutions and organizations
- Know the objectives and tools of marketing and political communication
- Know how to apply marketing and communication tools according to the political product: program, party and candidate
- Know the stages and development of a political and electoral campaign

03 **Skills**

Once all the contents have been studied and the objectives of the Advanced Master's Degree MBA in Professional Political Communication Management have been achieved, the professional will have developed superior abilities and will be capable of expert performance in this area. A comprehensive approach, in a high-level program, which makes the difference.

R.R.

Achieving excellence in any profession requires effort and perseverance. But, above all, the support of professionals, who will give you the boost you need, with the necessary means and assistance. At TECH, we offer you everything you need"

tech 14 | Skills



General Skills

- Perform the functions of specialist communicator in any media or newspaper
- Work according to the type of writing in this sector
- Properly manage the information in this area
- Relating to political sources
- Developing in the political arena
- Manage political campaigns
- Analyze political data in different contexts

Our objective is very simple: to offer you quality specialized training, with the best teaching methods currently, so that you can reach new heights of excellence in your profession"





Specific Skills

- Conduct historical analysis on the influence of power and government
- Analyze historical influences and their effects on current policy
- Describe the different historical ideologies
- Relate ideologies to the systems of each society in a practical way
- Explaining the political culture
- Describe the political identities of the citizen
- Describe the political system of a society
- Using the different types of party persuasion
- Develop a comparative perspective on the functioning of parties: ways of acting, diversity of internal ideologies, fractures, etc
- Produce quality parliamentary reports for any platform and format
- Using the tools for parliamentary chronicles
- Develop appropriate relationships between the reporter and the press
- Describe the political regimes of each state and their different communication styles
- Promote objective and equal information development in the media
- Expertly manage and analyze networks
- Apply the knowledge of a digital marketing specialist in the journalistic and political sphere

04 Structure and Content

The contents of this specialization program have been developed by the different teachers of this Advanced Master's Degree, with a clear purpose: to ensure that our students acquire each and every one of the skills they require to become true experts in this field. The content of this Advanced Master's Degree enables the student to learn all aspects of the different disciplines involved in this field. A comprehensive and well-structured program will take you to the highest standards of quality and success.

PRESS TV RADIO

NEWS

Structure and Content | 17 tech

Our syllabus has been designed with teaching effectiveness in mind: so that you learn faster, more efficiently, and on a more permanent basis"

tech 18 | Structure and Content

Module 1. Leadership, Ethics and CSR

- 1.1. Globalization and Governance
 - 1.1.1. Globalization and Trends: Market Internationalization
 - 1.1.2. Economic Environment and Corporate Governance
 - 1.1.3. Accountability
- 1.2. Leadership
 - 1.2.1. Intercultural Environment
 - 1.2.2. Leadership and Business Management
 - 1.2.3. Management Roles and Responsibilities
- 1.3. Business Ethics
 - 1.3.1. Ethics and Integrity
 - 1.3.2. Ethical Behavior in Companies
 - 1.3.3. Deontology, Codes of Ethics and Codes of Conduct
 - 1.3.4. Fraud and Corruption Prevention
- 1.4. Sustainability
 - 1.4.1. Business and Sustainable Development
 - 1.4.2. Social, Environmental, and Economic Impact
 - 1.4.3. The 2030 Agenda and the SDGs
- 1.5. Corporate Social Responsibility
 - 1.5.1. Corporate Social Responsibility
 - 1.5.2. Roles and Responsibilities
 - 1.5.3. Implementing Corporate Social Responsibility

Module 2. Strategic Direction and Executive Management

- 2.1. Organizational Analysis and Design
 - 2.1.1. Organizational Culture
 - 2.1.2. Organisational analysis
 - 2.1.3. Designing the Organizational Structure
- 2.2. Corporate Strategy
 - 2.2.1. Corporate-Level Strategy
 - 2.2.2. Types of Corporate-Level Strategies
 - 2.2.3. Determining the Corporate Strategy
 - 2.2.4. Corporate Strategy and Reputational Image
- 2.3. Strategic Planning and Strategy Formulation
 - 2.3.1. Strategic Thinking
 - 2.3.2. Strategic Planning and Formulation
 - 2.3.3. Sustainability and Corporate Strategy
- 2.4. Strategy Models and Patterns
 - 2.4.1. Wealth, Value, and Return on Investments
 - 2.4.2. Corporate Strategy: Methodologies
 - 2.4.3. Growing and Consolidating the Corporate Strategy
- 2.5. Strategic Management
 - 2.5.1. Strategic Mission, Vision, and Values
 - 2.5.2. The Balanced Scorecard
 - 2.5.3. Analyzing, Monitoring, and Evaluating the Corporate Strategy
 - 2.5.4. Strategic Management and Reporting
- 2.6. Implementing and Executing Strategy
 - 2.6.1. Strategic Implementation: Objectives, Actions and Impacts
 - 2.6.2. Supervision and Strategic Alignment
 - 2.6.3. Continuous Improvement Approach
- 2.7. Executive Management
 - 2.7.1. Integrating Functional Strategies into the Global Business Strategies
 - 2.7.2. Management Policy and Processes
 - 2.7.3. Knowledge Management
- 2.8. Analyzing and Solving Cases/Problems
 - 2.8.1. Problem Solving Methodology
 - 2.8.2. Case Method
 - 2.8.3. Positioning and Decision-Making

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Module 3. People and Talent Management

