



Postgraduate Diploma Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law

» Modality: online

» Duration: 6 months

» Certificate: TECH Technological University

» Dedication: 16h/week

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/pk/humanities/postgraduate-diploma/postgraduate-diploma-human-rights-equality-environmental-law

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Environmental Law guarantees the protection of the environment and the responsible use of natural resources. Similarly, Gender Equality is postulated as one of the main values of Sustainable Development. Women and girls are often the most affected by Poverty and Social Exclusion, which prevents them from accessing resources and opportunities to improve their quality of life.

Undoubtedly, International Cooperation is imperative to address these inequalities and promote both the empowerment of women in developing areas and an intelligent use of resources that contribute to social transformation. For this reason, the present Postgraduate Diploma, with which the Humanities professional will be able to design advanced collaboration plans that focus on Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law, is gaining in importance.

Therefore, the students will enter into a journey through the processes of cooperation from the latest advances in policies on sustainability plans involved in both economic and social aspects. In the same way, it will establish the limitations that International Humanitarian Law imposes on combatants in order to protect the civilian population or the role of feminist movements in communities where women have been traditionally oppressed.

All this specialization can be done from home or wherever the student deems appropriate. To this end, the largest Virtual Campus of resources on Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law will be waiting for you, with unlimited access from day one to manage your academic deadlines.

This **Postgraduate Diploma in Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law** contains the most complete and up-to-date program on the market. The most important features include:

- The development of case studies presented by experts of Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law
- The graphic, schematic, and practical contents with which they are created, provide practical information on the disciplines that are essential for professional practice
- The practical exercises where the self-evaluation process can be carried out to improve learning
- Its special emphasis on innovative methodologies
- Theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection assignments
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection



Increase your professional background with a unique program in the market with which you will be able to design advanced development plans with a gender approach"



Have a good command of the interrelationship between all the elements of the environment and how they influence each other in order to meet the climatic specificities of each developing region"

The program includes in its teaching staff professionals of the field who pour into this training the experience of their work, in addition to recognized specialists from reference societies and prestigious universities.

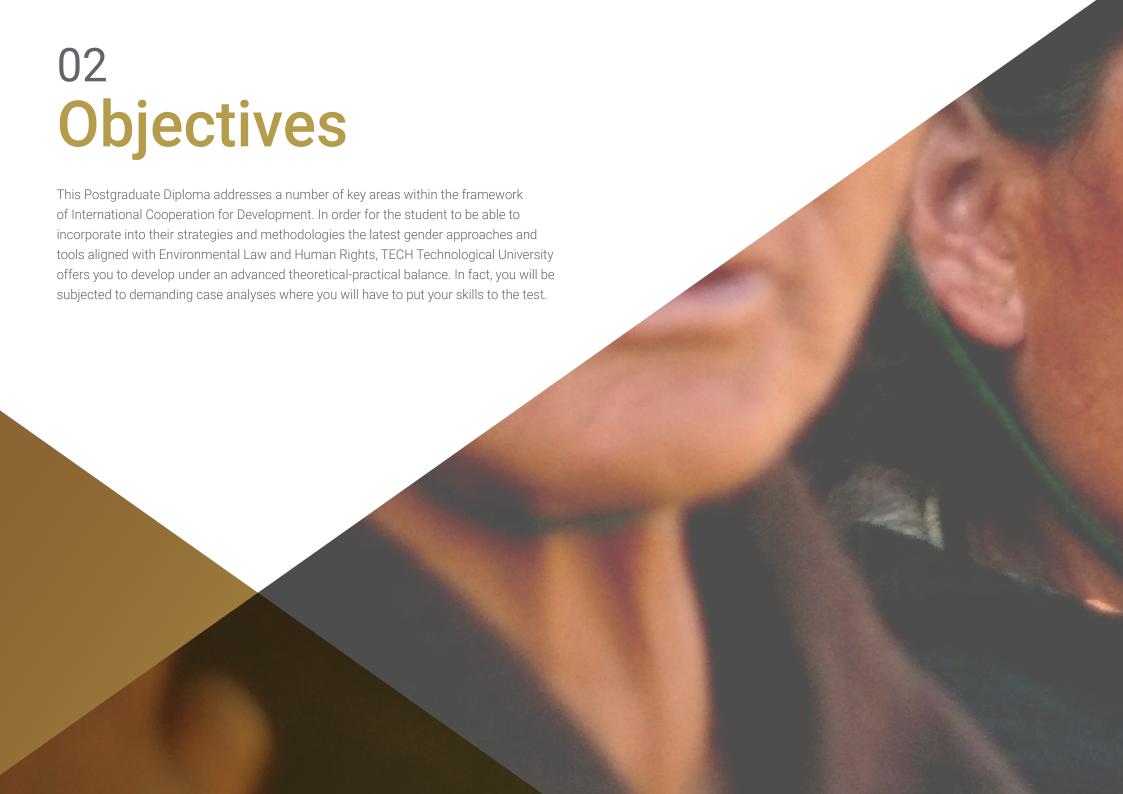
Its multimedia content, developed with the latest educational technology, will allow the professional a situated and contextual learning, that is, a simulated environment that will provide an immersive training programmed to train in real situations.