- 3.1. Organizational Behavior
 - 3.1.1. Organizational Theory
 - 3.1.2. Key Factors for Change in Organizations
 - 3.1.3. Corporate Strategies, Types, and Knowledge Management
- 3.2. Strategic People Management
 - 3.2.1. Job Design, Recruitment, and Selection
 - 3.2.2. Human Resources Strategic Plan: Design and Implementation
 - 3.2.3. Job Analysis: Design and Selection of People
 - 3.2.4. Training and Professional Development
- 3.3. Management and Leadership Development
 - 3.3.1. Management Skills: 21st Century Skills and Abilities
 - 3.3.2. Non-Managerial Skills
 - 3.3.3. Map of Skills and Abilities
 - 3.3.4. Leadership and People Management
- 3.4. Change Management
 - 3.4.1. Performance Analysis
 - 3.4.2. Strategic Approach
 - 3.4.3. Change Management: Key Factors, Process Design and Management
 - 3.4.4. Continuous Improvement Approach
- 3.5. Negotiation and Conflict Management
 - 3.5.1. Negotiation Objectives: Differentiating Elements
 - 3.5.2. Effective Negotiation Techniques
 - 3.5.3. Conflicts: Factors and Types
 - 3.5.4. Efficient Conflict Management: Negotiation and Communication
- 3.6. Executive Communication
 - 3.6.1. Performance Analysis
 - 3.6.2. Leading Change. Resistance to Change
 - 3.6.3. Managing Change Processes
 - 3.6.4. Managing Multicultural Teams

- 3.7. Team Management and People Performance
 - 3.7.1. Multicultural and Multidisciplinary Environment
 - 3.7.2. Team and People Management
 - 3.7.3. Coaching and People Performance
 - 3.7.4. Executive Meetings: Planning and Time Management
- 3.8. Knowledge and Talent Management
 - 3.8.1. Identifying Knowledge and Talent in Organizations
 - 3.8.2. Corporate Knowledge and Talent Management Models
 - 3.8.3. Creativity and Innovation

Module 4. Economic and Financial Management

- 4.1. Economic Environment
 - 4.1.1. Organizational Theory
 - 4.1.2. Key Factors for Change in Organizations
 - 4.1.3. Corporate Strategies, Types, and Knowledge Management
- 4.2. Executive Accounting
 - 4.2.1. International Accounting Framework
 - 4.2.2. Introduction to the Accounting Cycle
 - 4.2.3. Company Financial Statements
 - 4.2.4. Analysis of Financial Statements: Decision-Making
- 4.3. Budget and Management Control
 - 4.3.1. Budgetary Planning
 - 4.3.2. Management Control: Design and Objectives
 - 4.3.3. Supervision and Reporting
- 4.4. Corporate Tax Responsibility
 - 4.4.1. Corporate Tax Responsibility
 - 4.4.2. Tax Procedure: A Case-Country Approach
- 4.5. Corporate Control Systems
 - 4.5.1. Types of Control
 - 4.5.2. Regulatory Compliance
 - 4.5.3. Internal Auditing
 - 4.5.4. External Auditing

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4.6. Financial Management

- 4.6.1. Introduction to Financial Management
- 4.6.2. Financial Management and Corporate Strategy
- 4.6.3. Chief Financial Officer (CFO): Managerial Skills

4.7. Financial Planning

- 4.7.1. Business Models and Financing Needs
- 4.7.2. Financial Analysis Tools
- 4.7.3. Short-Term Financial Planning
- 4.7.4. Long-Term Financial Planning
- 4.8. Corporate Financial Strategy
 - 4.8.1. Corporate Financial Investments
 - 4.8.2. Strategic Growth: Types
- 4.9. Macroeconomic Context
 - 4.9.1. Macroeconomic Analysis
 - 4.9.2. Economic Indicators
 - 4.9.3. Economic Cycle
- 4.10. Strategic Financing
 - 4.10.1. The Banking Business: Current Environment
 - 4.10.2. Risk Analysis and Management
- 4.11. Money and Capital Markets
 - 4.11.1. Fixed Income Market
 - 4.11.2. Equity Market
 - 4.11.3. Valuation of Companies
- 4.12. Analyzing and Solving Cases/Problems
 - 4.12.1. Problem Solving Methodology
 - 4.12.2. Case Method





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Module 5. Operations and Logistics Management

- 5.1. Operations Management
 - 5.1.1. Define the Operations Strategy
 - 5.1.2. Supply Chain Planning and Control
 - 5.1.3. Indicator Systems
- 5.2. Purchasing Management
 - 5.2.1. Stocks Management
 - 5.2.2. Warehouse Management
 - 5.2.3. Purchasing and Procurement Management
- 5.3. Supply Chain Management(I)
 - 5.3.1. Costs and Efficiency of the Operations Chain
 - 5.3.2. Change in Demand Patterns
 - 5.3.3. Change in Operations Strategy
- 5.4. Supply Chain Management(II). Implementation
 - 5.4.1. Lean Manufacturing/Lean Thinking
 - 5.4.2. Logistics Management
 - 5.4.3. Purchasing
- 5.5. Logistical Processes
 - 5.5.1. Organization and Management by Processes
 - 5.5.2. Procurement, Production, Distribution
 - 5.5.3. Quality, Quality Costs, and Tools
 - 5.5.4. After-Sales Service
- 5.6. Logistics and Customers
 - 5.6.1. Demand Analysis and Forecasting
 - 5.6.2. Sales Forecasting and Planning
 - 5.6.3. Collaborative Planning, Forecasting, and Replacement
- 5.7. International Logistics
 - 5.7.1. Customs, Export and Import processes
 - 5.7.2. Methods and Means of International Payment
 - 5.7.3. International Logistics Platforms
- 5.8. Competing through Operations
 - 5.8.1. Innovation in Operations as a Competitive Advantage in the Company
 - 5.8.2. Emerging Technologies and Sciences
 - 5.8.3. Information Systems in Operations

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Module 6. Information Systems Management

- 6.1. Information Systems Management
 - 6.1.1. Business Information Systems
 - 6.1.2. Strategic Decisions
 - 6.1.3. The Role of the CIO
- 6.2. Information Technology and Business Strategy
 - 6.2.1. Company and Industry Sector Analysis
 - 6.2.2. Online Business Models
 - 6.2.3. The Value of IT in a Company
- 6.3. IS Strategic Planning
 - 6.3.1. The Process of Strategic Planning
 - 6.3.2. Formulating the IS Strategy
 - 6.3.3. Strategy Implementation Plan
- 6.4. Information Systems and Business Intelligence
 - 6.4.1. CRM and Business Intelligence
 - 6.4.2. Business Intelligence Project Management
 - 6.4.3. Business Intelligence Architecture
- 6.5. New ICT-Based Business Models
 - 6.5.1. Technology-Based Business Models
 - 6.5.2. Innovation Abilities
 - 6.5.3. Redesigning the Value Chain Processes
- 6.6. E-Commerce
 - 6.6.1. E-Commerce Strategic Plan
 - 6.6.2. Logistics Management and Customer Service in E-Commerce.
 - 6.6.3. E-Commerce as an Opportunity for Internationalization
- 6.7. E-Business Strategies
 - 6.7.1. Social Media Strategies
 - 6.7.2. Optimizing Service Channels and Customer Support
 - 6.7.3. Digital Regulation
- 6.8. Digital Business
 - 6.8.1. Mobile e-Commerce
 - 6.8.2. Design and Usability
 - 6.8.3. e-Commerce Operations

Module 7. Commercial Management, Marketing, and Corporate Communications

- 7.1. Commercial Management
 - 7.1.1. Sales Management
 - 7.1.2. Commercial Strategy
 - 7.1.3. Sales and Negotiation Techniques
 - 7.1.4. Management of Sales Teams
- 7.2. Marketing
 - 7.2.1. Marketing and the Impact on the Company
 - 7.2.2. Basic Marketing Variables
 - 7.2.3. Marketing Plan
- 7.3. Strategic Marketing Management
 - 7.3.1. Sources of Innovation
 - 7.3.2. Current Trends in Marketing
 - 7.3.3. Marketing Tools
 - 7.3.4. Marketing Strategy and Communication with Customers
- 7.4. Digital Marketing Strategy
 - 7.4.1. Approach to Digital Marketing
 - 7.4.2. Digital Marketing Tools
 - 7.4.3. Inbound Marketing and the Evolution of Digital Marketing
- 7.5. Sales and Communication Strategy
 - 7.5.1. Positioning and Promotion
 - 7.5.2. Public Relations
 - 7.5.3. Sales and Communication Strategy
- 7.6. Corporate Communication
 - 7.6.1. Internal and External Communication
 - 7.6.2. Communication Departments
 - 7.6.3. Communication Managers: Managerial Skills and Responsibilities
- 7.7. Corporate Communication Strategy
 - 7.7.1. Corporate Communication Strategy
 - 7.7.2. Communication Plan
 - 7.7.3. Press Release/Clipping/Publicity Writing

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Module 8. Innovation and Project Management

- 8.1. Innovation
 - 8.1.1. Conceptual Framework for Innovation
 - 8.1.2. Types of Innovation
 - 8.1.3. Continuous and Discontinuous Innovation
 - 8.1.4. Training and Innovation
- 8.2. Innovation Strategy
 - 8.2.1. Innovation and Corporate Strategy
 - 8.2.2. Global Innovation Project: Design and Management
 - 8.2.3. Innovation Workshops
- 8.3. Business Model Design and Validation
 - 8.3.1. The Lean Start-up Methodology
 - 8.3.2. Innovative Business Initiative: Stages
 - 8.3.3. Financing Arrangements
 - 8.3.4. Model Tools: Empathy Map, Canvas Model, and Metrics
 - 8.3.5. Growth and Loyalty
- 8.4. Project Management
 - 8.4.1. Innovation Opportunities
 - 8.4.2. Feasibility Study and Proposal Specification
 - 8.4.3. Project Definition and Design
 - 8.4.4. Project Implementation
 - 8.4.5. Project Closure

Module 9. Society, Citizenship and Politics

- 9.1. Citizens and Society
 - 9.1.1. Concept of Society
 - 9.1.2. Citizen's Rights and Duties
 - 9.1.3. Types of Citizens
- 9.2. Social Change
 - 9.2.1. Concept of Social Change
 - 9.2.2. Factors of Social Change
 - 9.2.3. Social Change Transformation

- 9.3. Citizen Participation
 - 9.3.1. Social and Citizen Participation
 - 9.3.2. Collective Decision Making
 - 9.3.3. Forms of Citizen Participation
- 9.4. Public Opinion
 - 9.4.1. Forms of Public Opinion
 - 9.4.2. Pressure Groups
 - 9.4.3. Population Groups in Public Opinion
- 9.5. Society, Politics and Power
 - 9.5.1. Power in Society
 - 9.5.2. Policy Reality
 - 9.5.3. Political Behavioral Factors
- 9.6. Ideologies and Political Action
 - 9.6.1. Concept and Dimensions of Ideology
 - 9.6.2. Ideological Groups
 - 9.6.3. Manifestations of Ideology
- 9.7. Policy Dimensions
 - 9.7.1. Political Regimes
 - 9.7.2. Political Systems
 - 9.7.3. Public Policy Factors
- 9.8. Political Systems
 - 9.8.1. Concept and Characteristics
 - 9.8.2. Types of Policy Systems
- 9.9. Democracy: Representation and Participation
 - 9.9.1. Definition of Democracy
 - 9.9.2. Types of Democracy
 - 9.9.3. Levels of Citizen Participation
- 9.10. International Political Scenarios
 - 9.10.1. Policy Scenarios in Europe
 - 9.10.2. Policy Scenarios in North America
 - 9.10.3. Policy Scenarios in Central America
 - 9.10.4. Policy Scenarios in Latin America