The design of this program focuses on Problem-Based Learning, in which the professional will have to try to solve the different professional practice situations that will arise throughout the academic course. For this purpose, the student will be assisted by an innovative interactive video system created by renowned experts.

Take advantage of the opportunity to specialize in an educational methodology whose excellent results have earned it international recognition.

> Be at the forefront of Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law through the latest tools that promote these values in development programs.







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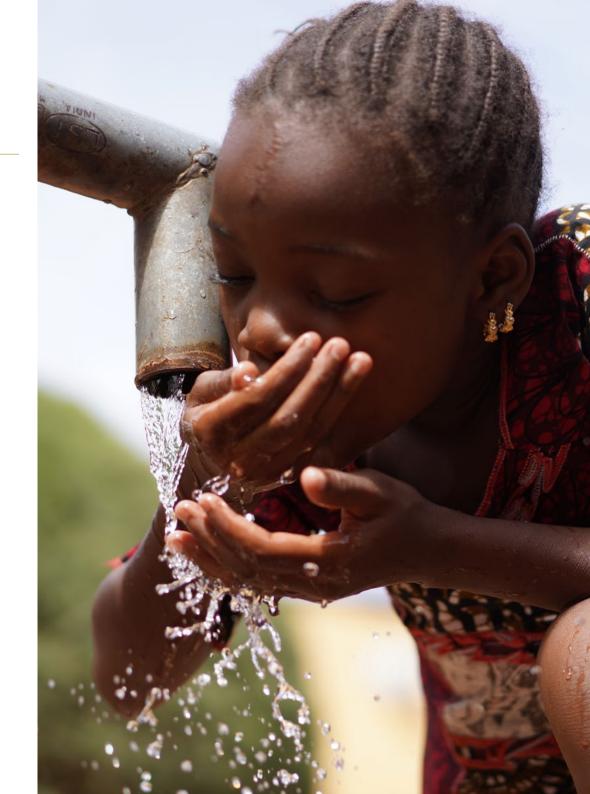


General Objectives

- Provide students with advanced training in International Cooperation, of a specialized nature and based on theoretical and instrumental knowledge that will allow them to acquire and develop the competencies and skills necessary to obtain a qualification as a solidarity professional
- Provide the student with basic knowledge of the cooperation and development process based on the latest advances in policies on the sustainability processes involved in both economic and social aspects
- Improve professional performance and develop strategies for adapting and solving the problems of today's world by means of scientific research in cooperation and development processes
- Disseminate the basics of the current system and develop the critical and entrepreneurial spirit necessary to adapt to political changes, within the framework of international law



With this Postgraduate Diploma you will be able to pursue any professional goal related to Human Rights, Equality or Environmental Law. Enroll now!"





Module 1. People's Development: Introduction and Challenges

- Understanding the importance of Peoples' Development
- Become aware of the actors involved in development, why and its consequences
- Know and clarify such basic concepts as poor and impoverished
- Become aware of the world situation and development
- Familiarize the student with the economic structure of the world
- Manage the concepts of sustainable development, sustainable objectives, etc., meet their goals and objectives
- Know the basic theories of development in its economic, social, cultural and political aspects

Module 2. Human Rights (HR) and International Humanitarian Law (IHL)

- Qualify the different types of armed conflicts by distinguishing them from other situations
 of armed violence; identify and classify the victims of such conflicts; know and understand
 the victim protection system and be able to apply it
- Be aware of the limitations that humanitarian law imposes on combatants in relation to the conduct of hostilities, respect for zones, places and installations marked with a protection sign, and the requirement of a code of conduct relating to victims, medical and religious personnel, and humanitarian organizations
- Identify situations and persons who are particularly vulnerable in armed conflicts, knowing the protection afforded to them by International Humanitarian Law
- Stimulate the participation of the people and groups with whom cooperation activities are developed, enabling them to identify their problems and needs, lead their processes of change, assess their evolution and decide on new courses of action

Module 3. Equality and Cooperation

- Internalize, analyze and understand what we mean when we talk about gender, development and women's rights
- Know the role of feminist movements in the processes of social advancement and transformation
- Intervene under gender perspectives in international development cooperation

Module 4. Environmental Rights

- Know the interrelationship between all the elements of the environment and how they influence each other
- Recognize the different types of pollution and how they affect the environment
- Analyze the regulations and legislation in force on the subject
- Incorporate the notions of sustainability and environmental and ecological sustainability into cooperation projects and actions in a cross-cutting manner
- Understand the link between migration and the development of countries of origin and destination





Guest Director



Ms. Rodríguez Arteaga, Carmen

- Director of the Studies Office of the INEM Directorate
- Head of Education, Strategic Planning and Coordinator of Knowledge Networks in AECID
- Degree in Philosophy and Educational Sciences at UCM
- Specialist in Knowledge Management
- Expert in Educational Evaluation at OEI
- Expert in Educational Indicators and Statistics at UNED
- Expert in Development Cooperation in Education at the University of Barcelona

Management



Ms. Romero Mateos, María del Pilar

- Social Educator Specialized in Child Empowerment
- Employment training teacher
- Gender Equality Agent
- Author and collaborator in educational projects at Abile Educativa
- Co-Author of the book: 'Principeso Cara de Beso
- Postgraduate Diploma in International Development Cooperation



Course Management | 15 tech

Professors

Ms. Sánchez Garrido, Araceli

- Deputy Head of the Department of Cultural Cooperation and Promotion of the DRCC
- Responsible for the application of AECID's Cultural Diversity Mainstreaming Guide
- Professor of the Master in Cultural Management at the Carlos III University of Madrid
- Degree in Geography and History, specializing in Anthropology and Ethnology of America, Complutense University of Madrid
- Member of the Faculty of Museum Curators assigned to the Museo de América de Madrid

Mr. Cano Corcuera, Carlos

- Specialist in Planning and Management of Cooperation Interventions for Development
- General Coordinator of the Spanish Cooperation in the Dominican Republic
- General Coordinator of the Spanish Cooperation in Mexico
- Degree in Biology with a major in Zoology and a minor in Animal Ecology
- Specialization courses in the following areas: International Cooperation; Identification,
 Formulation and Monitoring of Cooperation Projects; Humanitarian Aid; Equal
 Opportunities; International Negotiations; Planning with a Gender Perspective;
 Results-Oriented Management for Development; Disability Approach in Cooperation
 Projects; European Union Delegated Cooperation, etc

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Ms. Flórez Gómez, Mercedes

- Specialist in International Cooperation in Iberoamerica
- Director of the CFCE in Montevideo
- Degree in Geography and History from the Complutense University of Madrid
- Advanced Diploma in South Cooperation
- Diploma in Humanitarian Action Institute of Studies on Conflict and Humanitarian Action
- MSc in Corporate Social Responsibility from the Pontifical University of Salamanca
- MSc in Information and Documentation from the Antonio de Nebrija University
- Specialist in Inequality, Cooperation and Development, Instituto Universitario de Desarrollo y Cooperación, Complutense University of Madrid
- Education, Science and Culture by the OEI

Dr. Ramos Rollon, Marisa

- Specialist on public policies and institutions in Latin America and on the issues of democratic governance and development policies
- Coordinator of the department of Democratic Governance in the Eurosocial program
- Full Professor of Political Science at UCM
- Responsible for the Democratic Governance sector at the Spanish Agency for International Cooperation

- Professor of Political Science at the University of Salamanca
- Development Cooperation Advisor to the Vice Rector of International Relations and Cooperation of the University
- Doctor of Political Science from the Complutense University of Madrid in the Contemporary Latin America program
- Bachelor's Degree in Political Science with a major in International Relations and Latin American Studies from UCM