Module 10. Management and Strategy of Companies and Organizations

- 10.1. General Management
 - 10.1.1. The Concept of General Management
 - 10.1.2. The Role of the Director
 - 10.1.3. The CEO and their Responsibilities
 - 10.1.4. Transforming the Work of Management
- 10.2. Planning and Strategy
 - 10.2.1. The Plan in a Strategy
 - 10.2.2. Strategic Positioning
 - 10.2.3. Strategy in Companies
 - 10.2.4. Plan
- 10.3. Digital Strategy
 - 10.3.1. Technology Strategy and its Impact on Digital Innovation
 - 10.3.2. Strategic Planning of Information Technologies
 - 10.3.3. Strategy and The Internet
- 10.4. Corporate Strategy and Technology Strategy
 - 10.4.1. Creating Value for Customers and Shareholders
 - 10.4.2. Strategic IS/IT Decisions
 - 10.4.3. Corporate Strategy vs Technology and Digital Strategy
- 10.5. Strategy Implementation
 - 10.5.1. Indicator Systems and Process Approach
 - 10.5.2. Strategic Map
 - 10.5.3. Differentiation and Alignment

Module 11. Strategic and Operational Marketing

- 11.1. Fundamentals of Marketing
 - 11.1.1. The Concept of Marketing
 - 11.1.2. The Basic Elements of Marketing
 - 11.1.3. Marketing Activities in Companies
- 11.2. Marketing Management
 - 11.2.1. The Concept of Marketing Management
 - 11.2.2. New Trends in Marketing
 - 11.2.3. A New Marketplace: Consumer and Business Capabilities
 - 11.2.4. Holistic MK Orientation
 - 11.2.5. Update on the 4 Ps of Marketing
 - 11.2.6. Marketing Management Tasks
- 11.3. The Function of Strategic Marketing
 - 11.3.1. The Concept of Marketing Strategic
 - 11.3.2. Concept of Strategic Marketing Planning
 - 11.3.3. Stages of the Strategic Marketing Planning Process
- 11.4. Marketing Strategy Dimensions
 - 11.4.1. Marketing Strategies
 - 11.4.2. Types of Marketing Strategies
- 11.5. Marketing Mix
 - 11.5.1. Marketing Mix Concept
 - 11.5.2. Product Strategies
 - 11.5.3. Pricing Strategies
 - 11.5.4. Distribution Strategies
 - 11.5.5. Communication Strategies
- 11.6. Digital Marketing
 - 11.6.1. Digital Marketing Concept
 - 11.6.2. Digital Marketing Strategies

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11.7. Inbound Marketing

- 11.7.1. Effective Inbound Marketing
- 11.7.2. The Benefits of Inbound Marketing
- 11.7.3. Measuring the Success of Inbound Marketing
- 11.8. Developing the Marketing Plan
 - 11.8.1. Marketing Plan Concept
 - 11.8.2. Situation Analysis and Diagnosis
 - 11.8.3. Strategic Marketing Decisions
 - 11.8.4. Operational Marketing Decisions
- 11.9. Managing Marketing Groups
 - 11.9.1. Marketing Groups
 - 11.9.2. The Creation of Marketing Groups
 - 11.9.3. Guidelines for Managing a Marketing Group
 - 11.9.4. The Future of Marketing Groups
- 11.10. Social Business
 - 11.10.1. Web 2.0 Strategic Vision and its Challenges
 - 11.10.2. Convergence Opportunities and ICT Trends
 - 11.10.3. How to Monetize Web 2.0 and Social Media

Module 12. Corporate Communication

- 12.1. Communication in Organizations
 - 12.1.1. Organizations, People and Society
 - 12.1.2. Historical Evolution of Organizational Behavior
 - 12.1.3. Bidirectional Communication
- 12.2. Trends in Business Communication
 - 12.2.1. Generation and Distribution of Corporate Content
 - 12.2.2. Business Communication on the Web 2.0
 - 12.2.3. Implementation of Metrics in the Communication Process
- 12.3. Advertising Communication
 - 12.3.1. Integrated Marketing Communication
 - 12.3.2. Advertising Communication Plan
 - 12.3.3. Merchandising as a Communication Technique

- 12.4. Media Effects
 - 12.4.1. Efficiency of Commercial and Advertising Communication
 - 12.4.2. Theories on the Effects of the Media
 - 12.4.3. Social and Co-creation Models
- 12.5. Online Agencies, Media, and Channels
 - 12.5.1. Integral, Creative, and Online Agencies
 - 12.5.2. Traditional and New Media
 - 12.5.3. Online Channels
 - 12.5.4. Other Digital Players
- 12.6. Communication in Crisis Situations
 - 12.6.1. Definition and Types of Crises
 - 12.6.2. Phases of the Crisis
 - 12.6.3. Messages: Contents and Moments
- 12.7. Digital Communication and Reputation
 - 12.7.1. Online Reputation Report
 - 12.7.2. Netiquette and Good Practices on Social Media
 - 12.7.3. Branding and Networking 2.0
- 12.8. Internal Communication
 - 12.8.1. Motivational Programs, Social Action, Participation and Training with HR
 - 12.8.2. Internal Communication Support and Tools
 - 12.8.3. Internal Communication Plan
- 12.9. Branding
 - 12.9.1. The Brand and its Functions
 - 12.9.2. Branding
 - 12.9.3. Brand Architecture
- 12.10. Integral Communication Plans
 - 12.10.1. Audit and Diagnosis
 - 12.10.2. Elaboration of Communication Plan
 - 12.10.3. Measuring results: KPIs and ROI

Module 13. Organizations: Crisis Management and Social Responsibility

- 13.1. Organisational Design
 - 13.1.1. Concept of Organizational Design
 - 13.1.2. Organizational Structure
 - 13.1.3. Types of Organizational Designs
- 13.2. Organizational Structure
 - 13.2.1. Main Coordination Mechanisms
 - 13.2.2. Departments and Organization Charts
 - 13.2.3. Authority and Responsibility
 - 13.2.4. Empowerment
- 13.3. Corporate Social Responsibility
 - 13.3.1. Social Commitment
 - 13.3.2. Sustainable Organizations
 - 13.3.3. Business Ethics
- 13.4. Social Responsibility in Organizations
 - 13.4.1. CSR Management in Organizations
 - 13.4.2. CSR Towards Employees
 - 13.4.3. Sustainable Action
- 13.5. Reputation Management
 - 13.5.1. Corporative Reputation Management
 - 13.5.2. Focus on Brand Reputation
 - 13.5.3. Leadership Reputation Management
- 13.6. Reputation Risk and Crisis Management
 - 13.6.1. Listening to and Managing Feedback
 - 13.6.2. Procedures, Crisis Manual and Contingency Plans
 - 13.6.3. Spokesperson Training in Emergency Situations
- 13.7. Conflicts in Organizations
 - 13.7.1. Interpersonal Conflicts
 - 13.7.2. Conflict Conditions
 - 13.7.3. Consequences of Conflicts

- 13.8. Lobbies and Pressure Groups
 - 13.8.1. Opinion Groups and their Actions in Businesses and Institutions
 - 13.8.2. Institutional Relations and Lobbying
 - 13.8.3. Areas of Intervention, Regulatory Instruments, Diffusion Strategies and Media
- 13.9. Negotiation
 - 13.9.1. Intercultural Negotiation
 - 13.9.2. Negotiation Focuses
 - 13.9.3. Effective Negotiation Techniques
 - 13.9.4. Restructuring
- 13.10. Corporate Brand Strategy
 - 13.10.1. Public Image and Stakeholders
 - 13.10.2. Corporate Branding Strategy and Management
 - 13.10.3. Corporate Communication Strategy in Line with Brand Identity

Module 14. Marketing and Institutional Communication

- 14.1. Political Action in Institutions
 - 14.1.1. Concept of Institution
 - 14.1.2. Types of Institutions and Social Groups
 - 14.1.3. Institutional Actions
- 14.2. Institutional Marketing
 - 14.2.1. Institutional Markets: Citizens and Entities
 - 14.2.2. Institutional Offering
 - 14.2.3. Citizen Satisfaction
- 14.3. Marketing Plans in Institutions
 - 14.3.1. Institutional Environment Analysis
 - 14.3.2. Objectives of the Institution
 - 14.3.3. Strategic and Operational Actions
- 14.4. Public Communication
 - 14.4.1. Political Communication Agents
 - 14.4.2. Formal Media: Press and Institutions
 - 14.4.3. Informal Media: Networks and Opinion Makers



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- 14.5. Institutional Communication Strategies
 - 14.5.1. Institutional Information Contents
 - 14.5.2. Institutional Communication Objectives
 - 14.5.3. Main Communication Strategies
- 14.6. Institutional Policy Agenda Planning
 - 14.6.1. Development of the Institutional Agenda
 - 14.6.2. Design of Institutional Campaigns
 - 14.6.3. Target Groups of the Campaigns
- 14.7. Government communication: Open Government
 - 14.7.1. Open Government Concept
 - 14.7.2. Media
 - 14.7.3. Types of Messages
- 14.8. Political Communication in Democracies
 - 14.8.1. Demand for Information in Democratic Societies
 - 14.8.2. Institutions as Sources of Information
 - 14.8.3. The Media
- 14.9. Digital Democracy
 - 14.9.1. Digital Democracy Concept
 - 14.9.2. Social Dialogue on the Internet
 - 14.9.3. Elements of Use on the Internet
- 14.10. Social Responsibility in Institutions
 - 14.10.1. Human Rights and Social Responsibility
 - 14.10.2. Climate Change and Social Responsibility
 - 14.10.3. Institutional Ethics

Module 15. Political Marketing

- 15.1. Social Marketing
 - 15.1.1. Social Marketing
 - 15.1.2. Socially Responsible Marketing
 - 15.1.3. Social Cause Marketing
- 15.2. Introduction to Political and Electoral Marketing
 - 15.2.1. Political Marketing
 - 15.2.2. Election Marketing
 - 15.2.3. Political Market Components

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15.3. Citizens

15.3.1. Social Organizations

- 15.3.2. Organizations and Parties
- 15.3.3. Affiliates and Supporters
- 15.4. Social and Political Research
 - 15.4.1. Contents of Social and Political Research
 - 15.4.2. Social Research Techniques
 - 15.4.3. Social and Political Research Results
- 15.5. Social and Political Situation Diagnosis
 - 15.5.1. Social and Political Demand Analysis
 - 15.5.2. Analysis of Political Offers
 - 15.5.3. Social and Political Expectations
- 15.6. Political Marketing Plan
 - 15.6.1. Introduction
 - 15.6.2. Advantages of the Political Marketing Plan
 - 15.6.3. Stages of the Political Marketing Plan
- 15.7. Analysis of the Political Organization
 - 15.7.1. Internal Analysis of the Political Organization
 - 15.7.2. Analysis Political Competition
 - 15.7.3. Social and Political Environment Analysis
 - 15.7.4. SWOT Political Organization
- 15.8. Political Marketing Plan Objectives and Strategies
 - 15.8.1. Definition of Objectives
 - 15.8.2. Determination of Strategies
- 15.9. Political Strategy Action Plan
 - 15.9.1. Contents of the Action Plan
 - 15.9.2. Share Measurement Criteria
 - 15.9.3. Monitoring Indicators