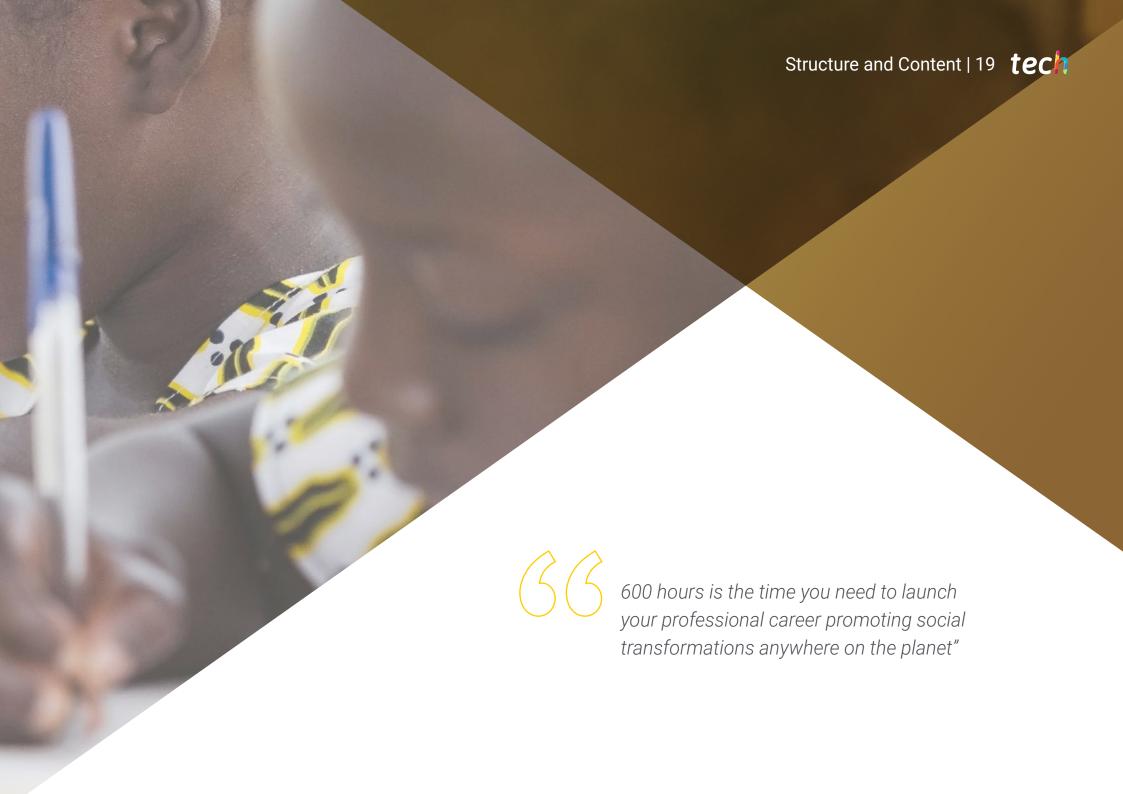
Ms. Córdoba, Cristina

- International Cooperation Nurse Specialist
- Training and experience in International Development Cooperation Projects
- Co-founder and participant of PalSpain project
- Founder of the Youth Association APUMAK









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Module 1. People's Development: Introduction and Challenges

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	1.1.2.	What Is Meant by Development?				
	1.1.3.	Sociological Theories for Development				
		1.1.3.1. Development through Modernization				
		1.1.3.2. Development through Dependency				
		1.1.3.3. Neoinstitutional Development Theory				
		1.1.3.4. Development through Democracy				
		1.1.3.5. Theory of Development through Cultural Identity				
	1.1.4.	Stakeholders Involved in Development				
		1.1.4.1. Depending on How It Is Channeled, teh Aid Can Be				
		1.1.4.2. According to their Shape				
	1.1.5.	Poor or Impoverished Countries				
		1.1.5.1. What Is Meant by Impoverished?				
	1.1.6.	Economic, Social and Sustainable Development				
	1.1.7.	UNDP				
	1.1.8.	Bibliography				
1.2.	Power,	Dynamics and Stakeholders in the International Society				
	1.2.1.	Introduction				
	1.2.2.	Power Elements				
	1.2.3.	The International Society				
	1.2.4.	International Society Models				
		1.2.4.1. Static				
		1.2.4.2. Dynamic				
		1.2.4.3. Global				
	1.2.5.	Characteristics of the International Society				
		1.2.5.1. It Is a Global Benchmark Company				
		1.2.5.2. It Is Distinct from the Interstate Society				
		1.2.5.3. International Society Requires a Relational Dimension				
		1.2.5.4. International Society Enjoys a Common Order				

1.2.6. Social Structure of the Society

	1.2.7.	Structure of the International Society
		1.2.7.1. Spatial Extension
		1.2.7.2. Structural Diversity
	1.0.0	1.2.7.3. The Cultural Dimension of International Society
	1.2.8.	Polarization of the International Society
	100	1.2.8.1. Concept
	1.2.9.	Degree of Institutionalization of the International Society
1.0		Bibliography
1.3.	Free Tra	
		Introduction
		Unequal Interdependence between Countries
	1.3.3.	Transnational Companies
		1.3.3.1. What are they?
	1.3.4.	Current Trade Situation
	105	1.3.4.1. Transnationals and Free Trade
	1.3.5.	
		1.3.5.1. Concept
		1.3.5.2. Brief History
		1.3.5.3. The WTO's Activities Are Built Around Three Pillars
		Rounds, Conferences and Lobbying
		Fair Trade Relations
		Corporate Social Responsibility
		A Global Pact
	1.3.10.	Fair Trade
		1.3.10.1. International Definition
	1.3.11.	Bibliography
1.4.	Sustain	able Development and Education
	1.4.1.	Introduction
	1.4.2.	Education on Sustainable Development and Education
		for Sustainable Development
		1.4.2.1. Main Differences