15.10. Implementation of the Political Marketing Plan

- 15.10.1. Tasks of the Steering Committees
- 15.10.2. Execution of the Action Plan
- 15.10.3. Plan Contingencies: Contingencies

Module 16. Electoral Marketing

- 16.1. Electoral Market Components
 - 16.1.1. Introduction to the Electoral Market
 - 16.1.2. Electoral Roll
 - 16.1.3. The Electoral Offer: Parties and Coalitions
- 16.2. Electoral Behavior
 - 16.2.1. Introduction
 - 16.2.2. Voting Trends
 - 16.2.3. Voting Motivations
- 16.3. Electoral Market Research
 - 16.3.1. Research Contents
 - 16.3.2. Qualitative Techniques
 - 16.3.3. Quantitative Techniques
- 16.4. Voting Intention Studies
 - 16.4.1. Pre-Election Studies
 - 16.4.2. Exit Polls
 - 16.4.3. Vote Estimates
- 16.5. Electoral Situation Diagnosis
 - 16.5.1. Analysis of the Electoral Demand
 - 16.5.2. Match Offer Analysis
 - 16.5.3. Candidate Offer Analysis
- 16.6. Electoral Campaign Plan
 - 16.6.1. Introduction
 - 16.6.2. Stages of the Electoral Campaign
 - 16.6.3. Election Campaign Deadlines
- 16.7. Electoral Product
 - 16.7.1. Electoral Program
 - 16.7.2. Candidates
 - 16.7.3. Political Branding
- 16.8. Electoral Campaign Organization16.8.1. Electoral Campaign Committee16.9.9. Wark Terror
 - 16.8.2. Work Teams

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16.9. Electoral Actions in Campaign Plan

- 16.9.1. Personal Actions
- 16.9.2. Virtual Actions
- 16.9.3. Electoral Publicity Actions
- 16.9.4. Electoral Action Monitoring
- 16.10. The Electoral Result
 - 16.10.1. Post-Electoral Analysis
 - 16.10.2. Interpretation of Electoral Results
 - 16.10.3. Political and Electoral Consequences of the Result

Module 17. Leadership and Personal Communication

- 17.1. Communication and Leadership
 - 17.1.1. Leadership and Leadership Styles
 - 17.1.2. Motivation
 - 17.1.3. Skills and Abilities of the Leader 2.0
- 17.2. Interpersonal Communication
 - 17.2.1. Body Language
 - 17.2.2. Assertive Communication
 - 17.2.3. Interviews
- 17.3. Personal and Influential Skills
 - 17.3.1. Impact and Influence
 - 17.3.2. Stress Mastery
 - 17.3.3. Time Management
- 17.4. Strategic Leadership
 - 17.4.1. Leadership Models
 - 17.4.2. Coaching
 - 17.4.3. Mentoring
 - 17.4.4. Transformational Leadership
- 17.5. Public Speaking and Spokesperson Training
 - 17.5.1. Interpersonal Communication
 - 17.5.2. Communication Skills and Influence
 - 17.5.3. Barriers to Personal Communication

- 17.6. Power in the Organization
 - 17.6.1. Power within Organizations
 - 17.6.2. Structural Power Sources
 - 17.6.3. Political Tactics
- 17.7. The Managerial Role and CSR
 - 17.7.1. Strategic Vision and Corporate Social Responsibility
 - 17.7.2. Systems and Models for Implementing CSR
 - 17.7.3. Organization of CSR Roles and Responsibilities
- 17.8. Emotional Intelligence
 - 17.8.1. Emotional Intelligence and Communication
 - 17.8.2. Assertiveness, Empathy, and Active Listening
 - 17.8.3. Self-Esteem and Emotional Language
- 17.9. Psychological Profile of the Candidate
 - 17.9.1. Psychology of Leadership
 - 17.9.2. Politicians' Personality Typology
 - 17.9.3. Expectations About the Ideal Candidate
- 17.10. Personal Branding
 - 17.10.1. Strategies for Personal Brand Development
 - 17.10.2. Personal Branding Laws
 - 17.10.3. Tools for Creating Personal Brands

Module 18. Construction of the Political and Electoral Strategy

- 18.1. Electoral Systems
 - 18.1.1. Regulatory Framework
 - 18.1.2. Electoral Regulations
- 18.2. Data Science and Big Data
 - 18.2.1. Business Intelligence
 - 18.2.2. Methodology and Analysis of Large Volumes of Data
 - 18.2.3. Data Extraction, Processing, and Loading
- 18.3. Political Coaching
 - 18.3.1. Coaching Concept
 - 18.3.2. Political Coaching Methodologies
 - 18.3.3. Advantages of Political Coaching

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18.4. Political Innovation

- 18.4.1. Benefits of Innovation
- 18.4.2. Sources of Idea Generation
- 18.4.3. Innovative Ideas and Supports
- 18.5. Voter Behavior
 - 18.5.1. Political Information Processing
 - 18.5.2. Message Evaluation
 - 18.5.3. Voting Decision Models
 - 18.5.4. Voting Decision Times
- 18.6. Voter Segmentation
 - 18.6.1. Voter Characteristics
 - 18.6.2. Mobilized Voters: Loyal and Volatile
 - 18.6.3. Targeting & Microtargeting
- 18.7. Political Branding
 - 18.7.1. Political Brand Building
 - 18.7.2. Importance of the Political Brand
 - 18.7.3. Political Brand and Candidate Brand
- 18.8. Political Leadership
 - 18.8.1. Definition
 - 18.8.2. Leadership Styles in Politics
 - 18.8.3. Candidate Positioning
- 18.9. Political Messages
 - 18.9.1. Creative Process in Electoral Campaigns
 - 18.9.2. Central Message: Positioning of the Organization
 - 18.9.3. Tactical Messages: Positive and Negative
- 18.10. Content and Storytelling Strategies
 - 18.10.1. Corporate Blogging
 - 18.10.2. Content Marketing Strategy
 - 18.10.3. Creating a Content Plan
 - 18.10.4. Content Curation Strategy