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	1.4.3.1. Concept
1.4.4.	Sustainable Development
	1.4.4.1. Concept
1.4.5.	Components of Sustainable Development
1.4.6.	Principles of Sustainable Development
1.4.7.	Education for Sustainable Development (ESD)
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1.4.8.	History of Education for Sustainable Development
	1.4.8.1. Concept
1.4.9.	Redirect Education
1.4.10.	Guidelines for Sustainable Development
1.4.11.	Bibliography
Sustain	able Development Goals (SDGs)
1.5.1.	Introduction
1.5.2.	Millennium Development Goals
	1.5.2.1. Background
1.5.3.	Millennium Campaign
1.5.4.	MDG Results
1.5.5.	Sustainable Development Goals
	1.5.5.1. Definition
	1.5.5.2. Who Is Involved?
1.5.6.	What Are the SDGs?
	1.5.6.1. Features
1.5.7.	Differences between the MDGs and the SDGs
1.5.8.	Sustainable Development Agenda
	1.5.8.1. The 2030 Agenda
	1.5.8.2. Are the SDGs Legally Binding?
1.5.9.	Monitoring the Achievement of the SDGs
1.5.10.	Bibliography

1.5.

- 1.6.1. Introduction
- 1.6.2. Development Participants
- 1.6.3. Issues in Education for Sustainable Development 1.6.3.1. Skills
- 1.6.4. The UN and Its Development Work 1.6.4.1. The History of the UN 1.6.4.2. The UN and Sustainability
- 1.6.5. Agenda 21: UN Agenda 21 1.6.5.1. Objectives of Agenda 21
- 1.6.6. UNDP 1.6.6.1. History of UNDP 1.6.6.2. UNDP Goals
- 1.6.7. Other Theories to Support Sustainable Development 1.6.7.1. Degrowth
- 1.6.8. Alternative Theories to Sustainable Development 1.6.8.1. Ecodevelopment
- 1.6.9. Bibliography
- 1.7. Civil Society, Social Movements and Transformation Processes
 - 1.7.1. Introduction
 - 1.7.2. Concept of Social Movement
 - 1.7.3. Goals of Social Movements
 - 1.7.4. Structure of Social Movements
 - 1.7.5. Definitions of Leading Authors
 - 1.7.6. Collective Challenge
 - 1.7.7. The Search for a Common Goal
 - 1.7.8. Evolution of Social Movements
 - 1.7.9. Participation and Consolidation of Democracy
 - 1.7.10. Most Important Social Movements in Recent Years in Europe
 - 1.7.11. Bibliography

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	1.8.2.	Community					
		1.8.2.1. On Whom Does the Success of a Community Depend?					
	1.8.3.	Concept of Participatory					
	1.8.4.	Community Development Concept					
	1.8.5.	Defining Features of Community Development					
	1.8.6.	Processes to Achieve Community Development					
		1.8.6.1. Participatory Diagnosis					
		1.8.6.2. Development Plan					
		1.8.6.3. Participatory Planning					
		1.8.6.4. Community Development Plan					
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	1.9.1.	Introduction					
	1.9.2.	Human Development Index					
		1.9.2.1. IDH Principles					
		1.9.2.2. HDI Goals					
		1.9.2.3. Limitations of a IDH					
		1.9.2.4. Types of Indicators					
	1.9.3.	Human Development Features					
	1.9.4.	Methodology for Calculating the HDI					
	1.9.5.	Others Human Development Indexes					
		1.9.5.1. Inequality-Adjusted Human Development Index					
		1.9.5.2. Gender Inequality Index					
		1.9.5.3. Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI)					
	1.9.6.	UNDP - United Nations Development Program					
	1.9.7.	Conclusions					
	1.9.8.	Bibliography					

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	1.10.1.	Introduction
	1.10.2.	What Is a NGDO?
	1.10.3.	State Development Movements
	1.10.4.	Zero Poverty
		1.10.4.1. Objectives
		1.10.4.2. Action Strategy
		1.10.4.3. Member Organizations
	1.10.5.	Automatic Coordinators
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	1.10.7.	Bibliography
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	2.1.2.	Concept and Definition of Human Rights
	2.1.3.	Universal Declaration of Human Rights
		2.1.3.1. What Is the Universal Declaration of Human Rights?

2.1.4. Bibliography

2.2.2. Branches of IHL

2.2. International Humanitarian Law (IHL)

the Geneva Conventions

and Means of Warfare

2.2.6. Who Does IHL Protect and How?

2.2.5. When Does IHL Apply?

2.2.7. Bibliography

2.2.1. What Is International Humanitarian Law? (IHL)

2.2.4. Scope of International Human Rights Law

2.2.3. Geneva Convention and Fundamental Norms Underpinning

2.2.4.2. Specific Prohibitions and Restrictions

2.1.3.2. Authors of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 2.1.3.3. Preamble of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 2.1.3.4. Articles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights

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		2.3.1.2. The History of the UN				
		2.3.1.3. The UN and Human Rights				
	2.3.2.	How Does the UN Promote and Protect Human Rights?				
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	2.4.2.	Legal Tools Assisting the UN in the Protection of Human Rights				
		2.4.2.1. The International Bill of Human Rights				
		2.4.2.2. Democracy				
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		2.7.2.5. Article 18. Freedom of Thought			
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	2.8.2.	Does the Environment Have Rights?			
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		2.8.4.1. Statement of Intent Special Rapporteur			
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		(Friends for African Development)		3.3.2.	Influential Historical Movements of Women in the World		
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	3.1.1.				3.3.2.1.4. Women's Revolt in Aba		
	3.1.2.	Key Concepts			3.3.2.1.5. The Ever-Changing World of Work		
		3.1.2.1. Gender Considerations			3.3.2.1.6. On the Job and on Strike, with Strength		
	3.1.3.	Empowerment			3.3.2.1.7. The United Nations Is Born		
		3.1.3.1. Introduction			3.3.2.1.8. To the Women of the World		
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		3.1.3.3. What Is Empowerment?			3.3.2.1.10. Activists, Unite		
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	3.2.4.	<u> </u>			Bibliography		
	3.2.5.	Feminism as a Social Movement or New Feminism					



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- 3.4.1. Introduction
- 3.4.2. Sexual Division of Labor
 - 3.4.2.1. Intrinsic and Extrinsic Constraints to Women's Labor Participation
 - 3.4.2.2. Vertical and Horizontal Segregation of Women in Paid Work
 - 3.4.2.3. Masculinities and Paid Work
- 3.4.3. Division of Labor between Men and Women
- 3.4.4. Feminization of Poverty
- 3.4.5. Data on Labor Participation, Gender Gap and Different Modalities of Labor Market Insertion
 - 3.4.5.1. Indicators
 - 3.4.5.2. Employed by Branch of Activity
 - 3.4.5.3. Employed by Type of Occupation
 - 3.4.5.4. Employed by Professional Status
 - 3.4.5.5. Employed by Type of Position
- 3.4.6. Bibliography
- 3.5. Care Policies and Economy
 - 3.5.1. Life Care
 - 3.5.2. Effects on Women's Lives
 - 3.5.2.1. Value Associated with Unpaid Work in the Domestic Sphere and Other Care Work
 - 3.5.2.2. Concept of Conciliation
 - 3.5.2.3. Approved Measures to Achieve Conciliation
 - 3.5.3. Care Activities and Household Chores Children Attending Education and Care Centers Households with Dependents
 - 3.5.3.1. Hours Per Week Dedicated to Caregiving and Housework Activities
 - 3.5.3.2. Persons Aged 16 and over Caring for Dependents (by age and sex)
 - 3.5.3. New Masculinities
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	3.6.6.	Conclusions		3.8.7.	Bibliography
	3.6.7.	Migration Strategy with a Gender Perspective	3.9.	The Ge	ender Perspective in International Development Cooperation
	3.6.8.	Bibliography		3.9.1.	Gender in International Cooperation Evolution Over Time
3.7.	The Int	ternational System of Development Cooperation from a Gender Perspective		3.9.2.	Basic Concepts
	3.7.1.	Introduction			3.9.2.1. Gender Equality
	3.7.2.	The International Development Cooperation System			3.9.2.2. Gender Equity
		3.7.2.1. Policies and Tools for International Development			3.9.2.3. Gender Identity
		Cooperation from a Gender Perspective			3.9.2.4. Masculinities
		3.7.2.2. Strategic Lines of Work in the Gender Approach			3.9.2.5. Patriarchy
	272	in International Cooperation for Development			3.9.2.6. Sexual Division of Labor
	3.7.3. 3.7.4.	Gender and Advocacy Gender and Development			3.9.2.7. Gender Roles
		•			3.9.2.8. Sectorial Approach
	3.7.5.	Gender-Sensitive Planning			3.9.2.9. Transversal Approach
	0.7.6	3.7.5.1. Guidelines for Planning Processes			3.9.2.10. Practical Needs
	3.7.6.	Country Partnership Frameworks (CPF) and Available Spanish Cooperation Tools			3.9.2.11. Strategic Gender Interests
	3.7.7.	Guidelines for Mainstreaming		3.9.3.	Why Is It Important to Incorporate the Gender Approach in Development Processes?
		3.7.7.1. Checklist		3.9.4.	Decalogue for Mainstreaming a Gender Approach
		3.7.7.2. Phase 1 Checklist Stage 0		3.9.5.	Gender Indicators
	3.7.8.	Bibliography		0.9.0.	3.9.5.1. Concept
3.8.	Public	Policies with a Gender Perspective			3.9.5.2. Areas to Which Indicators May Be Addressed
	3.8.1.	Introduction			3.9.5.3. Characteristics of the Gender Indicators
	3.8.2.	Development Economics			3.9.5.4. Purpose of Gender Indicators
		3.8.2.1. Economic Bases of Development		3.9.6.	Bibliography
		3.8.2.2. Definition of Development Economics		0.7.0.	Dibilography
		3.8.2.3. Evolution of Development Economics			