Module 19. The Electoral Campaign: Conventional Tools for Action

- 19.1. Electoral Communication
 - 19.1.1. Image in Electoral Campaigns
 - 19.1.2. Political Advertising
 - 19.1.3. Electoral Communication Plan
 - 19.1.4. Electoral Communication Audits
- 19.2. Communication Cabinets
 - 19.2.1. Identifying Opportunities and Information Needs
 - 19.2.2. Management of Reports and Interviews with Spokespersons
 - 19.2.3. Virtual Press Room and e-Communication
 - 19.2.4. Buying Advertising Space
- 19.3. Public Relations
 - 19.3.1. PR Strategy and Practice
 - 19.3.2. Protocol and Ceremonial Rules
 - 19.3.3. Event Organization and Creative Management
- 19.4. The Political Discourse
 - 19.4.1. Narrative Structure
 - 19.4.2. NLP-Based Storytelling
 - 19.4.3. Political Oratory
- 19.5. Electoral Debates
 - 19.5.1. Preparation: Topics, Speeches and Replies
 - 19.5.2. Candidate Image
 - 19.5.3. Verbal and Non-Verbal Communication
- 19.6. Meetings with Voters
 - 19.6.1. Central Campaign MeetingMeeting
 - 19.6.2. Sectoral Events
 - 19.6.3. Segmented Meetings
- 19.7. Electoral Advertising: 360° Campaigns
 - 19.7.1. Claim Central and Campaign Complementary
 - 19.7.2. Election Photos and Videos
 - 19.7.3. Media Outlets

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19.8. Campaign Logistics

19.8.1. Organization of Events

- 19.8.2. Physical Distribution of Content
- 19.8.3. Human Resources in Electoral Logistics
- 19.9. Electoral Propaganda and Merchandising
 - 19.9.1. Institutional Announcements
 - 19.9.2. Election Canvassing
 - 19.9.3. Gift Material
- 19.10. Campaign Fundraising and Fund Management
 - 19.10.1. Arguments for Collection
 - 19.10.2. Collection Activities
 - 19.10.3. Crowdfunding Platforms
 - 19.10.4. Ethical Management of Funds

Module 20. The Electoral Campaign: Online Performance Tools

- 20.1. Social Media Platforms
 - 20.1.1. General, Professional, and Microblogging Platforms
 - 20.1.2. Video, Image, and Mobility Platforms
- 20.2. Social Media Strategies
 - 20.2.1. Corporate PR and Social Media
 - 20.2.2. Defining the Strategy to Be Followed in Each Medium
 - 20.2.3. Analysis and Evaluation of Results
- 20.3. Social Web
 - 20.3.1. Organization in the Age of Conversation
 - 20.3.2. Web 2.0 Is All About People
 - 20.3.3. Digital Environment and New Communication Formats
- 20.4. Developing e-Mail Campaigns
 - 20.4.1. Lists of Subscribers, Leads, and Customers
 - 20.4.2. E-Mail Marketing Tools and Resources
 - 20.4.3. Online Writing for E-Mail Marketing Campaigns

- 20.5. Mobile Marketing
 - 20.5.1. New Consumption and Mobility Habits
 - 20.5.2. The SoLoMo Model
 - 20.5.3. The 4 Ps of the Marketing Mix in Mobility
- 20.6. Trends in Mobile Marketing
 - 20.6.1. Mobile Publishing
 - 20.6.2. Advergaming and Gamification
 - 20.6.3. Mobile Geolocalization
 - 20.6.4. Augmented Reality
- 20.7. Counter-Communication: Fake News
 - 20.7.1. Targets of Fake News in Campaigns
 - 20.7.2. Fake News Creation
 - 20.7.3. Fake News Dissemination
 - 20.7.4. Fake News Legislation
- 20.8. Inbound Political Marketing
 - 20.8.1. How Inbound Political Marketing Works
 - 20.8.2. Attraction of Traffic to Political Brand
 - 20.8.3. Content Marketing
 - 20.8.4. Conversion of Leads to Voters or Constituents
- 20.9. Web Analysis
 - 20.9.1. The Fundamentals of Web Analytics
 - 20.9.2. Traditional Media vs. Digital Media
 - 20.9.3. The Web Analyst's Basic Methodology
- 20.10. Digital Metrics
 - 20.10.1. Basic Metrics
 - 20.10.2. Ratios
 - 20.10.3. Setting Objectives and KPIs

05 **Methodology**

This academic program offers students a different way of learning. Our methodology uses a cyclical learning approach: **Relearning.**

This teaching system is used, for example, in the most prestigious medical schools in the world, and major publications such as the **New England Journal of Medicine** have considered it to be one of the most effective.

55 Discover F conventio cyclical te proven to

Discover Relearning, a system that abandons conventional linear learning, to take you through cyclical teaching systems: a way of learning that has proven to be extremely effective, especially in subjects that require memorization"

tech 34 | Methodology

Case Study to contextualize all content

Our program offers a revolutionary approach to developing skills and knowledge. Our goal is to strengthen skills in a changing, competitive, and highly demanding environment.

66

At TECH, you will experience a learning methodology that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world"



You will have access to a learning system based on repetition, with natural and progressive teaching throughout the entire syllabus.

Methodology | 35 tech



The student will learn, through collaborative activities and real cases, how to solve complex situations in real business environments.

A learning method that is different and innovative

This TECH program is an intensive educational program, created from scratch, which presents the most demanding challenges and decisions in this field, both nationally and internationally. This methodology promotes personal and professional growth, representing a significant step towards success. The case method, a technique that lays the foundation for this content, ensures that the most current economic, social and professional reality is taken into account.

Our program prepares you to face new challenges in uncertain environments and achieve success in your career"

6

The case method has been the most widely used learning system among the world's leading business schools for as long as they have existed. The case method was developed in 1912 so that law students would not only learn the law based on theoretical content. It consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make informed decisions and value judgments on how to resolve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method.

What should a professional do in a given situation? This is the question we face in the case method, an action-oriented learning method. Throughout the program, the studies will be presented with multiple real cases. They will have to combine all their knowledge and research, and argue and defend their ideas and decisions.

tech 36 | Methodology

Relearning Methodology

TECH effectively combines the Case Study methodology with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, which combines 8 different teaching elements in each lesson.

We enhance the Case Study with the best 100% online teaching method: Relearning.

In 2019, we obtained the best learning results of all online universities in the world.

At TECH, you will learn using a cutting-edge methodology designed to train the executives of the future. This method, at the forefront of international teaching, is called Relearning.

Our university is the only one in the world authorized to employ this successful method. In 2019, we managed to improve our students' overall satisfaction levels (teaching quality, quality of materials, course structure, objectives...) based on the best online university indicators.



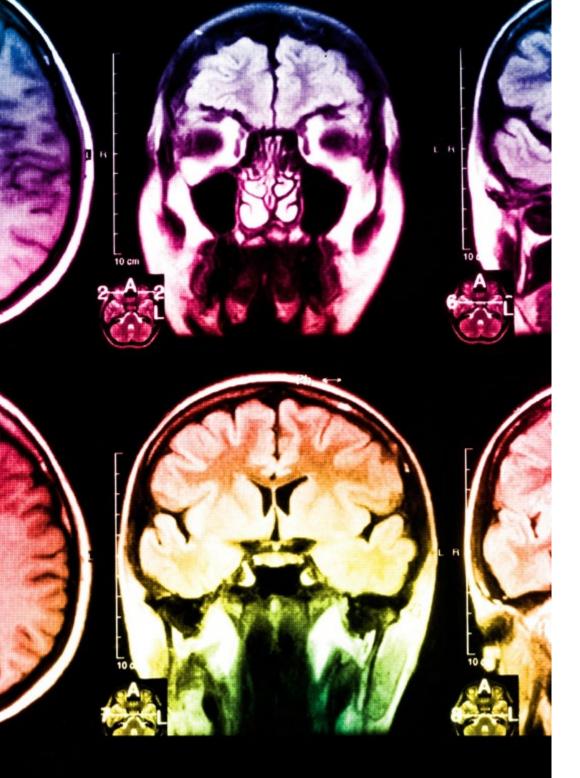
Methodology | 37 tech

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically. This methodology has trained more than 650,000 university graduates with unprecedented success in fields as diverse as biochemistry, genetics, surgery, international law, management skills, sports science, philosophy, law, engineering, journalism, history, and financial markets and instruments. All this in a highly demanding environment, where the students have a strong socio-economic profile and an average age of 43.5 years.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your specialization, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation to success.

From the latest scientific evidence in the field of neuroscience, not only do we know how to organize information, ideas, images and memories, but we know that the place and context where we have learned something is fundamental for us to be able to remember it and store it in the hippocampus, to retain it in our long-term memory.

In this way, and in what is called neurocognitive context-dependent e-learning, the different elements in our program are connected to the context where the individual carries out their professional activity.



tech 38 | Methodology

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

30%

8%

10%

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Classes

There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful.

Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.



Practising Skills and Abilities

They will carry out activities to develop specific skills and abilities in each subject area. Exercises and activities to acquire and develop the skills and abilities that a specialist needs to develop in the context of the globalization that we are experiencing.



Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.

Methodology | 39 tech



Case Studies

Students will complete a selection of the best case studies chosen specifically for this program. Cases that are presented, analyzed, and supervised by the best specialists in the world.



Interactive Summaries

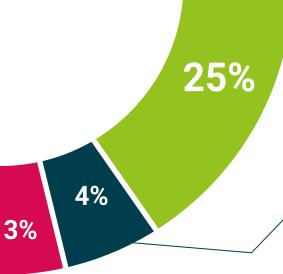
The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".



Testing & Retesting

We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.



20%

06 **Certificate**

The Advanced Master's Degree MBA in Professional Political Communication Management guarantees students, in addition to the most rigorous and up-to-date education, access to an Advanced Master's Degree's issued by TECH Global University.



66

Successfully complete this program and receive your university qualification without having to travel or fill out laborious paperwork"

tech 42 | Certificate

This program will allow you to obtain your **Advanced Master's Degree diploma in MBA in Professional Political Communication Management** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (*official bulletin*). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** title is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Advanced Master's Degree in MBA in Professional Political Communication Management Modality: online

Duration: 2 years

Accreditation: 120 ECTS



*Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper diploma issued with an apostille, TECH Global University will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.

tech global university Advanced Master's Degree MBA in Professional **Political Communication** Management » Modality: online » Duration: 2 years » Certificate: TECH Global University » Credits: 120 ECTS » Schedule: at your own pace » Exams: online

Advanced Master's Degree MBA in Professional Political Communication Management