Structure and Content | 27 tech

Module 4. Environmental Rights

4.1	F	nvir	onm	ental	law
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- 4.1.1. Introduction
- 4.1.2. What Is It?
- 4.1.3. What Is Environmental Law?
- 4.1.4. Characteristics of Environmental Law
- 4.1.5. Legal Nature
- 4.1.6. Background
- 4.1.7. History
- 4.1.8. Objective of Environmental Law 4.1.8.1. Sources
- 4.1.9. Principles
- 4.1.10. Purposes

4.2. Environmental Rights

- 4.2.1. What Do We Understand as Environment?
- 4.2.2. What Are Our Environmental Rights?
- 4.2.2.1. What are they?
 4.2.3. Right to Enjoy a Healthy Environment
- 4.2.4. Right of Access to Information
- 4.2.5. Right to Participation in Environmental Management
- 4.2.6. Right of Access to Environmental Justice
- 4.2.7. General Principles of Environmental Law
- 4.2.8. International Conferences and Agreements
 - 4.2.8.1. Stockholm 1972
 - 4.2.8.2. Rio de Janeiro 1992
- 4.2.9. Rules Protecting Environmental Rights
- 4.2.10. Conclusions

4.3. Environmental Law Duties

- 4.3.1. Introduction
- 4.3.2. What Are Environmental Duties? 4.3.2.1. Definition and concept

	4.3.3.	What A	re the	Environm	ental	Rights
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- 4.3.4. Duty to Conserve the Environment
- 4.3.5. Duty to Comply with Environmental Regulations
- 4.3.6. Duty of Citizen Watch
- 4.3.7. Duty to Inform
- 4.3.8. Duty for Environmental Damage
- 4.3.9. Conclusions

4.4. Citizen Participation in Environmental Protection

- 4.4.1. Introduction
- 4.4.2. Participatory Environmental Monitoring
 - 4.4.2.1. Introduction
 - 4.4.2.2. Monitoring Concept
 - 4.4.2.3. What Is Participatory Environmental Monitoring?
 - 4.4.2.4. What Is It For?
 - 4.4.2.5. Who Can Participate
 - 4.4.2.6. Participatory Environmental Monitoring Plan
 - 4.4.2.7. Area of Influence of a Project or Activity
 - 4.4.2.8. Stages of Participatory Environmental Monitoring
 - 4.4.2.9. Phases

4.5. United Nations Environment Programme UNEP

- 4.5.1. Introduction
- 4.5.2. Definition and concept
- 4.5.3. UNEP Goals
 - 4.5.3.1. General Objective
- 4.5.4. History & evolution
 - 4.5.4.1. Where and When was UNEP Born?
- 4.5.5. UNEP Mission
- 4.5.6. Activities
- 4.5.7. UNEP Location
 - 4.5.7.1. At National and International Level
- 4.5.8. Fourth Montevideo Program of Development and Periodic Review of Environmental Law
 - 4.5.8.1. Concept, Goals and Purpose
- 4.5.9. Conclusions

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4.6.	Global Environment and Climate Change				
	4.6.1.	Introduction			
	4.6.2.	Global Environment			
		4.6.2.1. Concept			
	4.6.3.	Climate Change			
		4.6.3.1. Concept			
	4.6.4.	Evolution of Climate Change Theory			
	4.6.5.	Global Environmental Change			
		4.6.5.1. Past and Present			
	4.6.6.	Characteristics of Global Environmental Change			
		4.6.6.1. Sea Level Changes			
	4.6.7.	Consequences of Global Environmental Change			
	4.6.8.	Dangers, Risks and Future Vulnerability			
	4.6.9.	Climate Change and Its Impact on Agriculture			
	4.6.10.	Survival Strategies and Dilemmas			
		4.6.10.1. Migration			
4.7.	Environ	nvironmental Rights in the World			
	4.7.1.	Introduction			
	4.7.2.	Countries Fighting for Environmental Rights			
	4.7.3.	Ecuador			
	4.7.4.	Mexico			
	4.7.5.	Peru			
	4.7.6.	Sustainable Development			
		4.7.6.1. Concept			
	4.7.7.	History & evolution			
	4.7.8.	Sustainable Development Optics (SD)			
	4.7.9.	General Law on Sustainable Forestry Development			
		4.7.9.1. Description			
		4.7.9.2. Objective			







You will only need a Tablet or PC to enjoy an extensive catalog of multimedia resources with interactive diagrams, videos, self-assessment exercises and much more"





tech 32 | Methodology

Case Study to contextualize all content

Our program offers a revolutionary approach to developing skills and knowledge. Our goal is to strengthen skills in a changing, competitive, and highly demanding environment.



At TECH, you will experience a learning methodology that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world"



You will have access to a learning system based on repetition, with natural and progressive teaching throughout the entire syllabus.



The student will learn to solve complex situations in real business environments through collaborative activities and real cases.

A learning method that is different and innovative

This TECH program is an intensive educational program, created from scratch, which presents the most demanding challenges and decisions in this field, both nationally and internationally. This methodology promotes personal and professional growth, representing a significant step towards success. The case method, a technique that lays the foundation for this content, ensures that the most current economic, social and professional reality is taken into account.



Our program prepares you to face new challenges in uncertain environments and achieve success in your career"

The case method has been the most widely used learning system among the world's leading Humanities schools for as long as they have existed. The case method was developed in 1912 so that law students would not only learn the law based on theoretical content. It consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make informed decisions and value judgments on how to resolve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method.

What should a professional do in a given situation? This is the question we face in the case method, an action-oriented learning method. Throughout the program, the studies will be presented with multiple real cases. They will have to combine all their knowledge and research, and argue and defend their ideas and decisions.

tech 34 | Methodology

Relearning Methodology

TECH effectively combines the Case Study methodology with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, which combines 8 different teaching elements in each lesson.

We enhance the Case Study with the best 100% online teaching method: Relearning.

In 2019, we obtained the best learning results of all online universities in the world.

At TECH you will learn using a cutting-edge methodology designed to train the executives of the future. This method, at the forefront of international teaching, is called Relearning.

Our university is the only one in the world authorized to employ this successful method. In 2019, we managed to improve our students' overall satisfaction levels (teaching quality, quality of materials, course structure, objectives...) based on the best online university indicators.



Methodology | 35 tech

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically. With this methodology we have trained more than 650,000 university graduates with unprecedented success in fields as diverse as biochemistry, genetics, surgery, international law, management skills, sports science, philosophy, law, engineering, journalism, history, markets, and financial instruments. All this in a highly demanding environment, where the students have a strong socio-economic profile and an average age of 43.5 years.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your training, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation for success.

From the latest scientific evidence in the field of neuroscience, not only do we know how to organize information, ideas, images and memories, but we know that the place and context where we have learned something is fundamental for us to be able to remember it and store it in the hippocampus, to retain it in our long-term memory.

In this way, and in what is called neurocognitive context-dependent e-learning, the different elements in our program are connected to the context where the individual carries out their professional activity.

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Classes

There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful.

Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.



Practising Skills and Abilities

They will carry out activities to develop specific skills and abilities in each subject area. Exercises and activities to acquire and develop the skills and abilities that a specialist needs to develop in the context of the globalization that we are experiencing.



Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.



20%

Case Studies

Students will complete a selection of the best case studies chosen specifically for this program. Cases that are presented, analyzed, and supervised by the best specialists in the world.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.



This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".



Testing & Retesting

We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.



3%

4%





tech 40 | Certificate

This **Postgraduate Diploma in Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law** contains the most complete and up-to-date program on the market.

After the student has passed the assessments, they will receive their corresponding **Postgraduate Diploma** issued by **TECH Technological University** via tracked delivery*.

The certificate issued by **TECH Technological University** will reflect the qualification obtained in the Postgraduate Diploma, and meets the requirements commonly demanded by labor exchanges, competitive examinations, and professional career evaluation committees.

Title: Postgraduate Diploma in Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law Official N° of Hours: 600 h.



^{*}Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper certificate issued with an apostille, TECH EDUCATION will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.

technological university Postgraduate Diploma

Human Rights, Equality and Environmental Law

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 6 months
- » Certificate: TECH Technological University
- » Dedication: 16h/week
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

